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VOL. XXXVIII NO. 103 BOMBAY: WEDNESDAY, MAY 3, 1950 PRICE 2 ANNAS

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HAINAN FALLS TO THE REDS

Whole Isle Occupied, Admit Nationalists

TAIPEH, May 2

NATIONALIST China today officially announced that Hainan Island, last major air and sea blockade base outside Formosa itself, was completely in Communist hands.

A Nationalist spokesman, Chen Chang-huan, said in a three and half page statement that Nationalist claims of victory on Hainon on April 22 were followed immediately by a surge of Communist reinforcements that turn the tide.

He said the Communists lost 7,191 men killed and wounded and 1,169 prisoners, and that more than 800 invasion vessels were sunk.

Convoy Attacked

SAIGON, May 2 (PTI-Reuter): One person was killed, six wounded and six lorries set on fire when a convoy from Saigon to Bannemthuut was attacked today by Viet Minh forces, a French military communique announced here tonight. The attackers were dispersed with heavy loss, the communisque said.

Nimitz Goes Home

LAKE SUCCESS, May 2 (PTI-Reuter): Admiral Chester W. Nimitz United Nations Plebiscite Administratir for Jammu and Kashmir will leave Lake Success on Saturday, May 6, for his home in San Francisco, where he will remain "until such time as his services are required as Plebiscite Administrator in the subcontinent", the United Nations announced today.

Yesterday, Admiral Nimitz had talks with Sir Owen Dixon, U. N. representative in Kashmir, at Lake Success.

It is only after Sir Owen has completed his task of demilitarisation—the target date for which is August 14—that Admiral Nimitz is to be called upon to start his wory.

Britain Not Banning Reds

LONDON, May 2 (PTI-Reuter): The British Government announced today that it did not intend to introduce a bill to outlaw the Communist Party.

Sir Waldron Smithers, Conservative, had asked if, "in view of the increased Communist infiltration in Britain, as shown by the strike in the London docks", the Government would not introduce a bill similar to the one introduced in the Australian Parliament.

In a written reply, Mr. Geoffrey de Freitas, Under-Secretary, Home Office, said, "No".

MINISTER FOR MINORITIES

Mr. C. C. Biswas Selected

NEW DELHI, May 2 (UPI)—United Press is now in a position to confirm that Mr. C.C. Biswas, ex-Judge of the Calcutta High Court and now Vice-Chancellor of the Calcutta University, is going to be appointed the Central Minister on behalf of the Government of India for looking after the interests of the minorities, as provided for in the Nehru-Liaquat Agreement.

Mr. Biswas, who arrived in Delhi by air this afternoon, had an interview lasting about an hour this evening with the Prime Minister, Pandit Nehru at the latter's residence. It is understood, after this interview it was decided that an official announcement appointing Mr. Biswas as a Central Minister would be made by this week-end. Accordingly Mr. Biswas will have to return to Delhi early next week for taking the oath of office.

It is further understood that Mr. Biswas will carry on his functions with Calcutta as his headquarters, his office being located most probably in the Bevedere in South Calcutta. This appointment will, it is gathered, be a temporary one, being in the first instance for six months.

Mr. Biswas will call on the President Dr. Rajendra Prasad tomorrow and also meet Deputy Prime Minister Sardar Patel, and Mr. G.S. Bajpai, Secretary-General, External Affairs Ministry, Government of India, in order to have a clear idea of the nature and scope of his new office.

As at present arranged, Mr. Biswas will leave for Calcutta on Thursday.

New Indo-German Trade Talks

FRANKFURT, May 2 (PTI-Reuter): Talks were opened here today for a trade agreement between West Germany and India to replace the one expiring on June 30 this year.

The Indian delegation is headed by Major Khub Chand, Indian diplomatic representative in Germany. He is assisted by two members of the Indian Trade Mission in West Germany.

The new agreement is expected to provide for an exchange of goods at a value of between 35 and 40 million dollars each way.

The current agreement covers the exchange of 12,579,000 dollars each way.

The head of the German delegation, Hilger van Scherpenberg, today said he expected the talks to be smooth, since the exchange of goods in the past year had been very satisfactory.

22 Refugees Given 2 Years Each

JULLUNDUR, May 2 (UPI): Twenty-two refugee tenant satyagrahis, who had defied the ban on processions and demonstrations in Hoshiarpur on April 25, 27, 29 and May 1 were sentenced today to two years' rigorous imprisonment each by Shri G. R. Vij Additional District Magistrate, Hoshiarpur.

These satyagrahis launched satyagraha demanding stoppage of ejectment of refugee tenants.

Nizam Gives To Kasturba Memorial Fund

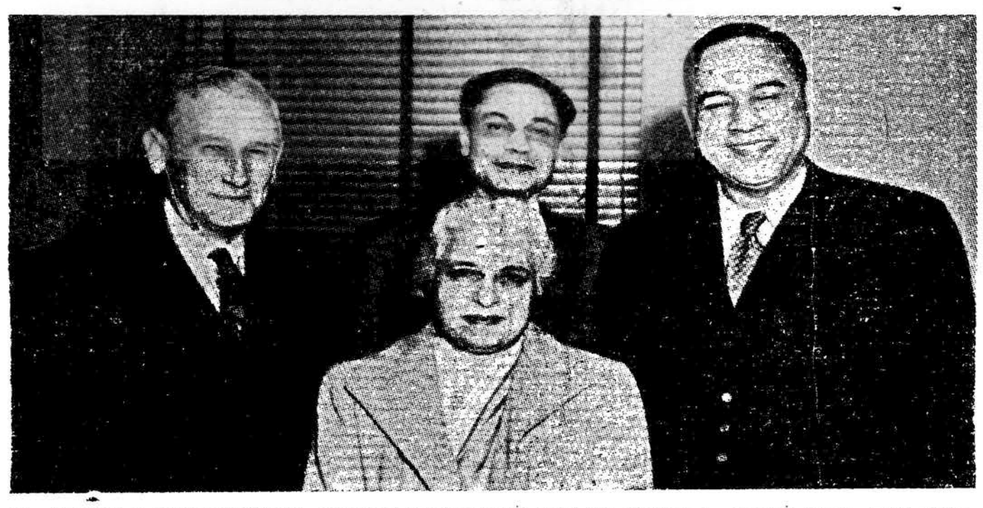
HYDERABAD, May 2 (PTI): The Nizam, Rajpramukh of Hyderabad, has donated Rs. 20,000 to the Kasturba Gandhi National Memorial Trust, it is learnt.

One More Dies Of Heat Stroke

KANPUR, May 2 (PTI): A twenty years old man of village Akbarpur in Kanpur district died of heat-stroke on Sunday.

This is the second case of heat-stroke in the province—the first being in Allahabad

WORLD BANK LOAN TO INDIA



Her Excellency Shrimati Vijaya Lakshmi photographed with Mr. Robert L. Garner (left), Vice-President of the International Bank for Reconstruction and Development. Mr. B. K. Nehru, Executive Director for India of the International Bank and Mr. S. N. Mozumdar, Chairman, Damodar Valley Corporation, after the signing of loan given by the Bank to India in connection with the Thermal plant at Bokaro-konar which is an important part of the DamodarValley Project.

RICH BRITONS EAT AGAIN!

Luxury Meals A-Plenty

LONDON, May 2 (PTI-Reuter): West End hotels and restaurants celebrated the removal of the regulation imposing a five-shilling limit on meals by introducing luxury items for eight years.

The limit of five shillings per head per meal and of three courses only was introduced in 1942 as a wartime measure and the abandonment of the restrictions was announced by Food Minister Webb yesterday.

Some hotels by lunch time today offered a choice of 120 dishes, but it will be some days before they really get going, according to the chefs.

For the ordinary Briton, unable to afford West End luxury prices, the lifting of the ban made no difference. In their restaurants and cafeterias, sausages and rissoles still formed the staple fare.

THE EXODUS

CALCUTTA, May 2 (PTI): During the 24 hours ended at 6 p.m. on May 2, 13,452 Hindus arrived in West Bengal by rail from Eastern Pakistan and 4,335 Muslims left for East Bengal, states a West Bengal Government press note issued today.

MORE TOMMIES TO BE SENT TO MALAYA

Many New Clashes Reported

SINGAPORE, May 2, (PTI-Reuter).

BRITAIN today announced reinforcement of her "anti-terrorist" force in Malaya by at least 3,000 men—the Third Royal Marine Commando Brigade and the 13-18th Hussars armoured troops now serving in the Middle East.

These fresh troops follow the 26th Gurkha Infantry from Hong-Kong and two Royal Air Force squadrons as combat reinforcements in the guerilla-infested jungles.

The Gurkhas and two companies of Cameronians—900 men altogether—arrived here nine days ago.

The air reinforcements included number 84 Squadron, the Brigands of Middle East fame.

The Hussars who are to join them are Queen Mary's Own.

CLASHES

Meanwhile, news of fresh clashes between British security forces and guerillas reached Singapore today.

In the Muar area of Johore State, a European police sergeant and special constables were ambushed while travelling in police vehicles. There was much shooting, but the police escaped uninjured.

In the Raub area of Pahang State, 15 guerillas armed with Bren and Sten guns attacked a road patrol of Malay troops, wounding one of the soldiers.

In Singapore colony itself, there are still about 10,000 Communist sympathisers, one in every 100 people, according to the colony's annual report, although many Malayan Communists fled to Malaya when their party was banned here.

THROUGH GOODS TO PAKISTAN

Resumption At Once

NEW DELHI, May 2, (PTI): The Government of India have decided to resume provisionally with immediate effect through goods and parcels traffic only from India to stations in Pakistan and vice versa on paid-to-pay system of booking, subject to settlement of outstanding issues at the Inter-Dominion Conference proposed to be held at New Delhi shortly, it is learnt.

Traffic for which prepayment is compulsory is also to be resumed being booked as paid, but to be limited for the present only to vegetables, fruits, fish, poultry, eggs milk and milk products and betel leaves.

FOR RELIEF: A sum of Rs. 25,000 has been collected during this week, by the Nagpur branch of Bastuhara Sahitiya Samiti and sent to Calcutta for the relief of displaced persons from East Bengal. So far a sum of Rs. 60,000 has been dispatched from here.

SURCHARGE ON CARGO TO BOMBAY ABOLISHED

U.S. And U.K. Lines Decision

NEW DELHI, May 2, (UPI).

THE American Shipping Conference Lines have informed the Government of India that they are eliminating with immediate effect the 25 per cent surcharge on freight hitherto imposed on cargo consigned upto the BombayPort, it is officially stated today.

The American Conference Lines decision follows the recent visit of the Transport Ministry's Secretary, Shri Y. N. Sukhthankar, to New York where he had discussions with the appropriate authorities. Mr. Sukhthankar also visited London where he had similar talks with the Chairman U. K. Lines. As a result of these talks, it is learnt the U.K. Lines are also expected to eliminate shortly the 25 per cent Lines suspended the surcharge for another three months while the U.K. Lines suspended the same indefinitely. ed to Bombay.

The surcharge was imposed by the American Lines in October 1948 and by the U.K. Lines in July 1949 on account of the great congestion then prevailing in the Bombay docks. Vigorous action taken since then by the Port Authorities and the Ministry of Transport led to an easing of the situation and the surcharge was suspended by both the American and the U.K. Lines in the beginuning of December 1949. Subsequently, the American Lines suspended the same indefinitefy.

The present decision taken by the American Lines to cancel the surcharge altogether confirms the return of normal conditions at the Bombay docks.

REFERENDUM MUST BE FREE

Karaikal Leader's Demand

KARAIKAL, May 2 (UPI)—"If a referendum is to be held in the South French settlements, its should be a free and fair one. If the French Government are not going to agree with the Government of India in regard to the modalities that would ensure a free and fair referendum, then it would be better not to hold a referendum at all. As a result of the talks I have had with the authorities of the External Affairs Ministry recently at Delhi, I am convinced that the Government of India would not in the leat yield to the menoeuvres of the French Government to get an easy walk-over in the referendum", said Mr. M. Nagarajan, Secretary of the Karaikal Merger Congress, who has just returned from Delhi where he had been on a political mission, in an interview with the United Press of India.

TROUBLE OF GHOST HUNTERS

LONDON, May 2 (PTI-Reuter).

THE war office is having trouble with ghost hunters.

They have heard that heavy furniture is being moved about Woolwich arsenal without human help, and they are clamouring to get in among the shells with their thermometers and paint sprays.

But the war office wants to keep its skeletons in the cupboard. "It is ridiculous", a spokesman said. "We can't have people chasing ghosts all over the arsenal".

FOUR INJURED IN ARMED DACOITY

Two Of Them Die Later

NARAYANGANJ (East Pakistan), May 2 (PTI-Reuter): Four persons were injured when some men armed with deadly weapons committed dacoity in two houses of the staff quarters of Dakeshwari Cotton Mills here last night and assaulted the inmates, it is learnt.

Two of the inmates are reported to have succumbed to their injuries later.

Following a severe storm and rain earlier in the night, the roads were deserted and the doors of most houses were closed early. The dacoits, it is stated, first knocked at the doors of the house, and when opened, assaulted the inmates.

The dacoits broke open boxes and carried away cash and jewellery before an alarm could be raised.

It is stated that the dacoits also knocked at the doors of some other houses of Hindu and Muslim employees of the mills, whose inmates, however, did not open the doors.

Headed by high officials from Dacca, the police rushed to the scene for investigation.

Nineteen persons are reported to have been arrested in this connection and a test identification was held this morning.

Police pickets were posted immediately to patrol the area, which also helped to allay panic caused in the locality immediately after the dacoity.

Pak Press Delegation Arrives In Delhi

NEW DELHI, May 2 (PTI): The Pakistan press delegation from Karachi Lahore and Peshawar arrived in Delhi tonight by train.

The delegation which is headed by Pir Ali Muhammad Rashidi, President of the P.N.E.C. included twenty-two members of the Standing Committee of the P.N.E.C. and leading journalists from Pakistan. Six more members of the delegation are expected to arrive in Delhi by air tomorrow.

The Party was received at the Delhi Railway Station by Mr. C. R. Srinivasan, President of the All-India Newspaper Editors Conference and others.

Dalmia's Platitudes

NEW DELHI, May 2, (UPI): In an appeal to the members of the mercantile community to make "charity without any motive" to the relief organisations which are rendering help to refugees, Seth Ramkrishna Dalmia observes in the course of a press statement that at this grave hour of crisis the emergent and serious nature of which "we have not yet realised, if we do not give help either through any of the many relief organisations directly or indirectly to the starving humanity", the future is doomed.

A Near Paradise For Bombay's 4 Million

MAYOR PATIL WEAVES PRETTY DREAM OF THINGS TO BE

BOMBAY, Tuesday

AN outline of Greater Bombay as it would be in the course of the next ten years was given by Shri S. K. Patil, Mayor of Bombay, speaking at the Rotary Club meeting at Green's this afternoon.

Clearing some misconceptions about the subject of the talk, he said he would not be speaking on "Businessmen and Greater Bombay" as previously announced, but just on "Greater Bombay."

He reminded the audience that the agitation for Greater Bombay was a quarter of a century old, but it was only with the advent of the Congress Government that it gathered strength and momentum. The actual realisation, however, came only recently on April 15,1950.

FIGURES

He gave some pertiment figures as regards the increase in area and population of the new limits of the city.

Whereas formerly (before 15th April, 1950) there was an area of 26 square miles, with the inauguration of the scheme some 66 square miles would be added making a total area of 92 square miles for Greater Bombay, while in population, there would be an addition of nearly one milloin bringing the total population figure at four million.

Three big municipalities of Bandra, Andheri and Ghatkopar and some 42 villages belonging to the Bombay Suburban and Thana districts would be merged under the Master Plan.

Legislation on the lines of Poona and Ahmedabad Municipality Act will be enacted in the next session of the Legislature for this purpose.

The idea was to have a residential area with five lakhs of population with a density of 50 persons per acre. If it was found necessary, the limits of Greater Bombay would be extended even beyond Jogeshwari on the B. B. side and Mulund on the G.I.P. side.

It was decided to reserve 4 1/2 sq. miles for industrial area which would provide employment to 150,000 people.

Turning to the problem of amenities, Mayor Patil said that they did not have a very ambitious plan.

First and foremost were the repairs and improvement of road surface in the city the especially the suburbs. The question of extending the width of roads was almost next to impossible as rights had been acquired and houses built. He gave the example of Khar where the roads were very narrow for the growing road traffic there.

LIGHTING

Lighting was another problem. The most sorry example of it was lighting on some parts of the roads leading to the airport at Santa Cruz. The first impression on foreigners coming to India was of dismal light; slums and squalor. He humorously remarked that better lighting would only show up the surrounding squalor.

Sewage schemes would be undertaken at Bandra, Kurla, Vile Parle and Andheri. That was a problem which required top priority.

Water supply was another problem. If the requisite quantity of steel from Tatas as well as from abroad, was forthcoming they hoped to complete the schemes for increased water supply in three years.

Three new bridges at Duncan Causeway, Mahim Creek and in Andheri would be built to reduce traffic congestion.

Open spaces for recreation would also be provided with four acres per one thousand people.

Two express highways of ultimate width of 250 feet, which will be the widest in the world, will be built, running parallel to the Ghod Bunder Road and Bombay Agra Road.

Transport would be improved with the addition of 50-75 buses more in the suburbs.

Other improvements were sites for stadiums, extension to aerodromes, more educational institutions, hospitals and dispensaries.

They intended to remove the slaughter house to Thana at the cost of Rs. one crore.

The whole plan was to be based on the principle of self-contained neighbourhood units on the lines of London areas.

Another important change would be the creation of five new wards which will be named H, K, L, M, N.

Important from the businessman's point of view was that there were not going to be any new taxes for at least one year though they might be increased with increase in amenities.

Government aid would play a considerable part in the creation of Greater Bombay. A fixed grant of Rs. 5 1/2 lacs for primary education; 50 percent of expenditure on dearness allowance of the new staff; 75 percent of non-agricultural assessment and 15 percent of land revenue other than non-agricultural assessment, a grant for hospitals and dispensaries on an average of three years and one third of expenditure on improvement—all amounting to Rs. 90 lakhs in 10 years would be given by the Government as their contribution towards implementing the scheme.

He assured the suburbanites that no individual features which contributed to the good of the area would be abolished with the introduction of the Greater Bombay Scheme.

Rotarian Colonel Kothavala Vice-President-Elect presided.

Cotton Control To Stay

EXTENSION FOR ONE YEAR

NEW DELHI, May 2, (PTI): Control over cotton will be maintained during the next year (September 1950 to August 1951), according to a press note issued by the Ministry of Industry and Supply today. The ceiling prices for different varieties of cotton of that year's crop will be fixed later, but will be announced before permission is given to commence trading in that crop. In the meantime ceiling prices for this year's crop will remain unaltered.

Cloth and yarn prices will continue to be based on controlled prices for gin cotton.

Giving reasons for Government's decisions regarding the future of cotton control and the increase of cotton production the press note says: "In order to stimulate the production of cotton in the country, it has been decided that the State Governments should remove all existing legislative and executive restrictions on the growing of cotton and extend to cotton lands all possible irrigation facilities.

Remission of land revenue will be allowed for additional areas brought under cotton cultivation. Other measures such as supply of seeds and fertilisers, encouragement of intercropping, etc., are already being taken. If, as a result of the diversion of land from foodgrains to cotton, The supply of foodgrains in any State is reduced, the State will receive from the Central Government additional supplies of foodgrains to the extent of such deficiency".

Liaquat Off To Dollarland

LONDON, May 2 (PTI-Reuter): Mr. Liaquat Ali Khan left London for Washington today in President Truman's four-engined airliner, "Independence".

He was accompanied by Begum Liaquat Ali Khan, and a staff of six officials.

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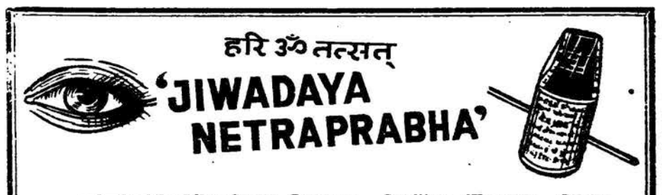

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SCHOLARSHIPS

Six research scholarships some senior Rs. 250/- p.m. and some junior Rs. 125/- p. m. tenable for one year and likely to be extended in deserving cases will be awarded by the Indian Statistical Institute to candidates possessing a good degree in Statistics, Mathematics, Economics and any social science. Candidates will be required to do research work in theoretical and applied statistics in the Institute either in Calcutta or outside Calcutta. Applications stating qualifications, research experience, present position, age etc. should be sent to the Honorary Secretary. Indian Statistical Institute. Presidency College. Calcutta. 12 not later than 50 May. 1950 . (7693)

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MISCELLANEOUS ADLETS

American Rubber Bath Sprays to fit to house taps, a boon in hot season. Balsara & Co., Ltd. Medows Street, Fort Bombay. 1791

PUBLIC NOTICES

G.I.P. RAILWAY-TENDERS

THE CONTROLLER OF STORES invites tenders for two lots of reconditioning of scrap white metal No. 6. Forms obtainable from Stores Head Office, Gipstore Lane, Lower Parel, Bombay 13, at Rs. 2/- per copy, not refundable. Money order or cash only; Closing date 22nd May 1950 at 3 P.M. (S.T.) 7695

PARSI GENERAL AND MATERNITY HOSPITALS, SURAT

APPLICATIONS are invited from qualified Surgeons with experience of Hospital administration for the post of the CHIEF MEDICAL OFFICER AND SUPERINTENDENT for the above Hospitals.

Terms of employment:

1. Scale of pay: Rs. 750-50-1000 with dearness allowance of 15 p.c. on basic pay.
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3. Private practice allowed.

Applications to be sent to the Superintendent of the Hospitals stating qualifications and experience in detail. 7685

B. B. & C. I. RAILWAY
TENDERS

THE CHIEF TRAFFIC MANAGER, B. B. & C. I. Railway, Bombay invites tenders from Contractors whose place of business is in the State of Bombay upto 16 hours on 10th May 1950 for the contract for receiving and despatching B. B. & C. I. Rly. Coal routed by rail-cum sea route at Bombay Port Trust Docks. Tenders will be opened in the presence of such tenderers or their authorised agents as may choose to attend. Full details can be obtained from his office. (7572)

PUBLIC NOTICES

NORTH BRITISH & MERCANTILE
INSURANCE COMPANY, LIMITED
(Incorporated in Great Britain)

LIFE BONUS

The Directors will recommend at the Annual General Meeting to be held this month that in the case of participating policies a Bonus be declared in respect of the five years ending on 31st December, 1949 at the rate of Rs. 13/- per Rs 1,000/- (£ 1·6— per cent) per annum calculated on the sum assured and existing bonuses. They will further recommend that an interim bonus at the same rate be paid in respect of claims under participating policies during the ensuing valuation period.

Individual Bonus Notices will be sent out as soon as possible after the Annual Meeting.

VICTORIA JUBILEE TECHNICAL INSTITUTE

APPLICATIONS are invited for the following posts:— (1) Assistant Professor in Mechanical Engineering, (2) Asst. Professor in Electrical Engineering, (3) Workshop Superintendent for Mechanical Engineering Workshop, (4) Superintendent for Drawing Office, Mechanical Department, (5) Lecturer in Civil Engineering, (6) Two Asst. Lecturers in Mech Engineering. SALARY SCALES:— For posts against Nos. (1) and (2) Rs. 500- 30- 800. (3) and (4) Rs. 200- 15- 350-E.B.- 25- 500, (5) Rs. 300- 25- 500- 30- 560 and (6) Rs. 130-10-200.

MINIMUM QUALIFICATIONS: (1) and (2) Assistant Professor: A Second Class Bachelor's degree or a Master's degree in the subject concerned and at least five years experience in a position of responsibility, three of which should have been spent on works and two in a Designing office or in research work or five years as a teacher in an Engineering College. For the post of Assistant Professor in Electrical Engineering, preference will be given to candidates having a Corporate Membership of the Institution of Electrical Engineers (England). (3) A good degree or an Honours diploma in Mechanical Engineering, apprenticeship in a recognised Engineering Workshop for at least 3 years followed by experience in a responsible position in an Engineering Workshop (4) A degree or an Honours diploma in Mech. Engineering from a recognised Technical Institute; followed by apprenticeship in the Drawing and Design office of a recognised Engineering Workshop; must be able to prepare plans and layout of Machines and Mechanical Engineering Plants. (5) A second class Bachelor's degree or a Master's degree (by papers) in Civil Engineering of a recognised university and 5 years teaching or professional experience relating to design or execution of irrigation works. Experience of survey and preparation of Civil Engineering projects will be an additional qualification. (6) A degree or diploma in Mech. Engineering followed by at least one year's practical training in an Engineering Workshop/Laboratory.

GENERAL: Dearness allowance and benefit of Provident Fund allowed as admissible under the rules. Higher starting salary may be offered to candidates possessing higher qualifications and suitable professional experience. Applications should be made in the prescribed form obtainable from the Principal and Secretary, Victoria Jubilee Technical Institute, Matunga, Bombay 19, and should reach him not later than Tuesday, the 25th May 1950.

P. N. JOSHI
Principal and Secretary
26th April, 1950. 7684

G. I. P. RLY. — NOTICE

WITH EFFECT from May 4, 1950, the fee (deposit) for advance reservation of Air-conditioned accommodation (provisionally arranged upto 3 months in advance of the date of intended journey) will be Rs. 5/- (instead of Rs. 10/- as heretofore) per berth.

No refund will be made when reservation is cancelled prior to the purchase of journey ticket (which has to be done at least 10 days in advance of the date of journey). If reservation is cancelled after the purchase of the journey ticket, refund will be allowed after deduction of 10% fares. (7719)

NOTICE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the PARTNERSHIP subsisting between our client Mr. Alexander Shenoy and Mr. Aloysius Patrick Shenoy in the name and style of "THE BERAR LIME MARKETING COMPANY" for carrying on business as Sole Selling Agents of the products of Messrs. Leban Leyland Limited has been dissolved as from 31st March, 1950.

Dated this 1st May 1950.

KHUNDERAO LAUD & CO.
Attorneys for Mr. Alexander Shenoy. (7717)

AUCTION SALES

AUCTION SALE of 45 New and Secondhand Typewriters, such as Remington, Underwood, Royal Corona, L. C. Smith, Olympia, Olivitti and other Makers and Duplicators, Chequewriter. ON SATURDAY, 6th Instant at 2-30 P. M. at Our Rooms at 72, Medows St. Fort, Bombay, under instructions from the party concerned. Typewriters on view from 4th Inst. Terms: 25 p. c. cash deposit.

GANDHI & CO.

LEGAL NOTICES

NOTICE

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that MANUEL FRANCISCO De ALBURQUERQUE, ZEFERIMA De ALBURQUERQUE and ANTONIO ISIDORO De SA And VINCENTE De ALBUQUERQUE and TEDDY De ALBUQUERQUE and PRUDENCE MASCARENHAS have contracted to sell the undermentioned property to our client.

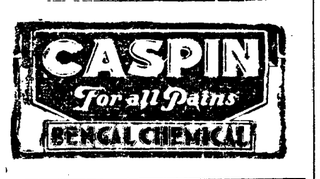
All persons having any claim against or to the said property by way of inheritance, mortgage, sale, gift, lease, charge, trust, maintenance, easement or otherwise, howsoever, are hereby required to make the same known in writing to the undersigned at their Office at Stock Exchange Building, Apollo Street, Fort, Bombay, within 14 days from the date hereof, otherwise the sale will be completed without reference to such claim and the same, if any, will be considered as waived.

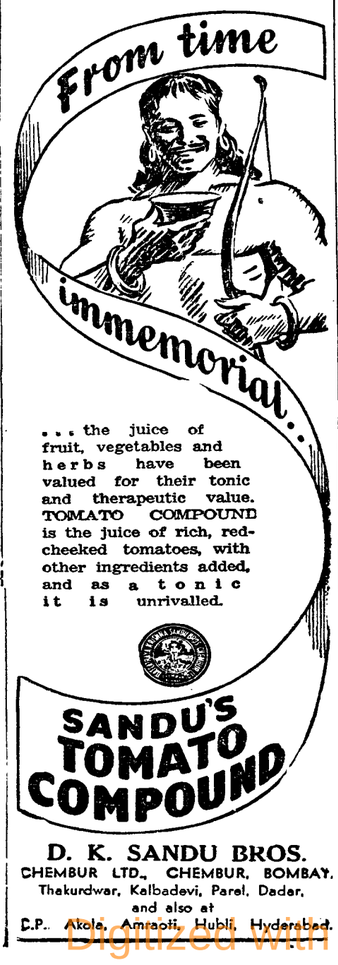
DESCRIPTION OF THE PROPERTY

ALL THAT piece or parcel of Pension and Tax Land, situate lying and being at Lower Colaba in the Town and Island of Bombay and in the Registration Sub-District of Bombay, containing by admeasurement 228 Square Yards or thereabouts bearing Collector's Old No. 415, New No. 2304, Survey No. part of 9570 and Cadastral Survey No. 365 of Colaba Division together with the messuages tenements and dwelling house standing thereon assessed by the Municipality of Bombay under A Ward No. 363, Street Nos. 4, 45, 47, 49 and 49A and bounded as follows: that is to say, on or towards the North by the property of D. B. Pereira, on or towards the East by Shroff Street, on or towards the West by Colaba Road and on or towards the South by the property formerly belonging to Burjorji Muncherji Oonwalla but now belonging to Vithal Devji Mangutkar upon which said piece or parcel of land there stands a dwelling house which is the property of the Vendors.

Dated this 2nd day of May, 1950

UNVALA & CO.
Purchaser's Attorneys (7716)

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C.P., Akola, Amraoti, Hubli, Hyderabad.

RENT REDUCTION IN MADRAS ESTATES

Government And Andhra P.C.C. Tussle Over Reds

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT)
MADRAS, (By Air Mail).

AN important stage in the process of zamindaries in Madras state has been reached with the completion last week of rent reduction work in all the zamindari estates in the state, except in two zones. Under the Estates Abilition Act, reduction of rents hitherto paid by tenants to the zamindars, is an essential preliminary to the taking over of the estates, as under the Act compensation payable to zamindars had been linked to the reduced rent rolls of the different estates, after they had been ordered to correspond to the average rates of rents in the neighbouring government or ryotwari areas.

Mr. S. K. Chettur, who has been working as special officer for rent reduction work, reviewing the work carried on by him, stated in a press interview that the total existing rent roll of Rs. 3 crores and 6½ lakhs for the various estates in Madras, had been brought down on account of the efforts of the rent reduction staff to rupees one crore and 62 lakhs, which means that the over-all relief to the tenants is more than 40 per cent. The relief thus given does not include the additional relief afforded by way of reduced water rates or abolition of existing crop-war rates. If these are also taken into account, the total relief would be increased by another Rs. 50 lakhs more. He pointed out further that examining the reductions affected in case of ten of the biggest estates, it would be found that the reduction amounted to about 43 per cent of their existing rent roll. The incidence of relief in smaller estates was, however, correspondingly less. According to Mr. Chettur, rent reduction work carried on by him under the Rent Reduction Act was a highly complicated business and is tantamount to a highly finished settlement operation in itself. He was satisfied that the reduced rates of rent would in most cases be a fair guide to the settlement parties that would hereafter finally settle the areas and classify them for fixing the rents on a permanent basis.

It may be stated here that the original estimate was that rent reduction work, which was considered a difficult process, would not be completed before five or six years, and on that basis it was expected that the final determination of the amount of compensations payable to zamindars would not be possible before seven years or so. But actually the whole work was completed within a period of two years and a half.

GOVERNMENT AND A.P.C.C.

The problem of tackling the Communist trouble in the Andhra districts has brought into existence a somewhat acute controversy between the Madras Government and the Andhra Provincial Congress Committee. The latter has been consistently advocating of late, Central Government control over the police operations in the Communist infested areas in Andhra, as the State Government had shown themselves incompetent to deal with it alone. Madras Ministerial circles have made no secret of their view that this proposal of the Andhra P.C.C. amounts to a grave reflection on them and on the Madras Government and that it is actuated by political motives. Their reaction to the resolution is, therefore, one of resentment. In any case how they feel about it is clearly reflected in the Chief Minister's reply to questions on the subject. Mr. Kumaraswami Raja, in an interview to the press, asserted that the resolution would not be given any consideration by the Madras Government. He went to the length of saying that he did did not care even to read it. His reasons for ignoring the A.P.C.C.'s suggestion was two-fold: firstly, it was not correct to say that the Madras Government were not competent to deal with the trouble alone, because they were doing everything possible to deal with the situation and are achieving success in their efforts. Secondly, the Andhra P.C.C. could not expect the Madras Government to accept or consider its suggestions, when it had itself not implemented the directives of the Congress Working Committee and asked Mr. Prakasam to withdraw his resolution on Madras ministerial affairs asking for a committee of enquiry into his charges against some Ministers.

This open declaration by the Chief Minister of his disregard of the views and suggestions of a Provincial Congress body is being widely regarded as unfair and not in good taste. It has been criticised as an unnecessary exhibition of disagreement, which should have been avoided. Behind the resolution of the Andhra P.C.C., as also behind the Chief Minister's statement, there undoubtedly lie deep-seated differences, personal and political, as between the P.C.C. and the Madras Ministry. But observers are asking whether the Communist trouble and other important public questions can be tackled effectively or public co-operation secured for them when there is no love lost between the Congress organisations and the Congress Ministers.

CO-ORDINATED ACTION

So far as the Communist trouble itself is concerned, the Madras Government, it is now announced, have decided to appoint a senior police officer of the rank of Deputy Inspector-General of Police to be in command of the entire police force operating in the Communist trouble-spots. He will be in over-all command of the operations against the Communists in the area and will deal directly with the special Commissioner appointed by the Hyderabad Government to deal with the trouble in the Telangana area. This will obviate the disadvantages of divided control over the police battalions by four or five district police officers and would also facilitate combined and co-ordinated action in tracking down Communist offenders who commit dacoity or raids in one area and take refuge in another across the border.

The future of the shipbuilding yard at Vizagapattanam, at present managed by the Scindia Steam Navigation Company, has been hanging in the balance for sometime now. The Government of India, it is known, have a plan for taking it over but are being prevented from putting it into effect on account of financial considerations Even the present management are stated to be not very enthusiastic about retaing control of the yard in their hands for various reasons.

When the party of M.P.s touring the industrial establishments in the country visited the shipbuilding yard last week, the issue of its future was brought up by representatives of labour interests and of the staff. They impressed on the M.Ps the need for either nationalising the yard or Government placing more orders with it in order to keep it going. It was stated by the workers' representatives that proper development of the yard was possible only if the Government took it over in the near future. The main handicap at present is that the yard has not got sufficient work on hand, with the result that the sword of discharge hangs continuously over the heads of the workers. To prevent closure of the yard, which was threatened by the management last year, Government as a temporary and short-term measure placed an order for the construction of three ships, and work is going on over them at present. It is difficult to foresee what the position would be after three orders are executed.

SHIPBUILDING YARD

Representatives of the workers, staff and management all pleaded for nationalisation, it is understood they are for different reasons. Workers' representatives case for nationalisation was that that measure alone would enable the yard to work continuously, even if it does not yield a profit. That alone would stop the threat of retrenchment of workers and of the skilled staff. Representatives of the staff, it is reported, wanted outright nationalisation or in the alternative, that Government should place orders for more ships or subsidise the company to the extent of difference in price between the ships built here and the ships built in the United Kingdom. They protested against cuts in dearness allowances. The representative of the Management, it is stated, pointed out that the principal difficulty of the company was want of continuous flow of orders, which was essential to bring down the working costs and also that of obtaining sufficient supplies of steel and import licences.

The party of M.Ps has assured that they would give careful attention to the viewpoints of the different interests concerned in the future of the yard.

Anugarh Narain Sinha Diamond Jubilee

PATNA May 2. (UPI): "Dr. Anugarh Narain Sinha is the emblem of Bihar", observed Pandit Govind Ballabh Pant, Chief Minister, Uttar Pradesh while presenting the 'Abhinandan Granth' to Dr. Anugarh Narain Sinha, Finance Minister, Bihar, on the occasion of his Diamond Jubilee Celebration at the Lady Stephenson Hall last evening. Dr. Sinha completed 60 years three years back.

Dr. Srikrishna Sinha, Chief Minister said that Anugarh Babu sacrificed his all for Bihar. He was a man of untiring energy. He had the powerful presence of mind. His services towards the framing of the constitution of the country were valuable, the Chief Minister added.

Pandit Govind Ballabh Pant presenting the 'Abhinandan Granth' said that Anugarh Babu was a living example for the youths to follow. The youths of the country should lead the life as lived by Anugarh Babu, he had the powerful capacity to organise.

Learning Of Languages In Madras Schools

MADRAS, May 2 (UPI): The Madras Government have decided that henceforth only three languages should be studied during the secondary school stage.

This decision has been taken after considering the recommendations of the Expert Committee constituted by Government to go into the question of study of Hindi and other languages under the reorganised scheme of secondary education.

In respect of the first language, Government have decided that, instead of the regional language being the compulsory first language, any Indian language, whether it be the regional language or mother tongue or classical language or any other language, may be studied as first language from forms one to six for six periods a week.

Hindi would be studied as the second language in forms one to six, the language being taught conversationally in form one and the script in form two. The script for the teaching of the language will be Devanagari.

English would be studied as the third language for six periods a week form one to six as at present. The medium of instruction would be the regional language, except in case of linguistic minorities whose mother tongue is other than the regional language and for whom special provision has already been made.

DEVELOPMENT OF CHILD HEALTH

UNCEF's Scheme

NEW DELHI, May 1 (UPI): With the co-operation and help of the United Nations Children Emergency Fund, the Government of India would shortly undertake substantial development in the maternal and child health section of the All India Institute of Public Health and Hygiene in Calcutta at an approximate cost of Rs. 90 lakhs.

This was disclosed by the Executive Director of the UNCIEF, Maurice Pate, at a press conference here this afternoon.

During his four-day stay here Mr. Pate had conferences with the Central Health Minister and other officials of the Government of India in connection with the programme of assistance to the Indian children by the UNCIEF. He is leaving for Pakistan tomorrow.

After the proposed expansion, the child health training section of the Institute would impart advanced training to 60 students every year. Of them, 30 would be Indians and the remaining 30 would be chosen from other Asian countries. They would be required to undergo a one-year course.

SARDAR'S PROGRAMME IN THE SOUTH

ERNAKULAM, May 2. (PTI). The Deputy Prime Minister Sardar Vallabhbhai Patel who is expected to arrive here by the Indian flag ship I.N.S. "Delhi" on May 12 will have a busy programme during his two-day stay in Cochin, it is learnt.

According to a tentative programme for his visit to the State, Sardar Patel is likely to address the Congress workers of Cochin and a public meeting besides fulfilling other engagements Sardar Patel who is visiting the State for the first time is expected to leave for Trivandrum by plane on May 14, to spend the latter part of his visit to the Travancore-Cochin Union.

THAKIN NU'S VISIT TO U.K.

LONDON, May 1 (PTI-Reuter): Mr. Ernest Davies, Foreign Affairs Under-Secretary, told Parliament yesterday that the Government, when informed that Burmese Premier Thakin Nu was coming to England on an informal visit, was glad of the opportunity to invite him to be their guest.

The Burmese Prime Minister was expected on May 9 and would stay ten days in England, the Under-Secretary added.

Thakin Nu is coming to attend a service in Westminster Abbey on May 11 in memory of Commonwealth Service men who died in the Burma campaigns.

Mr. Davies replied briefly 'none" to a later question by Mr. Erroll, asking how much of the 500,000 sterling British rice loan to Burma had now been taken into use and what modification in the market terms of the Burmese State Agricultural Marketing Board had been secured as a result of this credit.

French India Politics: Indian Officials Briefed

MADRAS, May 2. (PTI): Mr. M. Nagarajan, Secretary of the Karaikal Merger Congress told the Press Trust of India that during his visit to New Delhi he met high officials of the External Affairs Ministry of the Government of India and also Dr. N. V. Rajkumar, Foreign Secretary of the All India Congress Committee and appraised them fully with the present political situation in French India about the forthcoming referendum.

8 Drowned In River At Balur Furi

COMILLA (East Pakistan) April 30 (UPI)—Report of a boat disaster at Balur Furi resulting in eight persons being drowned, has been received here.

A boat, it is stated, carrying 26 passengers was proceeding to Noakhali from Sandwip when it capsized. Eighteen persons were rescued while eight others drowned.

Widow Murdered

SECUNDERABAD, May 2 (U P I): Bande Chandrama, a 40-year-old widow was murdered by a gang of armed persons when they raided Garidepalli, Warangal district, on April 22, states a communique issued by the Secrtary of the Huzurnagar Taluq Congress committee.

A peasant of Kalmalachruvu village was also murdered the same day.

DAMAGE TO BRITISH PROPERTY

No Amends Made By China

LONDON, May 2 (PTI-Reuter): The Chinese Government has not paid for damage done to British property in Canton, in January 1948 Mr. Ernest Davies, under-Secretary for Foreign Affairs, told the House of Commons yesterday.

The consular offices in Canton were destroyed by 200 plotters in an incident arising from a Chinese claim to jurisdiction over the former walled city of Kowloon, opposite Hongkong

BOMBAY-SRINAGAR AIR SERVICE

Facilities For Tourists

BOMBAY, Tuesday.

With the advent of the tourists' season in Kashmir a shuttle air service between Bombay and Srinagar via Delhi has been started, and Bombayites leaving at mid-night by air can reach Srinagar before mid-day for short vacations. The plane goes over the Banihal Pass and soars above clouds, affording the traveller a lovely view of the varied landscape on the way.

Arrangements to accommodate over 20,000 visitors this year have been taken in hand by the Jammu and Kashmir Government. In addition to Gulmarg, Panalgam, Verinag and Kokarnag areas, which were declared open to the visitors last year, a large number of new health resorts have been got ready for visitors' traffic this year.

Facilities of transport and accommodation at Pathankot and around Srinagar have been completed and visitors will be provided with shopping and sight-seeing attractions besides the usual housing and catering arrangements. A number of travel agencies in Bombay, it is understood, have undertaken conducted tours to the various holiday resorts in the Valley of Kashmir.

Dr. Hardikar's Jubilee

BOMBAY, Tuesday.

Programme in connection with the Dr. Hardikar's Diamond Jubilee celebrations have been chalked out by the Celebration Committee.

Dr Hardikar will be arriving in the city on Saturday, May 6, by the Poona Mail, at 11-30 a.m. On arrival he will be accorded a reception at Victoria Terminus Station. The main function starts with a Flag Salutation at Chaupatty (near Lokmanya Statue), on Sunday May 7, at 8 a.m. Route march of volunteers starting from Chaupatty will terminate at Bhatia Baug.

The function will close with a public meeting at Sir Cowasji Jehangir Hall at 5-30 p.m. the same day. Dr. Hardiker will be presented a purse and a Souvenir which is being specially brought out to commemorate Dr.'s services for the past several years Mayor Patil will preside.

Food Situation In North Satara

BOMBAY, Tuesday.

In all 60,169 bags of foodgrains were purchased by the Government till April 22, 1950 and twenty-nine levy days were observed stated the Collector of the North Satara district during his press conference held on Saturday April 29, 1950.

The Collector said that crimes in the district were decreasing and the police were adopting all possible measures to check crime and haul up criminals. He added that there was no opposition to levy procurement in the district

U. S. Consumption Of Rubber

WASHINGTON, May 2 (PTI-Reuter): The United States used 283,812 long tons of new rubber in the first quarter of this year, an eight per cent increase over the same period in 1949, the Commerce Department announced yesterday.

Consumption in March totalling 98,414 tons was described as the highest for any month since January 1948, when 10071 tons were used

SHRI VAIKUNTH L. MEHTA
BOMBAY, Tuesday.

Shri Vaikunth L. Mehta, Minister for Finance, Co-operation and Village Industries, will leave Bombay for Akola on Thursday May 4, 1950, and return to Bombay on Friday May 5, 1950.

RESETTLING REFUGEES IN ASSAM TEA GARDENS

17,000 People Will Be Benefited

SILCHAR (Assam), May 2.

The relief and rehabilitation work in the entire Cachar District is being taken over by the Central Government from today. All refugee camps in the town have been closed down and those refugees still staying here are being removed to Goongoorpara, five miles from here, where some camps have been constructed for them.

Major R. K. Dutta, Special Relief and Rehabilitation Officer, Government of India, revealed here at a press conference today that the Government plan of rehabilitation in Cachar District, involving a cost of Rs. 19 lakhs, would be implemented through the agency of the Indian Tea Association. He said that the Association had agreed to the rehabilitation of 17,000 refugees consisting of about 3,000 families in 71 tea gardens.

Each family will be given free rations for 15 days and Rs. 45 per month till the first crops are available; Rs. 100 for purchasing cows, bullocks, ploughs and other agricultural implements and Rs. ten for domestic utensils. This money will be advanced as a loan repayable in ten years. The garden authorities will provide cultivable land to each refugee family and building materials free of cost where available. One piece of sari or dhoti will be given free to each refugee by the Government.

Major Dutta said that about 10,000 refugees had already been despatched to various tea gardens and the remaining 7,000 will follow soon. Free railway tickets will be issued by Government to those returning to Pakistan.

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CITY & SUBURBS

TODAY

Hindu: Vaishakh Vad 1, 2006
Muslim: Rajjab 15, 1369
Parsi: Adar 3, 1319
Hightide—, 13-0
Lowtide 06-12, 18-56

Today's Engagements

UNITED LODGE OF THEOSOPHISTS: Opp. Flora Fountain. Question and Answer Meeting preceded by short talk on "Masters of Wisdom", at 6-15.

BOMBAY MUNICIPAL SCHOOLS COMMITTEE: Meeting at Corporation Hall at 3-30 p.m. Also Standing Committee meeting at same time.

ATOM BLAST CONCRETE CONSTRUCTION CO.: Opening ceremony of "Atom Blast Concrete" Model House erected for the Bombay Municipality, by Shri S. K. Patil at Azad Nagar Vadala, at 6-30 p.m.

SOCIETY OF HON. MAGISTRATES —Annual general meeting at 6 p.m. at the Esplanade Police Court.

ANNOUNCEMENTS

Mr. G. M. Moraes, Hon. Secretary, Bombay Branch Royal Asiatic Society writes to say that for reasons of safety it has now been decided that smoking should be confined to the Vestibule only of the Society's library.

Sir Bertram Stevens, head of Australian Consolidated Industries, is due to arrive by Air Ceylon at 2-30 p.m. today.

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Booking 10 to 12 & 4 to 6.

BROADWAY
3-30, 6-30, 9-30. Sun. 12-30.
Booking 4 to 6.

PALACE
6-15, 9-30. Sat., Sun. 11-45.
Booking 10 to 12 & 2 to 8.

RIVOLI
11-45, 3, 6-15, 9-30.
Booking 10 to 12 & 4 to 8.

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PAID-UP CAPITAL	Rs.	3,14,54,250
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DEPOSITS AS AT 31-12-1949	Rs.	1,22,14,99,729

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MOTOR TRUCK ACCIDENT IN BYCULLA

One Killed, Three Injured

BOMBAY, Tuesday.

ONE person was killed and three others injured in a serious accident last night on Gokhale Road when the front wheel springs of a motor truck, BMS 836, snapped and the vehicle dashed against a telephone pole.

The driver Jaggu Shivram, 25, was arrested by the police.

According to information gathered by our reporter the truck was proceeding southwards and was on its way to the Byculla Market from Gorai Road, a vegetable centre. The vehicle at the time of the accident had a full load of vegetables and mangoes which were being brought to Bombay. Eye witnesses said that it hit the telephone post with such a terrific impact that the front wheels were dislodged from the body of the truck before the driver could know what had happened.

The men who were trapped under the heavy body of the overturned truck, were extricated with the help of the people who gathered on the scene and by the police who rushed to the spot.

One of the occupants it is stated jumped off and miraculously emerged from the accident unscathed. The three injured persons were removed to the K. E. M. Hospital.

The name of the person who succumbed to his injuries sustained in the accident is John Anton Henricks, 50. The other involved in the accident are, Paul D'Souza. 35 and Paulu Pereira, 40.

The injured are being treated in hospital.

JAMAIT SUPPORT TO DELHI PACT

Call To Muslims

BOMBAY, Tuesday.

Maulana Hifzul Rehman, President of the Jamait-ul-Ulema Hind, today assured the Government of India their full support for the successful implementation of the Nehru-Liaquat agreement.

Addressing a press conference this evening, the Maulana said that the Jamait would concentrate their attention to foster communal harmony in the country and promote the larger interests of the State. He said that with India attaining freedom, the organisation had decided not to take part in parliamentary politics and therefore they would not set up candidates in the coming general elections. However, the Jamait would carry on educational and social activities for the welfare of the Muslim minority in the country.

Referring to Indo-Pakistan relations, the Maulana said that the tragic happenings in East Bengal were contrary to the spirit of Islam. He recalled that when the Jamait waited in deputation on Mr. Liaquat Ali Khan, the Pakistan Premier, recently, they strongly asserted that the minority in that country should be given equal status of citizenship as the majority community.

The Maulana is now touring the country in connection with the work of the Jamait-ul-Ulema.

TODAY'S RADIO

WEDNESDAY, May 3.

Air News From Delhi

English 8 a.m. 1-30 p.m. 8, 9; Gujarati 8-45 a.m. 1 p.m. 8-15; Hindustani 8-15 a.m. 1-40 p.m. 6-10, 9-15; Kannada 7-45 a.m. 7-45 p.m. Malayalam 7-30 a.m. 7-30 p.m. Marathi 8-30 a.m. 12-50 p.m. 8; Tamil 7-15 a.m. 7-15 p.m. Telugu 7 a.m. 1-50 p.m. 7 p.m.

BOMBAY

7-30 a.m. Bhor bhaee, 7-40 Today's programme, 7-45 G. bhajan, 8-15 Sunil Athwankar, bhairav, 12-45 p.m. Tantrakari, 12-50 A. Vyas' geets, 1-40 Military band concert, 1-55 R. Stevens, 2-10 F. Warning and his Pennysilvanians, 5-0 Hindi by radio, 5-20 V. Shipley, guitar, 5-40 B. Majrekar kh. v. and d. marwa, 6-10 Music lessons, 6-30 Sunil Athwankar, sudh kalyan, 7-10 Locals, 7-20 Tarana puria, 7-30 B. Dave's geets, 7-45 For industrial workers, 9-15 V. Shipley guitar 9-30 Film songs, 9-45 Current affairs review, 9-55 A. Marzban, twice a week, 10-0 Aline de Souza, soprano, 10-15 Light orch. music.

VARIATIONS: 8-0 a.m. V. Shipley, guitar, 8-45 Indumati Chaubal bhavgeet, 1-0 p.m. V. K. Atre, pad, 1-50 Composit prog., H. U., 2-30 P. Swamy, gottuvadyam, 5-0 Hindi by radio, 6-0 Purandardas' bhajan, 6-20 For rural listeners 7-30 Commercial news, 8-15 Indumati Chaubal, bhavgeet, 8-30 N. Sharma H. talk, 8-45 Radio Orch., 9-0 V. K. Atre, pad, 10-0 V. V. Bokil's original play "Iameen asmaan". 10-30 V. K. Atre, jaijaivanti.

BARODA

7-30 a.m. Bhakti bhav, 7-45 Today and tomorrow, 7-45 7-50 B. C. Pandya, bajaj bhajan, 8-15 N. Patel, sitar, 8-30 Kashibai R. Takle, bhavgeet, 5-30 O-m-For woken, 6-10 H. C. Pandya, multani, 6-30 For rural listeners 7-0 "Virah". 7-15 As in Ahmedabad, 7-30 N. Patel, sitar, 7-45 H. C. Pandya, yaman kalyan, 8-0 Lashibi R. Takle, bhavgeet, 8-10 Locals, 8-30 Ajney, "Aa pan sambhal. 9-30 E. talk 9-45 Indian so music.

AHMEDABAD

7-30 a.m. Ashram bhajanvali, 7-40 Rag sangeet, 8-15 Madhuri Khare, "Separation and meeting", 8-30 P. Shah, b. todi, 5-30 p.m R. K. Karve, b.m. ragini, 5-45 P. Parekh's songs, 6-10 As in Baroda, 6-30 Stage songs 6-45 P. Shah, violin, 7-0 R. K. Karve, kafini hori, 7-15 A. Randeri, G. poetry reading, 7-25 Musical interlude, 7-30 For industrial workers, 8-0 Locals. 8-5 "Jagmohan" 8-30 R. K. Karve, kh. bhoop in vilsmbit, 8-45 P. Shah, violin, 9-30 Dr. Kamala Chaudhry, E. talk on "mysteries of mind", 9-45 As in Baroda.

GOVERNMENT'S MOVE WELCOME

Distribution Of Drugs

BOMBAY, Tuesday.

The announcement that the Government of Bombay will shortly open centres which will undertake the distribution of a dozen life saving drugs was welcomed by the suffering public.

Cross-sections of public opinion sounded by a reporter of this paper, soon after the Governmental arrangements were announced in yesterday afternoon's newspapers hailed Government's bold step with a deep sense of gratitude.

Eminent physicians, proprietors of Nursing Homes and heads of families, all unanimously expressed the opinion that, though belated, what Government were undertaking to do was exactly what people felt they should have done, months ago.

Medical circles felt that under the new dispensation envisaged in yesterday's announcement, emergency cases which need life-saving drugs like Penicillin and the eleven other drugs indicated in the list, will now not have to go without the only treatment that would be efficacious.

Shri Morarji Desai

Shri Morarji Desai, Minister for Home and Revenue, will leave Bombay for Akola on Thursday, May 4, 1950 and will return to Bombay on Friday, May 5, 1950.

What West Likes In Indian Dance

UDAY SHANKAR'S IMPRESSIONS

BOMBAY, Tuesday.

Giving the impressions of his latest American tour to the journalists who had assembled to meet him at the B.U.J., Uday Shankar emphasised that it was not so much the technique but the manner of presentation that impressed his audiences abroad.

He stated that his task has always been to simplify and not complicate dancing. The audiences abroad he said, are not interested so much in the contests but in the form of dancing. Showmanship, therefore, which most of our Indian dancers lack is to be learnt and asimilated if they are to make any success abroad.

Speaking on his future programme, he said, that he was shortly to reorganise his troupe for the 9-month tour to Europe and the Americas, South and North, which he will undertake next March.

He also stated that he was very keen in re-opening his dancing centre, and for this end he expected all the co-operation and help from the Indian Government.

Earlier, Mr. Chidambaram of the 'Bombay Chronicle', introduced the famous dancer to the journalists.

Mumbra Sand Merchants Plight

BOMBAY, Tuesday: The sand merchants are put to great inconveniences on account of the GIP Railway authorities of cancelling the plots and exchanging them to one and other after their being in their possession for over 25 years and asking them to shift sand to new plots. Labour is rendered without work.

Nearly one hundred country crafts which were engaged on the excavation of the sands have left there being no work.

Protection To Village Oil Industry In Bombay

Committee's Recommendations

BOMBAY, Tuesday.

TWO alternative schemes of financial assistance to the Ghani Oil Industry are recommended by the Committee appointed by the Government of Bombay to report on the question of granting protection to village oil industry in the State.

The Committee states that the existing concessions to the industry are inadequate and that the key-note of all assistance given should be that it is pitched at that level at which it becomes effective. The Committee's recommendations are based on the principles that instead of taking recourse to fragmentary schemes of different kinds, it is better to go to the root of the problem and eradicate all handicaps to the industry.

Shri L. M. Nadkarni, Private Secretary to H. E. the Governor of Bombay, was the Chairman of the Committee.

This Committee was the first of its kind after the Government had taken a decision to review the assistance so far rendered to some typical major cottage industries in he State.

CO-OPERATIVE SOCIETIES

One of the two schemes of assistance proposed by the Committee aims at the formation of 500 to 600 co-operative societies each consisting of roughly 20 Ghanis and including all the Telis operating these Ghanis and at least 50 per cent of the producers of oil-seeds and similar proportion of consumers of oil and oil-cakes in the society's jurisdiction as quickly as possible. The Committee says that the present rate of formation of societies is too slow and societies consisting of merely Telis and sympathising members are of no avail. They do not reduce the cost of production nor solve all the essential problems of the Telis. The Committee has emphasised that there must be a close fraternal and democratic association between Telis, producers of oil-seeds and consumers. The Committee has also suggested certain concessions to such societies in order to offset the high cost of production compared to that in the oil mills. The Committee has further suggested that each such society should take minimum labour to convert its Ghanis into Haskell Ghanis and the Government should continue the present arrangement for free servicing of Haskell Ghanis. It has also recommended to such societies ways and means of reducing the cost of production and making the industry self-supporting.

CORPORATION

The other scheme which the Committee has suggested is the establishment of a Democratic Rural Corporation in each district of the State. Shares of the denomination of eight annas should be floated so that even the poorest member of the rural community can become a shareholder of the Corporation. Such corporations should be assisted with loans. The Committee is of the opinion that if this scheme is introduced, it will be more or less self-supporting and even if Government help became necessary, the deficit to be made good would be very little, consisting of a few thousands.

The Committee says that both the schemes of assistance are in conformity with and within the framework of the declared policy of the Governments of Bombay and India and of the National Planning Committee. However, in order to get an idea as to which of the two schemes is more suitable for introduction on a large scale, it says, the Government should try both of them simultaneously, taking care to see that the areas of operation of the two schemes do not overlap.

INCREASE BASIC PETROL QUOTA

W. I. A. A. Vice-President's Appeal

BOMBAY, Tuesday: An appeal to the Government to increase the basic quota of petrol and to examine the feasibility of alternative fuels like power alcohol and synthetic petrol was made by Mr. E. A. Nadirshah, Vice-President of the Western India Automobiles Association, presiding over the thirteenth annual general meeting of the Association in Bombay recently.

Speaking about the Highway Departments, he said that the time was overdue when the Bombay Government, like other State Governments, should recognise that roads were important enough to require the undivided attention of a separate Highway Department.

Further he appealed to the State Government to create a Highway Department to accelerate road development works.

The Pulse Of The City

BURGLED: A shop of a mercer-cum-chemist in the Old Hanuman Lane, Kalbadevi Road was burgled on Sunday night and property worth Rs. 23,000 was stolen. Police have arrested four people in this connection. All the accused were allowed on bail by Chief Presidency Magistrate at the Esplanade Police Court on Tuesday.

MISAPPROPRIATION: Dhirajlal Makhan, a delivery clerk employed in Messrs. S. Sutaria and Company, dealers in glassware at Khetwadi Main Road was arrested on a charge of misappropriating a sum of Rs. 3,226 belonging to the company. He was released on bail by Presidency Magistrate, Girgaum Police Court on Tuesday.

FATAL FALL: A man named Manishankar Vithalji, aged about 35, fell from train between Parel and Elphinstone. He died at K.E.M. Hospital.

THEFT CHARGE: Alleged to have broken into a neighbour's room and have stolen ornaments worth about Rs. 1,535, one Vishnu Bala was arrested by police on Tuesday.

BLACKMARKETEER: Ranji Nanji Proprietor of a city company was arrested by Crime Branch, along with the cashier and salesman on Monday, following a raid on his shop, where he is alleged to have sold shirting on blackmarket prices. They were released on bail.

FAITH: Absolute faith was gleaming on the faces of those Christians who with solemn devotion and piety filed past before the statue of The Lady of Fatima which was exposed for public veneration at Brabourne Stadium on Monday.

BETTING: Anti-Gambling Squad of the City Police raided a Haji Habib Building, near Chitra Talkies, Vincent Road and arrested one Ranjni Kant for alleged 'satta' betting. Police seized some cash and 'satta' slips.

TOO VIGILENT: The fireman Fazal Mian Hamid Ali of the ship s.s. 'Dwarka' who thought that he could get away easily custom's Preventive Staff's eagle eyes, was mistaken when one of the staff jumped on him, and made a search on him. The Customsmen were rewarded when they recovered one bar of gold weighing 10 tolas and valued Rs. 1,000 from the above man.

POLIO AGAIN: Poliomyelitis, the dread disease once again reared up its ugly head in the city and two persons were reported to have been victims to it during last week, it was stated.

FOR ADJUDICATION: The industrial disputes between the Wolverhampton Works Company, Limited, Bombay, and the Motor House (Gujarat) Limited, Bombay, and the workmen employed under them have been referred for adjudication to the Industrial Tribunals of Shri I. G. Thakore and Shri Salim M. Merchant, respectively.

BONUS DISPUTE: The industrial dispute between the Prakash Dyeing, Bleaching and Printing Mills, Bombay, and its employees relating to the latters' demand for lump sum bonus for the year 1948 has been referred to the arbitration of the Industrial Court.

PRIZE DISTRIBUTION: The Annual Prize Distribution Gathering of the students of the Ramji Assar Vidyalaya Schools at Ghatkopar was held on 29th April when Shri Chimanlal Popatlal Shah, a leading citizen of Gatkopar, presided and distributed the prizes to the students.

PROSECUTION OPENS CASE AGAINST KISHORI

Circumstances Leading To Death Of Ex-Police Officer

BOMBAY, Tuesday.

KISHORI ALLADATTA whose retrial for the offence of abetment of culpable homicide not amounting to murder was to start yesterday commenced this morning before the Additional Session Judge Mr. K. J. Khandalawala and a common jury.

A few minutes before 11 a.m. the Court Room was crowded and it hardly seemed that the High Court was having its summer vacation.

With a lady constable to her left her sister to her right and a crowd of spectators in front of the accused sat on a bench outside the Court room with her head drooping down.

Along with her are Jagdish Kumar Hiranand and Rampal Narendrasingh who also are standing their trial for the same offence.

Mr. Nadkarni, the Registrar of the Court of Session, called out the names of jurors which included one Mr. Nadkarni. Mr. Ghaswala, the Counsel for Kishori inquired if the gentleman was related to the deceased Nadkarni. 'No.' came the answer. Yet, he was challenged.

Mr Nadkarni read out the charge and then Mr. Mistry, Prosecuting Counsel, made his opening. At the Worli Sea Face, he said, there is a line of bungalows ending with one named "Kishori Court." Behind them is a small cliff which was used as a watch-tower during the time of the last world war. On February 8, 1949, there was dance and music at the Kishori Court. There was Rupa, a popular dancer invited by Koshori. The clock struck nine-thirty and the programme began. Among the invitees were a Sikh and two well-dressed men. The programme went on till about 12-30 midnight and thereafter the revellers dispersed. While music was going on the deceased Nadkarni turned up there but did not attend the performance. Nadkarni was a stalwart, strong-built and pre-possessing. He was in love with Kishori and mostly stayed at her place. Kishori took out Rs. 200/- from Nadkarni's purse and gave them away to Rupa. Her party then left for home. At about 1-30 Kishori's sister also bade good night. Thereafter, the counsel said, a quarrel arose between Kishori and her lover with the result that his clothes were thrown away from Kishori's room. Nadkarni went down to take his clothes. Before this all the accused had beaten him. Kishori followed Nadkarni down the stairs and both went up again. Nadkarni was beaten once again so much so that he fell down in a faint. He was then laid on a sofa.

ORDERS TO SERVANTS

The dawn of the next day was about to break yet Nadkarni lay in that lamentable state. Kishori was somewhat frightened to see Nadkarni in the same state of unconsciousness. So, it was narrated, Kishori asked the other accused to lift him and throw him out into the backyard. The servants carried out the order. Nadkarni was noticed by the gardener being thrown out. The gardener's son also saw it. A chauffeur of another tenant of the Bungalow heard the sound of Nadkarni's fall. He woke up Kishori's motor driver John. There was a lot of noise. John tried to offer water to the dying man but Kishori stopped him. Nadkarni was then brought upstairs. After being examined by a doctor he was removed to St. George's Hospital. From there he was removed to the Baliga's Nursing Home on the 15th where he died on the 19th February, 1949.

The Police could not trace Kishori till the 14th February. On the 11th February, the other accused were arrested. Kishori surrendered to the Police on the 15th February.

Mr. B. M. Mistry instructed by the Public Prosecutor Mr. S. R. Vakil appeared for the State. Mr. E. B. Ghaswala with Mr. Murudker instructed by Messrs. Haridas & Co. appeared for Kishori.

Thundershowers In Tamilnad

ALL-INDIA WEATHER

POONA, May 2 (PTI).

The following is the daily weather summary for Tuesday the May 2 1950:

There have been widespread thundershowers in Assam and Travancore-Cochin and local thundershowers in Tamilnad and Sub-Himalayan west Bengal. A few thundershowers have also been reported from Malabar-South Kanara, Mysore and East Madhya Pradesh.

Day temperatures continued to be above normal over the country and were appreciably so in north-east India outside Assam, in East Hyderabad Rayalaseema and the northern districts of Tamilnad.

FORECASTS VALID UNTIL THE EVENING OF MAY 3: Thundershowers will be widespread in Assam, Travancore-Cochin and occur locally in Sub-Himalayan West Bengal and Malabar South Kanara. A few thundershowers are also likely in Mysore and Tamilnad. Thundery conditions may develop in Gangetic West Bengal in the afternoon. There may be scattered heavy falls of rain in the Khasi Hills.

The following is the weather chart:

Ahmedabad 106 77 0 0 minus 0.1, Allahabad 107 76 0 0 1.8 minus 1.0, Ambala 105 78 0 1.8 plus 0.2, Bangalore 98 73 0 0 minus 2.2 Baroda 108 77 0 0 0, Banaras 107 77 0 0.7 minus 0.1, Bhopal 105 78 0 1.6 plus 1.0, BOMBAY 90 77 0 0 minus 0.1, Calcutta 97 81 0 2.3 minus 1.0, Kanpur — 77 0 0.6 plus 0.1 Cherrapunji 69 — 2.3 30.6 minus 5.7 Cochin 89 81 T 6.3 minus 1.0, Cuttack — 80 0 3.4 plus 1.2 Delhi 103 75 0 0.7 minus 0.2, Gwalior 108 71 0 0.3 —, Indore 103 70 0.2 0 Jaipur 107 73 0 0.1 minus 0.4, Jamnagar 91 72 0 — — — Kodaikanal 74 52 0.3 2.5 minus 4.5, Lucknow 107 75 0 0.5 minus 0.1, Madras 103 84 0 0.4 minus 0.5, Mysore — — — — —, Nagpur — 79 0 1.2 minus 0.1, Patna 105 77 0 0.3 minus 0.3, Peshawar 93 69 0 6.6 plus 2.3, Poona 100 67 0 1.5 plus 0.8 Ranchi 107 — 0 2.4 plus 0.2 Shillong 77 56 0.4 5.7 minus 2.0, Simla 73 59 0 4.6 plus 0.4, Trivandrum 91 80 0.1 8.1 plus 1.5.

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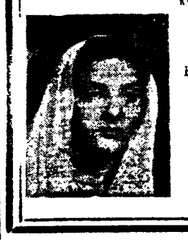

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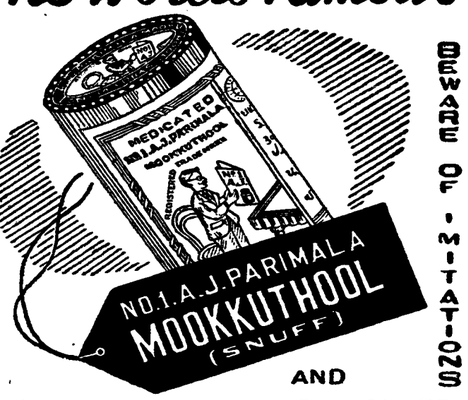

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INCREASE QUANTITY OF SUBSIDISED COTTON

Unemployment Committee's Recommendations

BOMBAY, Tuesday.

THE Special Committee for Unemployment set up by the Labour Advisory Board held its fourth meeting at the Secretariat on Monday, May 1, with the Secretary, Labour and Housing Department in the Chair. Representatives from the Textile Commissioner's office were also present by special invitation.

The meeting considered the latest position of closure and consequent unemployment in the cotton textile industry which showed that 10 mills had entirely closed down, 13 were partially closed and 18 had given notice of closure. The total number of workers affected due to closure of mills was 27,156 and the workers that would be affected due to notice given by the 18 mills would be 31,219.

Apart from a few closures due to the bad state of the machinery, the rest were due to the shortage of cotton.

RECOMMENDATIONS

The meeting reviewed at length the cotton supply position in the light of the Union Government's policy as explained by the representatives of the Textile Commissioner and came to the conclusion that in the interest of production and of employment of labour, steps should be taken to meet the cotton requirements of the units in the cotton textile industry to the maximum extent possible and to this end recommended that the quantity of subsidised cotton should be substantially increased; the amount of subsidy allowed by the Government of India should be raised, and the foreign exchange set apart by the Government of India for import of foreign cotton should be fully utilised.

The Committee advised that their recommendations should be taken up with the Government of India. After discussing closures of individual mills, the Committee suggested appointment of a Court of Enquiry to enquire into the closure of the Lokmanya Mills, Barsi.

Regarding the closure of the Laxminarayan Mill at Chalisgaon, it was explained that the management was being asked by the Government to restart the mill in view of the cotton allocation made by the Textile Commissioner and that the question of taking further action would be examined after receipt of the management's reply.

SILK INDUSTRY

The two major problems facing the silk textile industry were adverse market conditions and inadequate supply of imported artificial silk yarn. The Committee felt that while it might not be possible to increase imports of artificial silk yarn to any appreciable extent, the Government should enquire into the present basis of distribution of the yarn quotas, allotted by the Central Government to the Silk and Art Silk Mills' Association, Bombay, to the different units in the industry so as to ensure fair and equitable distribution of yarn.

In regard to woollen textile industry, the Committee was of the view that the situation was not serious enough to call for any special remedial measures in that behalf. The Ahmed Woollen Mills, Ambernath, which had given notice of closure for want of wool and wool teps affecting about 2,000 workers had been granted an import licence of the value of Rs. 10,75,000 by the Central Government and the mill was expected to continue working at least partially, in the meanwhile.

Indian Systems Of Medicines

SURGEON-GENERAL TO PERFORM FUNCTIONS

BOMBAY, Tuesday.

As the Faculty of the Indian Systems of Medicine has not been validly constituted, the Government of Bombay has directed that powers and duties of the Faculty under Clauses (a), (b), (c), (d) and (f) of section 13-B of the Bombay Medical Practitioners' Act, 1938 should be exercised and performed by the Surgeon-General with the Government during the period from April 15 to July 14, 1950.

Under these five sub-clauses, the powers and functions of the Faculty are: (1) to prescribe the course of training and the standard and subjects of qualifying examinations, including the course of training and examinations prior to such qualifying examinations; (2) to hold qualifying examinations and other examinations, to appoint examiners, to fix fees and allowances and to declare the result of examinations; (3) to grant degrees, honoraria, diplomas, licences and marks of honour; (4) to award stipends, scholarships, medals, prizes and other rewards; and (5) to prepare publish and prescribe text books and to publish statements of prescribed courses of study.

EXCISE DEPARTMENT

Name Changed

BOMBAY, Tuesday.

In view of the introduction of Total Prohibition in the State of Bombay, the name of the Excise Department has been changed to the Prohibition and Excise Department. Designations of Officers have also changed—such as, Superintendent of Excise will now be called Superintendent of Prohibition and Excise and so on.

CERTIFICATES FOR OPIUM ADDICTS

BOMBAY, Tuesday.

Medical Boards for issuing certificatss to addicts of hemp drugs and opinum have been constituted in Dehgam Taluka and Ranpur Mahal of the Ahmedabad District, Palanpur, Vadgam, Deesa, Tharad Danta, Dhanera, Kankrej, Wav, Deodar and Suigam in the Banaskantha District and Katkol and Raibag Mahals of the Belgaum District.

Bombay Housing Schemes For Displaced

BOMBAY, Tuesday: The Government of Bombay have spent more than one crore of rupees on housing schemes for displaced persons in Bombay during the last year.

This was disclosed by Mr. P. R. Nayak, Joint Secretary, Rehabilitation Department, Government of Bombay, in an interview to the United Press of India today.

TO REMARRY

Princess Fatimah, 21-year-old sister of the Shah of Persia, who has been disowned by the Shah for marrying Mr. Vincent Lee Hillyer, an American student, seen with her husband in Paris, where it is reported, they will remarry at the Persian Embassy according to Muslim rites.

NO MORE ROOM FOR REFUGEES

Pakistan Warns Muslims

KARACHI, May 1 (PTI): Pakistan has warned Muslims intending to migrate from India that refugee areas of West Pakistan are choked.

Minister of the Interior Khwaja Shahabuddin told a press conference, that there were no houses, no jobs, no farms for any new refugees. and also warned against the danger of disease in Karachi itself.

"There is every likelihood of the outbreak of epidemics if timely measures are not taken to check the influx of refugees to Karachi" he said.

Khwaja Shahabuddin advised refugees who had recently come to Pakistan from India "to go back o your hearths and homes". "It is still possible for you to go back to India", he added.

B.I.S.N.'s CONCERN FOR BUTLERS

BOMBAY, Tuesday.

The B.I.S.N. Co. is trying its best to improve the lot of the company's butlers, some of whom so far had to remain ashore for months and months without employment, according to one of the Shipping Company's executives who expressed this fact to a reporter of this paper this morning.

He stated that the system which obtained now was not satisfactory at all, and resulted in hardships to the butlers who did not have any security of employment as such.

Under the new scheme which the company is trying to adopt, he said, all the butlers of the various ships on different lines, will be placed on one single list and given work in rotation, thus guaranteeing them work for the major portion of the year. He also expressed that any butler who showed greater efficiency would be allowed extension of term of service.

Sir Bertram Stevens

BOMBAY, Tuesday.

Sir Bertram Stevens, head of Australian Consolidated Industries, arrives in Bombay by Air Ceylon at 2-30 p.m. on Wedneday May 3, 1950.

BHIKHAIJI LIMJIBHOY PALAMKOTE PRIZES

The following four Zoroastrian ladies have won "The Bhikhaiji Limjibhoy Palamkote Prizes" of pounds 16, 14, and 12 sterling (as noted against their names) with gold medals, for passing the Diploma examinations for 1949, held by the Trinity College of Music, London:-

(1) Gool T. Devecha, F. T. C. L, Bombay, (£ 16)

(2) Najoo Rustom Tata, L. T. C. L., Bombay (£ 14)

(3) Katty Darabsha Sopariwala, A.T.C.L., Bombay (£ 12).

(4) Jeroo Framji Rustomji, A.T.C.L. Calcutta (£ 12).

Hind Mazdoor Sabha Conference

SECUNDERABAD, May 2, (UPI): About 600 delegates from different parts of India are expected to attend the Hind Mazdoor Sabha lonference which is meeting here from tomorrow. Mr. Deverall of the American Federation of Labour and Mr. Sokolove, labour attache to the United States Embassy in India, are expected to attend the Conference besides Mr. Jaya Prakash Narayan, Mr. Asokea Mehta, Mr R. S. Ruikar, Miss Maniben Kara, Mr. N. M. Joshi and other prominent labour leaders.

Search For Manganese In Algeria

WASHINGTON, May 2 (FTI-Reuter): A new search for copper, manganese, lead and zinc is being conducted in Algeria with the aid of Marshall Plan dollars. Announcing this today, the Economic Co-operation Administration said French geological crews, working under the supervision of the Algerian Mineral Research Bureau, have been given about 1,140,000 dollars worth of American equipment.

Africans Raise Banner Of Revolt

DEMAND FOR FREEDOM GATHERS MOMENTUM

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT)

NAIROBI, (By Air).

THE greatest event of the month of April in Kenya was the passing of a very historic resolution in a joint meeting of Indians and Africans demanding "complete independence" from foreign rule for the East African territories.

The meeting was jointly arranged under the auspices of Kenya's two leading Indian and African political organisations the E. A. Indian National Congress and the Kenya African Union for the purpose of counteracting the mischievous propaganda carried on in these Territories within recent months by a handful of unofficial European settlers of Kenya and Tanganyika against the Government of Tanganyika's proposals for constitutional reforms for Tanganyika. A record crowd estimated to be over 15,000 Africans and Indians attended the meeting held on Sunday, April 23, 1950, in Nairobi. A prominent African Legislative Council member, the Hon'ble E. W. Mathu presided over the meeting which was also addressed by Indian Legislative Councillor, Hon'ble A. B. Patel, Mr. Jomo Kenyatta and Mr. Tom Mbotela, President and Vice-President, Kenya African Union; Mr. Peter Koinange, the well-known American-trained African educationist who toured last year Indian Union, Mr. Chanan Singh. President of Nairobi Indian Association, and Mr. Makhan Singh, General Secretary of East African Trade Unions Congress.

The resolution while depreciating the agitation launched by European settlers of Kenya and Tanganyika against the Tanganyika Government's proposals granting equal unofficial representation to Africans and non-Africans on the Legislative Council, strongly condemned the "highly aggressive" attitude shown by them in country-wide meetings and declared "that these non-official Europeans have completely forfeited the confidence of the non-Europeans as to their ability or willingness to be fair or just to other living in these territories or to exercise any power in their hands impartially".

The resolution further declared that the Tanganyika Government's proposals "were a necessary step in the right direction for the proper discharge of the Trust and of the International obligations undertaken by Britain for the political, economic and social progress of the inhabitants of the Territory", and warned "that any retraction from these proposals by the Government of Tanganyika or of the United Kingdom on account of the agitation of a handful of Europeans will be taken by the non-Europeans of these Territories as an important disregard of the obligations of the Trust".

DANGER TO NON-EUROPEANS

Warning the non-Europeans of East Africa of the "grave danger and threat to their legitimate rights, interests and aspirations due to the agitation of non-official Europeans of East and Central Africa with the aim of permanently suppressing the non-Europeans", the resolution called upon all non-Europeans to take vigorous action to safeguard their future".

An appeal has also been made in the resolution "to the Governments of the United Kingdom and other Commonwealth countries and to the Trusteeship Council of UNO to watch carefully the events in Tanganyika territory and to effective steps with a view to promoting the political, economic and social progress of the inhabitants of the Territory generally and to save it from the designs of domination by the Europeans of East and Central Africa".

"This meeting", the resolution concluded, "further declares that the real solution of the problem is not this or that small reform but the complete independence and sovereignty of the East African territories and establishment in the name of the democratic governments elected by the people and responsible to the people of these Territories only and that this should be implemented at an early date."

The Hon'ble E. W. Mathu, who presided, congratulated the two political institutions of Indians and Africans for convening "this important joint public meeting of non-Europeans". He spoke in very sarcastic terms and severely denounced the attitude of European settlers in taking their "inspirations" and guidance from their brothers in South Africa, Southern Rhodesia and Northern Rhodesia where, he said, "the racial policies are too inhumah to be imported into East Africa", and added, "if these policies are introduced here, it would be the deathblow to the political, economic and social development of our children and our children's children.

"I do not wish to paint a gloomy picture of the future of non-Europeans in E.A.", Mr. Mathu declared "We must not be defeatists; we must form a united front and turn the present antagonistic tide (of Europeans) to save the future of our children. We must appeal to the United Kingdom Government, the friendly dominions, the United Nations Organisation and, as far as Tanganyika is concerned, to the Trusteeship Council. Let us give our co-operation to all those who wish to see equal opportunities given to all inhabitants of Tanganyika and the rest of East Africa".

OUT SPOKEN SPEECH

The Hon'ble A. B. Patel, Indian Member of Legislative Council who followed Mr. Mathu was also very outspoken in the meeting and his speech was received with loud and constant applauses from the audience. Mr. Patel unhesitatingly declared that the responsibility for creating a serious political crisis in East Africa should be laid at the doors of European settlers in Kenya and Tanganyika. He further stated that the various statements made by unofficial Europeans in recent months indicated that they were not aware of the new age which has dawned and the old age which has died. "I am afraid they (Europeans) are still living in the past century. They appear to be ignorant of the unmistakable awakening in Asia and Africa and of the dynamic forces which inevitably demolish all their castles of power and privilege which they are attempting to build on the sands of racial arrogance and colour bar". Mr. Patel warned the European settlers that "any attempt to build society in East Africa on the basis of South African racialism is bound to meet with the utmost opposition by non-European leaders, ultimately leading to clash and conflict".

The speeches of other leaders who spoke one after another were full of fire as they unanimously rose to denounce the agitation of unofficial Europeans against the Tanganyika Government's moderate proposals. Mr. Tom Motela, Vice-President of Kenya African Union bluntly told the gathering that 'Europeans must live in this country as citizens, not as rulers or dominators. Otherwise there will be trouble". he declared amidst thunderous applauses.

Mr. Jomo Kenyatta, President of the Kenya African Union, called upon the Africans of Kenya to give their unequivocal support to Tanganyika Africans because they were being oppressed. He warned that nobody in Africa "wanted to remain a slave for ever".

FIGHT DOMINATION

Mr. Makhan Singh, a Trade Unionist and General Secretary of the East African Trades Union Congress, declared amidst a barrage of applauses from his large African supporters "that the time had come for the people of East Africa to unite and to demand in a single voice that the country was theirs and that no foreign power had the right to rule over it." That should be the aim of Africans, Indians and progressive Europeans, he said. He called upon the British Government to declare the independence of East Africa just as they have declared the independence of India, Burma, Ceylon and other countries under their rule.

The large African masses cheered him when he replied to allegations in a vociferous tone that he was a Communist. "Yes, I am a Communist", he declared which drew loud applauses from the Africans, and added, "I am a Communist because I am fighting for the freedom of the peoples of East Africa and of all the countries in the world."

The meeting lasted for nearly three and a half hours and special interpreters translated the English speeches of the Indian and African leaders into Ki-swahali (African language).

LANDS NOW PREPARED FOR NEXT SEASON

Mango Fruit Damaged In Poona

BOMBAY, Tuesday.

The following is the weather and crop report of the State of Bombay for the week ended April 27 last:

There was no rain in the State except scattered thunder showers in Bijapur, Satara North, Dharwar, Sholapur and Poona districts.

Harvesting of rabi crops of jowar and wheat was in progress in Amreli, Surat and Broach districts and was completed in Banas Kantha and Kaira districts. Threshing operations were in progress in Broach district. Cotton-picking was completed in Broach district. Lands were being prepared for the next season everywhere and sowing of summer crops and vegetables continued in Surat district. Collection of rabi and repairing of bunds continued in Thana, Bombay Suburban, Kolaba and Dangs districts. No pests and diseases were reported. Fodder supply was adequate

Harvesting of rabi crops was in progress in Nasik district and was completed in Ahmednagar district. Threshing operations were completed in East Khandesh and West Khandesh districts. Lands were being prepared for the next season in most districts. Repairing of bunds continued in Sholapur and Satara South dists. Irrigation was given to summer crops in Sholapur dist. No pests and diseases were reported except for topshoot borer and stem borer attack on sugar-cane in Ahmednagar district. Rinderpest was noticed in East Khandesh district. Damage to mango fruit by hail-storm was reported in Poona district.

Munshis Visit U.N.H.Q.

LAKE SUCCESS May 2 (PTI). Mr. K. M. Munshi, former Home Minister of Bombay, and Mrs. Lilavati Munshi yesterday visited the United Nations headquarters here writes PTI Correspondent, D. P. Wagle.

They met the Acting Secretary General, Mr. Byron Price, and Admiral Chester W. Nimitz, Plebiscite Administrator-designate for Kashmir.

Mr. and Mrs. Munshi, who were accompanied by Mr. Gopala Menon, acting leader of the Indian Delegation to the United Nations, later had lunch with Mrs. Franklin D. Roosevelt, Chairman of the Human Rights Commission.

Mr. and Mrs. Munshi returned to New York two days ago after a months tour, during which they visited some of the principal cities of the United States, including San Francisco, Los Angeles, Philadelphia, Chicago and Washington.

Mr. and Mrs. Munshi propose to leave New York on May 5 arriving in London on Monday morning.

After staying in London for about ten days, they will go to Florence where Mr. Munshi will attend the Conference of Cultural Associations of the United Nations. He is the Chairman of the UNESCO Cultural Sub-Commission for India

CEYLON'S PROBLEM: TEA OR RICE

COLOMBO, (PTI): Approximately five per cent of Ceylon's total tea acreage may have to be sacrifived for re-afforestation to ensure the irrigation of past rice growing areas

Ceylon Rubber On World Map

COLOMBO, (PTI): Ceylon rubber goods will soon be on the world rubber markets.

At present locally manufactured rubber goods are being exported only to Egypt. Belgium and Australia

Active Young Men

FURNEA May 2 (UPI): The work of the Youth Congress has begun in the district of Furnea in right earnest and it is expected that Purnea will have very well organised units of the Bihar Provincial Youth Congress. The work is being carried on in close co-operation with the District Congress Committee.

Mr. K. Santhanam

CALCUTTA, May 2 (UPI): Mr. K. Santhanam, Minister of State for Railways and Transport visited Ranaghat refugee camp this morning.

He also met the members of the Bengal Chamber of Commerce and the Bharat Chamber of Commerce and discussed with them transport problems.

Centre Takes Over

SILCHAR (Assam), May 2 (PTI): The relief and rehabilitation work in the entire Cachar District has been taken over by the Central Government from yesterday.

ABDULLAH'S ACTION CONDONED?

Arab League Evades The Issue

CAIRO, May 2, (PTI-Reuter): The Arab League Political Committe last night postponed until May 1, the meeting called for today to discuss Jordan's annexation of the "Arab Triangle in Eastern Palestine

League Secretary Azzam Pasha said the meeting was put off at the request of Iraq, because of celebrations of King Feisal's birthday in Baghdad tomorrow

But Arab political circles here suggested that Iraq merely wished to avoid discussion of the annexation for fear of its leading to a split in the League.

The League Council at its recent meeting voted to expel Jordan if she annexed Eastern Palestine. but it was considered likely here last night that the Political Committee would accept King Abdullah's action and avoid a crisis

RIGHT AND LEFT CLASH IN ISRAEL

TEL-AVIV, May 2, (PTI-Reuter): Nine May Day demonstrators were stabbed and beaten—two being seriously injured—in clashes yesterday between Communists and moderate labour supporters at Ramleh, east of here.

In the capital itself, the official programme for a giant parade was changed at the last minute after scuffles between right and left wing supporters.

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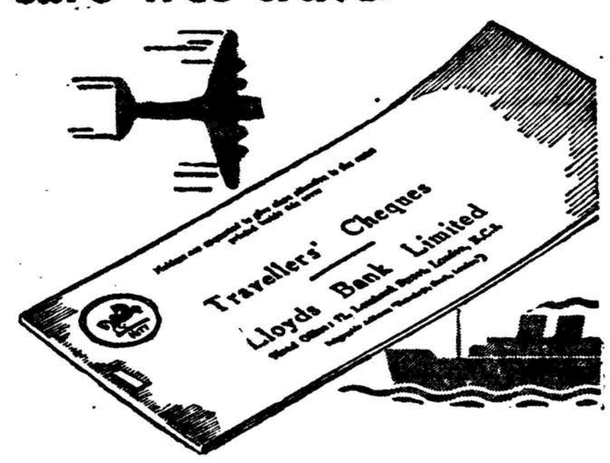

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WILL BEIGHTON CUP FINAL BE AN ALL-BOMBAY AFFAIR?

UGLYS SCENES IN MADRAS SOCCER

Crowd Invades Field On Player Being Warned Off

MADRAS, May 2.

An ugly incident marred the semi-final of the Presidency Football Tournament between the Binny Mills, Bangalore and Eleven Hunters, Hyderabad, which ended in a 1-1 drawn here today.

When the game was fifteen minutes old umpire Kesavan sent off the field one Bangalore player who had already been warned once earlier for rough play, when he deliberately kicked one of the rival players. The crowd whose sympathies lay with the Bangalore team,, resented this action and invaded the field two minutes before half-time. The authorities however managed to pacify the public's temper and the game was resumed after an interruption of eight minutes.

The Hyderabad captain said that his team was not inclined to participate any further in the tournament but added that no decision had been taken yet in the matter.

As for the game, the first-half was dominated by the Hyderabad side who took the lead in the tenth minute through centre-forward Sussay (Jr.) Exchanges were even in the second half and five minutes from end outside-left Chinnaswamy equalised for the Mills.

THE TEAMS

ELEVEN HUNTERS: Faiz, Aziz, Azam, Patrick, Ahmed, Pandari, Nasareth, Laik, Sussay (Jr.) Ayub and Ghulam Mohomed.

BINNY MILLS: Kuppuswamy, Panchurangan, Arjun, Venugopal, George, Gnanaparakasam, Balagkru, Ramaswamy, Basith, Sampangi and Chinnaswamy.

UMPIRE: T. P. Kesavan.—PTI.

MYSORE TENNIS CHAMPIONSHIPS

Semi-final Stage Reached In Mixed Doubles

BANGALORE, May 2.

The mixed doubles contest, the only competition left for decision in the Mysore State Lawn Tennis Championships conducted here, has now reached the penultimate stage as a result of today's matches. Four matches were decided this afternoon in the quarter-final round.

Mrs. Malati Ramakrishna and P. S. Seshadri of Madras will meet Mrs. B. K. Iyvengar and B. R. Kapinipathi while Mrs. Hawley and A. E. Owen will meet Mrs. Cambell and C. G. Paul in the semi-final tomorrow.

Following are today's results:-

Mixed Doubles quarter-finals:—Mrs. Malati and P. S. Seshadri beat Mrs. Jankovitch and Mascarenhas 6-1 6-1; Mrs. Hawley and A. E. Owen beat Miss Vilitha Ananda Rao and Dr. Sampath Nganathan 4-6 6-1 9-7; Mrs. Cambell and C. G. Paul beat Mrs. Issot and M. G. Appa Rao 3-6 6-4 6-2; Mrs. B. K. Iyyengar and B. R. Kapinipathy beat Mrs. Leela Shanti and Capt. Pathy 6-12-2.—PTI.

SPARKLING GAME BY OLD-TIMER QUIST

British Hard Court Lawn Tennis Championship

BOURNEMOUTH, May 2 (PTI-Reuter)—Four seeded players today advanced to mens singles quarterfinals in the British Hard Court Lawn Tennis Championships here.

They are Jaroslav Drobny, the self-styled Czech, Howard Walton, former British Davis Cup player, Geoff Brown, the Australian, and Vladimir Sirnik, Drobny's former partner in the Ceczhoslovak Davis Cup team.

None of them was extended in the 3rd round matches.

One of the most polished performances of the day was given by Adrian Quist, 37-years old Australian, in defeating 20-years old Paddy Roberts of Britain in a second round match the other half of the draw.

Quist played a sparkling game to win 6-2, 6-0, 6-2 giving a great performance of controlled speed and accuracy.

Tata Sports And Lusitanians Enter Semi-final Easily

CALCUTTA LEAGUE CHAMPIONS CUSTOMS LOSE IN REPLAY TO UTTAR PRADESH

CALCUTTA, May 2.

TATA SPORTS of Bombay (holders) and Lusitanians, the Bombay League champions, entered the semi-finals of the Beighton Cup Hockey Tournament this evening beating Bhowanipore by three goals to nil and Jamalpur Sports Association by four goals to nil respectively.

In the second replayed third round match Uttar Pradesh defeated Calcutta Customs, league champions, by two goals to one.

Tata Sports scored a convincing win over Bhowanipore in a fast and exciting match.

In the second minute Dube Bhowanipore, outside-right, worked up his way, picking a ball from the Tata twentyfive area, but there was none to assist him and his brilliant cross pass went abegging. From the seventh minute Tatas settled down and launched repeated attacks in the Bhowanipore territory. From G E Pereira, centre-half's shot De Mello, Tata inside-right, tested Halfside who saved. In the next minute Halfside again saved from Braganza, the visitor's inside-left. Bhowanipore managed to break through in the twentyfirst minute and from Jaswant's move Gurung shot wide. A minute from half time Coutinho, Tata left-out, scored off a pass by Lawrie Fernandez outside-right.

Crossing over with one goal lead, the holders pressed again and for rest of the time put the losers entirely on the defensive. In the fourth minute R. Das Bhowanipore right-back, effected a clearance off D'Souza, Tata centre-forward. In the next mirute the Bombay eleven consolidated their position, D'Souza beating halfside after he had effected a faulty clearance off De Mello. Bhowanipore did not lose heart even after the second goal and carried out concerted raids on the Tata citadel for sometime. In the eleventh minute Jaswant Bhowanipore centre-half, again put Gurung in possession but from his shot Pinto, Bombay goalkeeper, saved. In the twentythird minute, Tatas scored their third goal, G.E. Pereira centre-half converting a short corner hit.

Teams were as follows:

TATA SPORTS (Bombay): L. Pinto, H. Carvalho and R.S. Gentle; D ernandes, G.E. Pereira and Perumal; L. Fernandes, J. DeMello, I. DeSouza, A. Baganza and F. Coutinho.

BHOWANIPORE: Halfside, R. Das and U. Dutt; Sunderlal, Jaswant and Chadda; Dube, Frank, Gurung, H. Guha and B. Sen Gupta.

Umpires: S. Ganguly and Subhas Dutt.

LUSITANIANS WIN EASILY

In an one-sided game Lusitanians had no difficulty in beating the Jamalpur Sports Association

After about fifteen minutes play in which the Bombay team had a greater share of exchanges the first goal came from a concerted movement of their forwards. L. Vaz, right-out passed to Champaklal, the left-out, who sent in a high short at the Jamalpur goal. The ball banged the cross bar and returned to play but Rozario, centre-forward, who was lying handy cleverly notched it in In the twenyysecond minute Woodcock, Lusitanians' inside-right scored from a pass by Rozario.

After the break Jamalpur goal underfent some narrow escapes. T. Chakravarty, their goalkeeper saving twice from Woodcock. In the eighth minute Rozario, Bombay centre-forward, scored the third goal with a stiff shot from a pass by L Vaz, outside-right. In the thirteenth minute Lusitanians got their fourth goal. L. Vaz centred well to Champaklal, outside-life, but Chakravarty saved. Rodriques inside-left, however scored from the rebound.

Teams were:

LUSITANIANS (BOMBAY): S. Menezes, S. Dias and W. D'Souaz, F. D'Gama, Amir Kumar and Maxie Vaz; L. Vaz, Woodcock, S. Rozario, P Rodriques and Champaklal.

JAMALPUR SPORTS ASSOCIATION T. Chakravarthy, R. K. Rao and F. Besset; R. Clarge, A. Woodword and S. Jones; A. Singh, C. J Isacks, K. Brookes, M. Baptista and H. Deogun.

Umpires: A. Roy and P.C. Dutta.

CALCUTTA CHAMPIONS BEATEN

Utttr Pradesh accounted for the Calcutta Customs through sheer opportunism. Both the chances they got were utilised by their crafty forwards. In a dull game Customs enjoyed territorial superiority but the strong U. P. defence averted dangers by their perfect tackling. Wahidullah, right-back, and Tahawar Shah, centre-half, were the best defenders in the upcountry team.

After an uneventful first half, Seth effected a clever save from Inderjit, Custom's inside-right, in the first minute of the second period. In the sixth minute, U. P. scored, Akhtar, out-side-right, passed to Masiullah, inside-left and before Claudius Customs' right-half could take position, the latter beat Ghosh with a long-ranger. In the fifteenth minute Husein Ali, centre-forward, scored the second goal for Uttar Pradesh. Customs reduced the margin with 18th minute, Inderjit scoring off a free hit by Ravi Dev, centre-half.

Teams were:

UTTAR PRADESH: Seth Wahidullah and Hem Prakash; Abid Ali, Tahawar Shah and Sami; Akhtar, Idris, Husain Ali, Masiullah and Bertire Tiwary.

CALCUTTA CUSTOMS: A. Ghosh, Cleaue and Ertado Claudius, Ravi Dev and G. Das; Deefolts, nderjit Rai, Todman, Raj Kapoor and Rigby.

Umpires: Sudhir Dutt and N Jennings.—PTI.

Prince Simon Hot Favourite

CALLOVER ON DERBY

LONDON May 1, (PTI-Reuter): Five French horses were among the ten quoted at the Victoria Club callover on the Derby here tonight.

Three of them Pardal, Calcador and Geraphar, are owned by Marcel Boussac, while the other two were Lamiral, third favourite at one hundred to eight, and Vieux Manior.

The American bred Prince Simon who was nine to four at the last callover was now well supported at three to one.

A newcomer in the market was Lady Zia Wherner's Double Eclipse who was quoted at twenty-five to one: Double Eclipse, a stable companion of Prince Simon has run only once. He finished third Rising Flame and full Hand in the Cravel Stakes at New Market recently.

Prices were 3 to 1 Prince Simon, 17 to 2 Castle Rock, 100 to 8 Lamiral, 100 to 7 Pardal, 20 to 1 Eclat and 25 to 1 Galcador, Geraphar, Double Eclipse and Vieux Manoir, 33 to 1 Bar Ten.

YORKSHIRE BEATEN BY NINE WICKETS

Bedser Captures Six Surrey Wickets For 18 Runs

LONDON, May 2 (PTI-Reuter): The following are the results of the County cricket matches that concluded today:—

AT OXFORD: Oxford University vs. Gloucestershire match drawn.

Gloucestershire 155 and 106 for two (Young not out 54).

Oxford University 264 Hofmeyer 161).

AT OVAL: Surrey vs. Glamorgan (County Championship) match drawn.

Surrey 192.

Glamorgan 145 (Parkhouse 62, Alec Bedser, rightarm medium fast, six for 18).

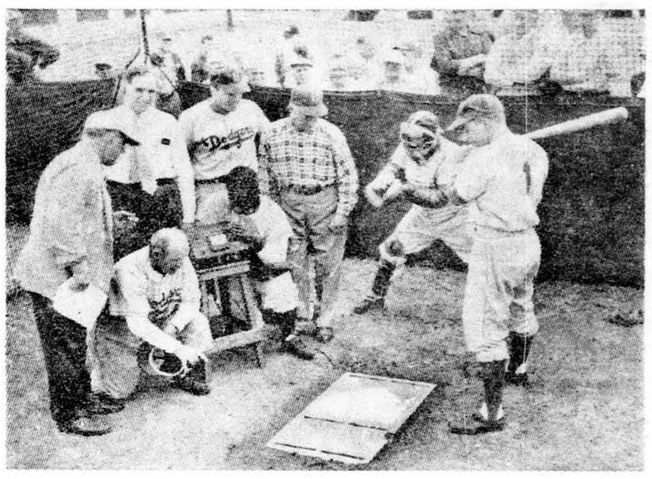
AT CAMBRIDGE: Cambridge University—Sussex match drawn.

Cambridge University 359 for five declared. Sussex 126 for six (Cox not out 50).

AT LORDS: M.C.C. beat Yorkshire by nine wickets.

Yorkshire 113 and 192. M.C.C. 284 for four wickets declared and 23 and one.

No Mistakes Now!



The Brooklyn Dodgers, champion team of the National Baseball League, one of the two major professional baseball leagues in the United States, have installed an electronic umpire at their spring training camp at Vere Bench, in the south-eastern state of Florida. The new device is used during practice sessions to enable pitchers to perfect their control, and also to eliminate the necessity of having an umpire present to judge the balls and strikes. Three rows of lights cover the strike zone (over home plate, between the shoulders and knees of the batter). In operation, if a pitched ball passes through the zone, a light flashes on the control box. If the ball does not pass over the strike zone of the plate, no lights flash. The device also measures the speed of pitched balls. Shown during the demonstration of the electronic umpire are (left to right) Branch Rickey, president of the Brooklyn Dodgers; Dick Shea, of the Central Electric Company, developer of the device; Duke Snider, outfielder on the team; Burt Shotten, manager of the team, and Bruce Edwards, catcher. Kneeling are Bill Stewart, National League umpire, and Jackie Robinson, second baseman. Pee Wee Reese, shortstop is the batter. —USIS Photo.

GREY'S 'A' TROUNCE POONA SIDE

Noshir's XI Beaten By Eight Goals In Emar Cup

BOMBAY, Tuesday.

NOSHIR'S ELEVEN from Poona, a Parsi Women's team made a rather goalful retreat from the Tommy Emra Gold Cup Hockey tournament when in their first appearance in Bombay's Women's hockey they were beaten by Grey's 'A' in the quarter finals by eight easy goals.

There was nothing to enthuse over in this one-sided game where play was solely confined to the Poona side's half Noshir's XI were much relieved when the final whistle blew.

Bombay Grey's 'A' had not to exert themselves at all to stay put in either the Poona side's goal area or the opponents' half, where play was more in the nature of a practice game. The fourth minute saw Mrs. Lorna Read convert a penalty corner which was the third of a long services.

Having just a primary knowledge of the game of hockey, Noshir's XI from were seen to have little use for the sticks and more use of their legs.

In the 12th minute Jacquelin Reader scored her side's second goal from a rebound off a defender's stick and a few minutes later Leah Burton scored the third goal from close in. A much bigger tally could have been registered in this short period, but it was a question of wasted chances and good goalkeeping. Half time saw the Grey's total three goals.

YVONNE CARVALHO MISSES HAT-TRICK

Yvonne Carvalho was in scoring mood in the second period making amends for her lapses in the first half and in the space of two minutes scored two goals, one from a pass from Ray Salway and the other from the right. A minute later, Leah Burton converted a short pass from Yvonne Carvalho which chalked up half a dozen on the board.

Yvonne Carvalho could have performed the hat-trick but she missed. She however, got a third on after a break and registered the seventh goal. Towards the last minutes of the game Leah Burton scored again which completed the sides tally of eight goals.

THE TEAMS:—

GREY'S 'A': Maggie Verdes; Pansy Thomas, Lorna Read, Pat Brow Rebecca Hajioff, Dorothy Adams; Lorna Menezes, Leah Burton, Jaqueline Reader, Yvonne Carvalho, Ray Greenwell.

NOSHIR'S XI (Poona):— S. Madon; G. Irani, J. Kaikobad, F. Mehta, S. Doctor, J. Roowalla; J. Adrianwalla, D. Adrianwalla, P. Kaikobad, R Khan, D. Fitter.

UMPIRES: Nunes and B. Proudfoot.

RAILWAY BEAT MILLS

Parel Football

BOMBAY Tuesday.

B.B. and C.I. scored a solitary goal victory over Elphinstone Mills in the junior division of the Harwood Football League played at St. Xavier's College Ground, Parel, this evening in the only game played today.

The Railway were rather lucky winners. They survived by a goal scored early in the second half by Siddique.

Jayaprakash In Calcutta

CALCUTTA, May 2 (UPI): Mr. Jayaprakash Narayan arrived here this morning from Patna. He will leave for Hyderabad tomorrow by air to attend the annual conference of the Hind Mazdoor Sabha. He met the members of the West Bengal Socialist Party and discussed with them the present situation in West Bengal.

English Selectors' Task No Bed Of Roses

ENOUGH YOUNG PLAYERS MUST BE FOUND TO BEAT W. INDIES AND TOUR AUSTRALIA

LONDON, May 2, (PTI-Reuter).

ENGLAND'S cricket selectors have a difficult problem to solve during the first class season which has got under way after being rained off on the opening day.

They have to find a team sufficiently strong to defeat the powerful West Indies touring side, and at the same time "blood" enough new players who must inevitably be included in the English team to tour Australia in the winter.

The need for widespread experiment is obvious, yet its practicability maybe almost impossible. In common courtesy to the West Indies, England is bound to field the best possible side, and for the time being this will limit the chances of team building for the Australian tour.

Immediate need is a really good fast bowler, a right arm slow bowler who can exploit the googly, and a left arm bowler of the Hedley Verity class.

These may be found. It will be no fault of the selectors if they are not. The countries are co-operating by giving youth every chance, and some "unknowns" will be seen in the country side

Yorkshire, quoted five to four favourites by the bookmakers to win outright the County Championship they at present share with Middlesex, will have a fair blending of youth. Following their policy of "blooding" good youngster immediately, they included Bernard Brooke, a fast bowler in his twenties, for the opening match against M.C.C. at Lords. Last season Brooke played in Bradford League cricket, but he so impressed at the nets that Norman Yardley put him straight into the county side.

MIDDLESEX ALSO INTRODUCE YOUNG BLOOD

Middlesex also realise the need for the introduction of young blood. More opportunities will be given to F. Titmus, who made his county debut last year at the age of sixteen He is now a fulltime professional.

In the last two seasons there have been encouraging signs that more and more young men of ability are coming into the game. The progress of Brian Close, if military service allows him to play, and Frank Lowson, Yorkshire, Hubert Doggart, Cambridge, D. J. Insole, Essex, R. Berry, Lancashire, the two Graveneys, Tom and Ken, of Gloucestershire, and Peter Harvey, Nottingham, will be followed with interest.

All are looked upon as candidates for regular Test places in the near future, and they form the nucleus of some good batting and bowling.

SEARCH FOR FAST BOWLERS

In the search for fast bowlers, the performances of Ken Preston, of Essex, will claim attention. He returns to the game after an absence last season with a broken leg. Other fast bowlers who will be watched are R. Aspinal and Fred Trueman, Yorkshire, Fred Ridgway, Kent, and Leslie Jackson, Derbyshire.

It is not easy to estimate what effect the longer Test (five days) will have on the county championship. The claims of Test and other big matches may deprive a county of a player's services for nearly one-third of the championship games.

Both Yorkshire and Middlesex may suffer in this respect, and consequently the chances of Warwickshire, Worcestershire and Surrey, three of the best sides last season, look to be improved.

As usual there have been several captaincy changes, mainly because of business claims on amateur players. Horace Dollery, who leads Warwickshire, remains the only professional captain, though James Langridge is standing in for Sussex until their domestic troubles have been sorted out.

Indian Cricketers Invited By West Indies

TEAM LIKELY TO GO IN WINTER OF 1952 AFTER ENGLISH TOUR

BOMBAY, May 2.

AN INDIAN cricket team may visit the West Indies in the winter of 1952. The West Indies Cricket Control Board has extendd an invitation to India for a return visit, if possible during the next winter, it was revealed here today by Mr. A. S. De Mello, President of the Board of Control for Cricket in India.

Mr. De Mello said that while India would be delighted to return the courtesy of the West Indies team which toured this country recently, it would not be possible to send out an Indian team to West Indies until the winter of 1952.

He pointed out that an Indian team will be visiting England during the summer of 1952 and it was more convenient for Indian cricketers to go the West Indies after their tour of England.

Mr. De Mello, who is leaving for London on May 5, to attend the Imperial Cricket Conference, will meet the President of the West Indies Board with whom he will discuss the details of the proposed Indian tour of West Indies.

In the Day's Sport

HOCKEY

Bombay Gymkhana

5-50 p.m. Lusitanians 'A" vs. City 'A' Emar (Cup Semi-Finals.)

FOOTBALL

Cooperage

4-30 p.m. Hill XI vs. Little Pioneers "B" (Summers Gild Cup).

5-45 p.m. Indian Navy vs. J. C. League (Practice.)

G.I.P. Railway Ground, Parel

4-30 p.m. New China Mills vs. Mazagoan Docks 'B".

G.I.P. RAILWAY WIN NADKARNI CUP

Shell Unlucky To Lose In Keen Soccer Final

BOMBAY, Tuesday.

THE shock and fast improving side of the Cooperage soccer—G.I.P. Railway triumphed over Burmah Shell by the odd goal in three to win the Nadkarni Cup this evening. The Railway were rather lucky to beat last year's runners-up, for on the run of play the Oilmen were superior.

Major General Brar, Commander, Bombay Area presided and distributed the prizes.

The Railway put out an all out effort to win and succeeded against a well balanced Shell side which clamis in its ranks two Trades players. Middlecoat and Maxie Fernandes both of whom gave sterling performances as pivot and left outer respectively, but the Oilmen were badly let down by Ganesh, former Mysore player who blundered miserably when on three occassions he attempted to toy with a helpless custodian.

Burmah Shell's defence St. Anne and Vaidya stood up well to an attack that varied its tactics. Short passes were Tambe's delight, while Shiva, Aziz, and James were won't to smack the leather about hard in order to open out the game. Shiva scored his sides all important cup winning goal.

The clever game of Middlecoat for Shell in pivotal position was an eye opener to many a distributor. Middlecoat swing the ball about to the flanks, well, occasionally more often to the left than right but he later realized his mistake and this saw the game open out. Middlecoat's forward centre passes were always dangerous and due to the alertness of the Railway defence these passes were positively goalgetters. Santiago gave another brilliant display in the Oilmen's goal, but Santiago is such that beaten once he looses courage and is prone to be beaten again.

For the Railway, the honours must be showered on the forward line. James, Tambe, Gulab, Aziz and Shiva. Both outers can be relied upon to fight to the last and Shiva's long shots have sometimes caught many a custodian napping. He packs power in those legs. Tambe is nippy and nimble footed but what he lacks in height he makes up for with his feet.

A Duncan shone in the intermediate line where he was detailed to hold on to the flashy Maxie but however hard he tried with his speed Maxie with his experience and quick-footedness eluded him. Almeida and Panna were the saviours of the Railway in the second period when Shell all but scored.

The Railway have also to thank their custodian Sukhlal for saving with confidence. He was at times faced with the task of meeting Shell's centre forward alone but he was not to be ruffled and due to this he kept his charge well.

The Railway took the initiative and held ani to the advantage for sometime, but gradually Shell got going and the pace of the game rose by degrees. The ball stirring from goal to goal and the rival goalkeepers had anxious moments. Santiago was well and truly beaten by Tambe but luckily for him the cross bar was his lucky one. Sukhlal on the other side affected a very neat clearance from a corner kick by Maxie sending the ball away with his fists.

The seventh minute of play brightened up play for the Railway opened their account when Aziz ran down to goal area and had Santiago beaten when he rushed out to clear as no defender was in sight to tackle. The Railway passed the breather stage with a goal lead

On resumption they forged ahead with another goal scored by Shiva when he slammed a pass from James into goal which gave Santiago no chance whatever to save

Undeterred the Oilmen did not give up the struggle, but they redoubled their efforts and were rewarded when in the midway period of this half they reduced the margin through Rego who converted a forward pass from Middlecoat

Spurred on by this goal, the Shell side went out for another goal but Ganesh had something radically wrong with his scoring feet and twice missed with only the goalie to beat. Middlecoat was rather unlucky when he sent in a veritable pile driver which luckily the Railway struck the cross bar. The Railway ran out winners.

THE TEAMS:—

G.I.P. RAILWAY:— Sukhlal; Panna, Almeida, A. Duncan, B. Duncan, Dalgado; Aziz, Tambe, Gulab, Shiva, James.

BURMAH SHELL:— Santiago; St. Anne D'Souza, Vaidya, A. Francis, Middlecoat, Pinto; Michael, Rego, Ganesh, Santan, Maxie Fernandes.

Referee:— N. K. Utchil.

COURSE RECORD OF 64 EQUALLED

Field Of 132 For Dunlop Golf Tournament

WENTWORTH, May 2 (PTI-Reuter)—Tom Haliburton of North Middlesex equaled the record on the East Course here today in the first round of the Dunlop 2,000 Guineas Golf Tournament with a card of 64.

On the West Course which was also being used Bobby Locke, South African holder of the British open title, R. G. French, of West Surrey, H Weetman of Hartsborne, W. S. Forrester, of Royal Belique, and Maxfaulkner, of Royal Mid Surrey, shared the lead each with rounds of 73 followed one stroke behind by Osie Pickworth, Australian open champion

Eiburton led the East Course field by two strokes with E. N. Bousfield, of Coombe Hill, and Arthur Rees of Sunningdale, taking second place.

The field numbered 132 for the ninety holes tournament, the first major event to be held in professional tournament play over this distance. The score for each of the five rounds will count in the final aggragates.

The first two rounds will be played over the East and West Courses, and a further round will be decided over the West. A maximum of fifty players will then contest the final thirty-six holes over the West Course on Friday.

More Sports News On Page 7

FRANK EDWARDS TO DEFEND TITLE

English Amateur Billiards Championship

LONDON, May 2, (PTI-Reuter): Frank Edwards, who toured India last year, is defending his title in the English Amateur Billiards Championship which is being decided at the Burroughs Hall, London.

Edwards, who received a bye in the first round, won his second round match beating Henry Cannion of London, by 1,386 points 1 231.

Other players who have already reached the third round are: E. Hughes of Liverpool A. Hibbert, of Manchester, G. Cranstone, of Newcastle and R. D. Williams, of Birmingham.

Seventeen players from all over the country entered for the competition which is being played daily, except Sundays until May 17.

Two sessions of two hours duration will decide the matches in the early rounds, but the two semi-finals will be held over two days—four sessions of two hours each

The final which starts on May 15 is over three days consisting of six sessions of two hours each.

The Bombay Chronicle

CHALLENGE TO DEMOCRACY

According to a United Press of India report from London, the United States of America is credited with the intention of urguing before the International Court at The Hague that South Africa can legally be deprived of control over the mandated territory of what before the First World War was German South West Africa. If the American intention has been correctly reported, it is rightly considered in London as an issue of major political importance. In fact, there are involved in it two major issues of the most vital importance to the world. The controversy over the future of South West Africa has brought to the forefront the question of the rights, responsibilities and jurisdiction of an accepted International Body when challenged by any national Government over any matter that is not the main, let alone exclusive, concern of the latter. And it has also brought into the forefront the question of where the coloured peoples of the world stand today vis-a-vis the white race. The grave importance, because of their potentialities, of the two issues involved can be esaily realised.

The vicissitudes of South-West Africa constitute a sordid story of unilateral attempt — encouraged and supported unfortunately by a Britain moved by a completely wrong sense of Commonwealth expediency, if nothing worse—at territorial usurpation amounting practically to open daylight roobery. After the First World War, German South-West Africa was given into the charge of, not gifted to, South Africa under the Mandates System the fundamental principles of which were (a) that non-metropolitan territories of the Associated Powers were taken over as a Mandate by a world organisation, namely, the League of Nations, (b) that this Mandate was to be administered by a nominee of the League of Nations in the name and on behalf of the latter and with a specific, clearly proclaimed objective, and (c) that the objective was to educate, train and otherwise prepare the people to take over the control of their country as a free and independent country. When the League of Nations met with dissolution, its international rights, responsibilities and authority were inherited not by individual sovereign Governments but by its international successor, the United Nations Organisation. That was as it should have been. And the position was accepted by South Africa which, in acknowledgment of the authority and responsibility of the United Nations used to submit reports to the U.N. about its work in South-West Africa and the social, economic and political progress of the people. Then, of a sudden, South Africa decided to deny any authority of the U.N. over South-West Africa. On the face of it this denial constituted a scandalous defiance of the United Nations of which South Africa was, and is, a member. The unfortunate part of it is that South Africa was supported by Great Britain which forgot her obligations to the U.N. to international morality and to coloured peoples and countries including India, Burma, Pakistan and Ceylon in order to ponder to the greed of a race-fanatic like South Africa. How the British Labour Government, very well aware of the racial and plans of White South Africa as proclaimed and proved by its conduct towards and plans for Africans and Indians in South Africa, imagine, or rather pretend to imagine that annexation of South-West Africa by South Africa would be an economic, social and political boon to South-West Africans, is a questions that puzzles many and to which such members of the commonwealth as India, Pakistan and Ceylon and such friendly nations as Burma particularly desire an answer.

Meanwhile, the U.S. decision, if correctly reported, is to be welcomed. It is a stand which does not only vindicate those principles of International rights and responsibilities and of human and democratic obligations which constitute the spirit and the very life of the U.N. Charter to which all have subscribed and without which the future of humanity is doomed. It is also a stroke of wise, statesmanlike realism. There is no truth more glaring than that policies of racial discrimination practised in whatever varying degrees and manner by the West have served as a serious obstacle to the development of good and friendly feelings and relations between the countries of Asia and Africa on the one side and the West on the other. It is also a glaring truth that the sympathy and friendship of countries like India, Pakistan and Indonesia are vitally needed by the West. This indeed is such a glaring truth that a man like Dr. Malan himself has admitted before his Senate that if India broke away from the Commonwealth and did not remain in friendship with the West, "that would not only mean the crumbling away of the Commonwealth, but a weakening of the democracies of the West." Here is an admission the full meaning of which cannot be emphasised too much. At The Hague where the issue has been taken by South Africa and Great Britain far more will be decided than the future of South-West Africa and its people. It will, in fact, decide the fate of Western Democracy. And it is upto the United States to save Western Democracy.

Chandernagore Joins India

Without pomp or ceremony the 250 years old French rule came to an end today in Chandernagore. One of the five French settlements in India, it had voted in a referendum in June last year for union with India. Chandernagore is an enclave in Indian territory on the Hooghly River about 22 miles from Calcutta. It has a population of 50,000 and was first occupied by the French in 1688 and has changed hands several times. Since 1816 it has been in uninterrupted possession of the French. The Chandernagore Municipal Council, which has Congress majority, had voted in favour of union with India in December 1948. This process of change, inevitable, as Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru had said by reasons of history, geography and culture, has been voluntary and peaceful and is hoped to strengthen the bonds of friendship between India and France. There are four more French settlements of Mahe, Karikal, Pondicherry and Yannam whose future is yet to be decided by a referendum. The voters' lists are likely to be ready by June. But there seems to be some reluctance to implement the promise. A former Commissioner of Pondicherry is reported to have told the press that culturally Chandernagore has been a part of India but Pondicherry is a city born and developed in French culture and there was very little possibility of it merging with India. The French official is welcome to his exclusively French views. It is for the people of these settlements to vindicate India's stand. There is a subtle move on the part of France to influence the outcome of the referendum in her favour. The French propose to grant autonomous status to Pondicherry, Karikal, Mahe and Yannam within the framework of the French Union.

Meanwhile, India's liberal attitude towards the foreign possessions seems to have had exactly the opposite effect on Portugal. There is more repression in Goa today. Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru's statement that the Portuguese possessions must merge with India in the end has been like a red rag to the Portuguese officials. A leaflet condemning Pandit Jawaharlal's remarks is being officially circulated among the people for signatures. Goan Officials, who refuse to sign it, are not only being dismissed but threatened with exile to the Portuguese island of Kabu Verdi in Africa. By such actions the Portuguese are only exhausting the patience of India and alienating whatever little sympathy is left for them. It is for the people of Goa, to decide finally whether they are with or against the mother country.

Tiger's Visit

The movement from villages to towns, mourned by economists who have the country's welfare at heart as being responsible for the ruin of our economy, does not apparently pertain to men and women alone. The animal kingdom too seems to feel the urge, and while one may be sure that they do not gravitate from the fields to the mills lured by money, it cannot be denied that the city exercises a spell over the denizens of the forest who are bored with an existence which has no thrills to offer now that princely India has been liquidated and "shikars" belong to a nostalgic past. Recently we heard of the tiger who made his new in Poona's busiest quarter. He had come straight from his lair, and was therefore an unschooled boor who was quickly brought to his senses. On the other hand, the Calcutta visitor was almost human in his habits. His proneness to sunstroke puts him on a par with the "burra-saheb" now, alas, no more with us! If left to himself the tiger who had escaped from his cage would have managed to make his way to Darjeeling where, of course, he would have been in his element. A matter which seems to have escaped notice is the manner of his escape from custody. The more one studies it, the more one is struck by its resemblance to the tactics adopted by certain people when they want to get out of an irksome confinement. Was the tiger a student in one of those underground schools where these things are taught as a matter of course?

Thought For The Day

The One remains, the many change and pass; Earth's shadows fly, Heaven's light forever shines; Life like a dome of many-coloured glass Stains the white radiance of eternity, Till death tramples it to fragments..

—PERCY BYSSHE SHELEY.

Tete-a-Tete

WITHOUT COMMENT

WASHINGTON, May 2, (PTI-Reuter):— The United States may have to abandon Korea, Senator Tom Connally, Chairman of the Senate Foreign Relations Committee, said in an interview published here yesterday.

In the independent weekly news magazine U.S. News and World Report the Senator declared that Russia could overrun Korea whenever she felt like doing so.

* *

In a recent pronouncement Acharya Kripalani has solemnly warned that the Congress organisation would disappear and Congress Governments would "meet an unnatural death" in case the leaders and the people still failed to follow Gandhiji's advice.

It is, we beg earnestly to urge on Acharya Kripalani, of the utmost importance, therefore that a lead should immediately be given in following Gandhiji's advice.

* *

At a May Day rally in Bombay, Mr. N. M. Joshi the veteran labour leader said that within three years of political freedom, serious encroachments on civil liberties had been made by the Central and State Governments.

Also inspite of three years of political freedom serious encroachments on the latter and spirit of civil liberties continue to be made by several — er—civil libertinians.

* *

Durban report: A heavily armed force of police rushed to the Mapumulo districts of Zululand to quell thousands of Africans in two factions fighting with guns and spears.

Obviously these Zulus deserve nothing better than the position of chattal. Why, they are such backward, uncivilised and, in fact, complete savages that they fight in their thousands with guns and spears instead of in their tens of millions with hourtzers, blockbusters, atom bombs etc.

* *

Speaking in New Delhi, Guruji Golwalkar is reported to have exhorted those of his countrymen "who believe that the emancipation of their motherland lies in the revival of their ancient culture" to rise to the occasion.

How does one rise back to the occasion of the ancient past?

* *

It is reported from Moscow that a new planet — said to display an "unusual movement"—has been discovered by a Soviet astronomer in the Crimea.

Yes, it must obviously be named after—as you say.

* *

According to a Lake Success report, an Arab State is expected to raise the question of Tunisian independence at the next meeting of the U.N. General Assembly.

The consequent condemnation of it by a shocked and horrified group of Big Powers would be worth the while of that State as a compliment and vindication.

* *

FRANCE WILL NOT MAKE ATOM BOMB.
Premier's Statement.

—Headline

A far more desirable way of getting rid of Joliot-Curie.

BOOKS OF TODAY

MANKIND— WHITHER BOUND? By M. N. Dhalla. Published by the author. Pages 567.

THE WORLD IN FLAMES By K. K. Pradhan, Padma Publications Ltd., Bombay Price Rs. 5 Pages 118.

COMMUNIST VIOLENCE IN INDIA. Issued by the Ministry of Home Affairs Government of India. Pages 71.

TWO YEARS SINCE INDEPENDENCE Published by the Director of Publicity West Bengal. Pages 169.

CONVERSATIONS OF GANDHIJI. By Chandrashanker Shukla Pages 134 Rs. 3 Vora and Co Publishers Ltd., Bombay. ... ...

PATH OF LIFE By Umrao Bahadur. Rajkamal Publications Ltd. Delhi Price Rs. 1/8 Pages 105.

THE TRIAL OF FIFTEEN PROTESTANT PASTORS. Sofia—Bulgaria. Press Department—Ministry of Foreign Affairs—Pages 151.

IN "Our Perfecting World" Destur M. M. Dhalla, the High Priest of the Parsis had given his readers what was practically a history of civilisation in all its phases. In "Mankind-Whither Bound" the sequel to this book — he follows up his idea by surveying in brief a period of some seven thousand years of history, taking into account the progress of the religious, cultural, social, political cultural and economic life among all the great nations of the East and West.

Dastur Dhalla has however, his own thesis to expound. He hopes to show that our universe is unfolding towards an aim and that the life of man, imperfect in all its phases, has throughout the period of human history been slowly but steadily progressing towards perfection through the inexorable laws of co-operation with good and conflict with evil, — which was the message of hope brought, among prophets, by Zarathustra to mankind. The book itself is divided into various sections covering life in the prehistoric period life among the Egyptians, the Babylonians, the Chaldeans, the Persians, and the Sassanians, the Mohmmedans, the Ayans, the Greeks, the Romans, the Chinese and the Japanese and the Christian and American civilisations. The second part is devoted to a discussion of the outcome of some seven thousand years of civilisation, taking into account the Perennial menace of Imperialiasm, the march of socialism and the threats of Communism, and finally the one world, one Religion idea that has crept up to-day.

The religious theme is borne out throughout, religion having played a deeply integral part in all lives. In fact, Dr. Dhalla tries to envisage whether religion can meet the challenge of modern times. The very vastness of the subject makes the history naturally sketchy but the carefully drawn out sub-heads and the high level of clear and profound thinking, based on careful observation and wide reading make the book both stimulating and attractive in a high degree.

Dr. Dhalla who writes classical English of great purity has an attractive style and a detached air and the book can be specially recommended to all thinkers.

A World In Flames

"Mr. Pradhan's style may not appear very happy. At some places he may not have written with a facile pen. But those who will discern his thought will certainly get his warmth and hope," says the publisher's blurb to the World in Flames. One wonders just how. Indeed the style is so involved, the sentences are so long drawn out, complicated and obscure, the entire expression so wanting that the book leaves the reader with a feeling of utter incomprehensibility.

The author calls the world of today a world in flames. He wants to shake man from his slumber, sloth and stupor and make him think. Man has within him the fount that can lead to his own happiness and bliss. Giving his own interpretation of Sat, Chit and Anand — the three ingredients whose equilibrium in make him happy — Mr. Pradhan applies it to our present day social, political economic and other world problems — from feudalism to capitalism and the economic distress after the war and from socialism to idealism and indicates how man can fulfil his mission and strive for an ideal society.

But despite the many isms and ideologies and the many messages doled out 'a la carte', one finds the book disappointing.

Open Revolt

In the course of a statement in the Constituent Assembly in February 1949 the Prime Minister described the attitude of the Communist party as not only one of open hostility to the Government but one which can be described as bordering on open revolt. Taking this as the starting point this Government of India publication analyses the many statements made by the party time and again — many of which have been put down as lies, — and describes the various aspects of the revolt the hunger strikes in Bengal jails, the raids on airports and workshops with bombs, revolvers and sten-guns and finally the activities in Hyderabad — yet another centre for communist violence. A few illustrations and an appendix are the highlights of the book.

West Bengal Government

The fact that West Bengal and the East Punjab stood on a different footing from the rest of the provinces in India cannot be gainsaid. Partition greatly complicated the situation in these provinces, not only affecting the economic equilibrium of the old provinces but putting a strain on their resources by the sudden influx of a very large number of refugees from one part to another.

The problem of the rehabilitation of these refugees and the many other problems that the Government of West Bengal had to contend with and the results they have been able to achieve forms the the theme of "Two Years Since Independence". There are 18 subjects tackled, among them Finances, Land Settlement Education, Welfare of Workers, Irrigation, Co-operation, Refugee Resettlement, Law and Justice and Publicity. The many excellent pictures, particularly of the Relief Camp, and the fine layout add much to the value of the book.

Conversations

Chandrashankar Shukla who was associated with Gandhiji since 1921, was his secretary for one year in 1933-

(Continued on Page 9 Col. 7.)

FRANKLY SPEAKING

U. P. Co-operative Experiment

The Uttar Pradesh, Co-operative Department, Lucknow has published a booklet showing the progress of the Co-operative movement in the province. There are about one lakh villages in the province and 37,000 co-operatives are working at present with a membership of 26 lakhs, and a working capital of Rs. 14 crores. It is admitted that the main task for the country at present is to increase production both agricultural and industrial so that economic conditions of masses can be improved. Co-operative Societies have made remarkable progress in all free countries. But so far very little was done in this country by the foreign Government. Now, India being a free country, more attention is as it must be, paid in this direction. The main difficulties we have to contend with in this country are mass illiteracy, poverty, pessimism and other various causes and until these conditions are sufficiently changed, very little progress will be made. The people must be made to realise the beneficial results of such co-operative societies and the Government must provide necessary funds and give impetus in other directions too, so that economic exploitation may end and all the benefits go to the members. In this direction, we need honest workers who will go to villages and educate the masses and help them in forming co-operative societies according to the needs of the area. Co-operative farming and marketing are absolute necessities and the Government must introduce bonded warehouses, where agricultural produce can be stored on modern lines with insured risks against thefts and fire. The Government must also make provisions to grant loans to the extent of about 90 per cent of value and carry stocks until buyers come in. Even societies, like individual farmers, have to sell out their produce as soon as crops are ready because most of the crops are gathered within a period of two to three months, while the distribution to consuming centres takes the whole year. Thus holding power plays an important part in the realisation of due price. At present middlemen with their financial resources buy agricultural produce from the cultivators and make big profits. It, therefore, the Government are anxious to promote the co-operative movement in the country, they must do away with these unwanted middlemen.

Assam's Example

The tea planters of Assam have set up a remarkable example in resettling displaced persons. The Indian Tea Association has agreed to the rehabilitation of 17,000 refugees consisting of about 3,000 families in 71 tea gardens. The Government, of course, are doing their part by providing as large an amount as Rs. 19 lakhs for the implementation of the scheme. This probably is the first organised attempt to tackle the problem on a large scale. Though free rations and a certain amount of money are to be given in the initial stages, the steady employment which the refugees will have will soon make them self-reliant. Nothing is more galling to the displaced person than the feeling that he is a burden on some one else. This is at the back of most of the troubles, in which refugees are involved. On the one hand, the tax-payer feels that he is being fleeced to maintain an idler; on the other hand, the refugee cannot help thinking that if the Government is serious about its professions of putting the refugee on his feet again it can easily find him a job when so much work is waiting to be done. The only way to break this vicious circle is for the three affected parties to approach the problem in a spirit of co-operation. After all, there is no conflict of interests. The Assam example shows that such an approach is possible. If the plan succeeds, similar efforts can be made elsewhere and soon the concentration of refugees in crowded camps in the most insanitary conditions will be a thing of the past. They will cease to be refugees; they will become satisfied workers who have a stake in the country's welfare.

Koliwada Incident

The Chief Presidency Magistrate's report on the firing at the Koliwada Refugee Camp clearly vindicates the police and establishes that in all they did they only upheld the law. The report reveals the determined way in which the refugees obstructed the law. There is a tendency in a section of the Press to glamorize the refugees' action by calling it satyagraha. Considering that it was all in support of obstructing bailiffs, it is a poor sense of values which seeks to confer merit on the action. The refugees have only injured their own case by resorting to these desperate measures. There are evidently real grievances but this was not the way of securing redress.

Well Done

The Government of Bombay have acted with commendable despatch in tackling the acute problem which arose in the city, due to the sudden disappearance into the black market, of penicillin and the sulpha drugs. It must be admitted that the Government could have acted even earlier, but credit lies in the fact that they have taken an important decision within a week or so, after the public outcry with regard to the malpractices of merchants in respect of these life giving drugs found expression in the Press, and were later brought to the notice of Bombay's Home Minister at a press conference. But, considering the fact that already considerable stocks of these drugs have found their way into the nands of unscrupulous businessmen, it behoves Government not only to regulate future stocks as they arrive, —and, incidentally, to open distribution centres throughout the State, not in Bombay alone—but also do something stringent, to see that these hidden stocks are disgorged. That no mercy need be shown to these heartless profiteers, becomes evident when one remembers that in the earlier days of quinine shortage these men cornered stocks and sent up prices as high as Rs. 500 per lb.

OUR READERS' VIEWS

Genuine And Spurious Khadi

We have read with interest your references of "spurious khadi" in 'Frankly speaking' column of your issue of Wednesday the 19th instant. I am afraid it has been written in absence of full information regarding the various types of khadi that are at present on sale in the market.

Our Association is conducting one of the largest Sale Depot of Khadi which can be genuinely called 'Khadi' and which is certified by the A.I.S.A. and the sale of this type of khadi is done without any restrictions regarding spinning or yarn currency. Since the release of Mahatma Gandhi in 1944, he had given a very serious thought of the future development of khadi and the part it should play in the future development of non-violent society, and according to his views the A.I.S.A. re-orientated its policy and introduced a symbolic contribution of yarn from every khadi wearer worth 2 pice for a rupee worth of khadi that he purchases. Gradually this was raised and ultimately the A.I.S.A. has now finally decided to devote all its energies and experience for the development of self-sufficient khadi only. According to this, the philosophy of khadi is not a commodity of purchase but is a symbol of classless non-violent society working towards Sarvodaya. However, for the facility of khadi-wearers who have not reached to that height ideologically and who want to purchase khadi as a political or economic movement, the A.I.S.A. has made special arrangements and is encouraging public institutions who are not working for profit to engage themselves into the work of production and sales of khadi. The A.I.S.A. is also carrying the responsibility of inspection, rates and purity of the khadi produced by these institutions and is issuing certificates to only such institutions about which it is satisfied. The A.I.S.A. also insists that any surplus arising out of the operations of sales and production of certified khadi should go towards the spinners' benefit fund and which is utilised for the welfare of the spinners only. This is not known as "spurious khadi" and this type of khadi is available in sufficient quantity. Our Sale Depot alone is selling khadi worth about Rs. 80,000 to Rs. 90,000 per month and an attempt is being made to increase the production and sales of certified khadi so as to meet with the requirements of all Congress men and others who intend to wear khadi from economical or political point of view and this work is being done under the supervision and guidance of A.I.S.A. However, there are many unscrupulous merchants who are trying to take advantage of people's gullibility by selling them spurious khadi which is neither self-sufficiency khadi nor genuine certified khadi. In the production and sales of this cloth, there is no guarantee about hand-spun yarn only having been used and it is only an attempt to defraud people who want to purchase khadi by selling them such spurious cloth which is not khadi at all and charging them khadi prices which are naturally higher than the mill made or hand-loom mill yarn cloth. Under the circumstances, we feel you should clarify the position again in your paper, as your note is likely to encourage the sale of spurious khadi which should be strongly discouraged.

We also understand that the Government of India is considering a Bill to protect the word "Khadi" for either self-sufficiency or genuine khadi which is certified by A.I.S.A. or such other agencies as may be prescribed by the Government of India.

SECRETARY,
Bombay Suburban Dist.
Gramodyog Sangh.

Water-Supply

While deciding upon the present hours of Water-Supply, the Bombay Municipality appears to have overlooked to take into consideration, its effect on the general health of the citizen. The present hours of Water-Supply necessitates our remaining awake until 11 p.m. and going to bed sometime at 12 midnight. Again, it necessitates our waking up some time before 4 a.m., leaving us barely 4 hours for snatching a much coveted sleep, which, cannot be restful though, as it is laden with anxiety and worry for the next morning's water-supply. All the rest of the hours of the day, we toil whether in services, business or domestic affairs. Thus, sleep, which is the most vital factor in recouping expended energy and replenishing vitality, being interfered with, the present hours of water-supply, do not appear to be conducive to the health, and general well-being of people and efficiency of the working classes, especially. I think, I would not be far wrong, if I go to the extent of saying that, continued much longer, the present hours of water supply will slowly but surely sap the health of the people and impair the efficiency of the working classes. The Municipality ought to have taken this factor into consideration. Their responsibility to make the existing stock of water last till monsoon sets in is admitted. All the same, a re-adjustment of the present hours of supply appears to be called for. I think, the present tension on the people could be eased to some extent at least, by giving the water-supply 1/2 an hour earlier at night and for one hour longer in the morning, at sufficient pressure, so that the majority of the population, who live on upper floors could get water supply without having to forego their sleep for it.

—R. N. UTCHIL.

QUESTIONNAIRE TO INDUSTRIES

Working Parties' Decision

NEW DELHI, May 2, (UPI): A decision to issue a questionnaire to indstrial intrests to elicit information on costs of production of industry, quality of products, labour efficiency industrial organisation, rationalisation and marketing of industrial prodcts was arrivedu at today at the separate meetings of working parties for cotton textile, coal and heavy engineering which were set up recently in pursuance of a resolution of the Standing Committee of the Central Advisory Council of Industries.

A preliminary discussion was held on the plan of work of these bodies and the procedure to be adopted in their inquiry. Both the coal and cotton tertile parties decided that members should be ready with a draft questionnaire which will be discussed at their next meetings on May 24 and first week of June respectively.

The heavy engineering working party decided to meet next in the first week of June at Calcutta, its headquarters. Calcutta was also chosen as the venue for the headquarters of the coal working party, while Bombay was selected for the held office of the party of cotton textile.

The parties propose to visit various parts of the contry where theuse industries are situated and are expected to be ready with their reports by the end of this year.

M. P.s Visit Hindustan Motors Factory

CALCUTTA, May 2 (PTI)—The party of M.P's now in Calcutta visited this morning the factory of the Hindustan Motors Limited, about 11 miles from here.

The plant, stated to oe largest in the east, is situated on the banks of Ganges covering on the whole an area of some 300 acres. It has a capacity to produce about 30,000 trucks and cars per annum though it is at present producing only 2000 annually.

Hindustan Motors, who are at present producing some of the important parts of an automobile like the engine, geers, crankshaft and the axle, plan to produce here all the parts, manufactured by the Morris car plant in England, within a period of three years.

Parliamentarians who spent nearly two hours at the plant saw the manufacture, or plans for manufacture, of many of the parts for which they granted protection during the last budget session. The Hindustan motors started production in June, 1947.

Later, the M.P's visited the Bengal Chemical and Pharmaceutical Works founded by the eminent scientist, Sir P. C. Ray. The factory is the oldest and largest of the kind in Asia and prepares medicines and drugs both of the indigenous and foreign varieties.

Atom Particles Travel At The Speed Of Light!

BRITISH RESEARCH GOES AHEAD

LONDON, May 2, (PTI-Reuter)

BRITISH scientists have built a new type of research instrument to boost the velocity of atom particles almost to the speed of light — 186,400 miles a second.

The Ministry of Supply announcing this stated that the new machine now in operation at Britain's atomic energy research station at Harwell, Berkshire, would greatly extend research work into the design of atomic piles including those for the production of power.

The machine, known as a travelling wave linear acclerator, generated 3,500,000 "electron volts" and such intense radiation that it had to be installed in a specially built shelter.

The Ministry said this was the second high powered particle accelerator at Harwell.

The first Synchro Cyclotron, began operating last December. Difference between the two machines was that the Synchro Cyclotron speeded up speeds of particles in a circular motion while the new machine boosted particles in a straight line.

It provided a prolific and convenient source of neutrons in the development of atomic energy by giving out a series of intense short bursts of high energy electrons aimed at a heavy metal target

Impact with the metal produced a corresponding series of Gamma Rays which were in turn absorbed bby a tank of "heavy water". The heavy Hydrogen nuclei in the water then broke up emitting the neutrons.

A powerful radio transmitter working on a wavelength of ten centimetres provided the electrical waves which began the process of boosting the electrons and the machine could emit as many as one thousand million neutrons every second

CHANDERNAGORE CHANGES HANDS QUIETLY

Administration Taken Over

CHANDERNAGORE, May 2. (PT

THE administration of Chandernagore, a French settlement in West Bengal was taken over by Mr. B. K. Banerjee, I. A. S. as its administrator on behalf of the Government of India this morning.

Only a selected few, including the President of the Administrative Council, Mr. Deven Dash, were present.

The change over took place at 10-30 a. m. at the Administrator's residence on the bank of river Hoogly. The whole function was over in about five minutes.

As had been agreed upon between the Governments of India and France, there was no ceremony on the occasion, but about 200 people gathered round the residency to witness this historic event.

Mr. Banerjee, accompanied by Mr. Deven Dash arrived at the residency at quarter to ten and was received by the French Administrator, M. Tailleur. A guard of honour was presented on the occasion by a battalion of the West Bengal armed police.

M. Tailleur then signed a typed script in French, handing over the charge to Mr. Banerjee. The latter also signed the document immediately after, thus ending the 250 years of foreign rule in Chandernagore.

A statue of Joan of Arc was placed on the table when the document was signed.

Among others present were Mr. S. Gupta, inspector-General of Police, West Bengal, Mr. A. Ganguly, D.I.G., Burdwan, and Mr. S. Dutt, Councillor, Chandernagore.

FUTURE STATUS

As regards the future status of Chandernagore, a recent press note of the Government of India stated: The Government of India in the Ministry of External Affairs will be directly responsible for the administration of the free city of Chandernagore. There is no intention, whatsoever, of the merger of the territory in West Bengal Such an arrangement is intended mainly to implement the Government of India's repeated assurance to French settlements in this country, and as far as possible their autonomy and cultural identity will be maintained after the accession, except that the French officials employed there will be replaced by Indians and Indian laws will become operative No other changes in the administrative set-up in Chandernagore are contemplated.

Chandernagore is the first foreign settlement in India to free itself from colonial rule since the attainment of independence by India in 1947.

While technically Chandernagore will continue to remain a part of the French Union till it formally becomes a part of India on ratification of the treaty, the Government of India assumed complete administrative authority with effect from today. The treaty of cession, the main provisions of which have been mutually agreed upon between India and France, is expected to be finalised at a very early date, and with its signing the transfer de jure of Chandernagore will be complete.

It will be recalled that following a declaration by the French Government allowing the people of French settlements in India to decide their future by means of a referendum, the people of Chandernagore in June 1949 almost unanimously voted in favour of merger in India.

FRIENDLY RELATIONS

The outgoing French Administrator, M. G. H. Tailleur, told pressmen that he wished well of the people of Chandernagore on this occasion. So far as Chandernagore was concerned, he said there was no difference of opinion between France and India. Only they were discussing details as to how this transfer would be effected. Although Chandernagore was being politically cut off from France, he hoped that the century-old cultural and friendly relationship between India and France would continue.

He said that talks were now going on for preserving the statues and other articles of historical importance in a museum.

The new Administrative Mr. Bannerjee, was given a reception by the Chandernagore Administrative Council at its Chamber this evening.

Mr. Deben Dash, President of the Council, welcomed the Administrator on behalf of the Council.

Replying to felicitations, Mr. Bannerjee expressed the hope that with her association in the new life of great India, Chandernagore would open for herself greater possibilities and glories.

TIES BETWEEN U.S. AND INDIA

Mr. K.M. Munshi's View

NEW YORK, May 2 (PTI-Reuter): India and the United States must come nearer to each other and understand each other, "but you must be prepared to accept us as we are", Mr. K. M. Munshi told an American audience here today.

Addressing the American Institute of Pacific Relations, Mr. Munshi said: "I find any amount of goodwill towards India in this country, and it is in the highest interest of both countries and world peace that they should ace the future hand in hand".

Mr. Munshi dwelt on the differing backgrounds of the two peoples and said that while remaining friendly, they should solve their problems in their own "characteristic ways". Speaking of Communism, Mr. Munshi said, "India has no quarrel with the U.S.S.R. though we are afraid of it. Speaking for myself, I dislike Communism. In any war, if it comes, I would be surprised if we are on the same side with U.S.S.R.".

Mr. Munshi spoke of India's position in Asia and the world. He traced the common cultural heritage of India and the United States arising out of their contact with British Parliamentary Government and rule of law. "We find ourselves at home in the English-speaking world. When my wife and I came in contact with your country last month, we never felt we were in a strange land—India, England and the U.S. are essentially one".

CO-OPERATE TO MAKE INDIA INDUSTRIALLY STRONG

Chamber Of Commerce Chief Welcomes Touring M. P.s

CALCUTTA, May 2. (PTI).

MR. S. P. JAIN, President of the Indian Chamber of Commerce, appealed for co-operation of every section of the people to create a strong industrial India while welcoming the Parliamentarians, now in Calcutta, on a "see how mission" at a reception at the Calcutta Club, this evening.

Besides the Speaker of the West Bengal Assembly Mr. I. D. Jalan, a number of State Ministers and over two hundred prominent business men of the city attended the function.

Mr. Jain expressed the hope that the tour of the Parliamentarians seeing for themselves the progress and achievements of Indian industries would lead to a better understanding of the problems of industries in the country and help in clearing certain misconceptions.

LACK OF APPRECIATION

Much of the criticism made against the industrial community, Mr. Jain said, was due to lack of appreciation of the real situation facing the industries. The industrial community had felt confident that in the independent India they would be given greater facilities and encouragement for continuing their efforts to build up the industrial structure of the country. But to their disappointment "the pendulum began to swing the other way" and private enterprise was made the special target of attack.

Whenever any measure imperative for the growth of industries was proposed many Parliamentarians were out to protest against such help on the ground that vested interests of selected few should not be protected as against the interest of the consumers.

Mr. Jalan said that the building up of the industrial structure had been fundamentally due to the courage, vision, pioneering spirit and unstinted efforts of the industrial community. Their efforts had helped to place the independent Sovereign Republic of India as sixth among the industrially advanced countries of the world. But it was regrettable, Mr. Jalan added, their bonafides were suspected and there was a tendency to consider them as a class separate from the other sections of the society working not for the real interests of the nation but for their own advantages.

INDUSTRIAL PROGRESS

Replying on behalf of the Parliamentarians, Dr. Punjab Rao Deshmukh said that from what they had seen during their tour they were satisfied that in spite of certain difficulties, there had been much progress in the industrial development of the country. But it was to be regretted, he said, that most of the industrialists could not realise that they were living in a very different age. They would have to consider every possible force not only of the past, not even of the present but of the future also and to mould their policies accordingly.

Earlier, in the afternoon the Members of the Delegation visited the Jaya Engineering Works and the Bengal Potteries.

They also visited Sealdah station to see the East Bengal refugees there.

SHRI GULZARILAL NANDA, Deputy Chairman of the Planning Commission, who arrived here this morning paid a visit to the Miraj Mission Hospital where Dr. E. H. Evans, Medical Superintendent of the Hospital, took Shri Nanda round the various departments of the hospital.

THE NIZAM, the Rajpramukh of Hyderabad gave a luncheon party on the occasion of his 65th birthday

MR. JAGJIWAN RAM, India's Labour Minister who came here on Saturday last to inaugurate the provincial Harijan workers' training camp at Rajgir, left for Delhi by air

Achieve Victory Over Death Through Service And Love

DR. RAJENDRA PRASAD'S MESSAGE TO MAHABODHI SOCIETY

CALCUTTA, May 1 (UPI).

THE view that India needs today what may be termed "moral intelligence" which will enable man to rise above the brute and achieve victory over death only through service, sacrifice and love, is stressed by President Dr. Rajendra Prasad in a message on the occasion of the "Vaisakhi Purnima" which falls today, commemorating the birth, enlightenment and Mahaparinirvana of Lord Buddha.

An image of Buddha presented by the Buddhist Association of Thailand was installed in the morning at an impressive ceremony at Buddha Dharmankur Sabha on the occasion. A special function has been arranged in the evening by the Mahabodhi Society, Calcutta.

Dr. Prasad adds: "India needs much more today than a message of peace and love. Her people have to realise that the problems of life are solved not by anger and passion but through marching firmly under the guidance of what may be termed 'moral intelligence.'

Today giveth not peace to man nor the tomorrow bringeth any promise to him. It is not that he suffers from any scarcity. On the other hand he possesses today illimitable knowledge, unbounded wealth and unlimited power. But even then life appears to him to be an endless void. The danger of the atom or the hydrogen bomb hangs over his head day and night. He knows not when the heavens would begin to belch forth fire and the earth open beneath his feet.

HIS MESSAGE

"In this anxiety and perplexity it would be his great good fortune if he could catch again the refrain of the immortal song that mankind had heard from Lord Buddha over two thousand years ago. Lord Buddha had placed before mankind an ideal which could sublimate man from the mere animal to be a symbol of truth and a focus of good. He had told man that the highest consumation of life consisted not in self indulgence but in renunciation, not in empire but in love, not in exploitation but in service.

"The essence of his message to man was that he could escape the misery of his life only by increasing service of his neighbour. If man could fill his being with this truth and could make it light, his footsteps, the cloud of sorrow and anxiety that hangs over his life so heavily today would simply melt away like an unpleasant dream and he would have become free from his worries and fears

"India needs much more today than message of peace and love. Her people have to realise that the problems of life are solved not by anger and passion but through marching firmly under the guidance of what may be termed "moral intelligence." The fundamental lession of this moral intelligence is that man rises above the brute and achieves victory over death only through service, sacrifice and love."

Stop Press

LATEST COMMERCIAL NEWS

NEW YORK COTTON OCTOBER

NEW YORK May 2.

Previous closing	31.63
Today's opening	31.60
Difference	—3
Today's closing	31.53
Difference	—10

LAST QUOTATIONS

BOMBAY, May 2.

	Rs. As.
Silver forward	191 7
Gold forward	118 12
Silver Bullion	191 0
Silver Mint	191 4
Gold ready	119 8
Sovereign	77 0

NEW YORK STOCKS

NEW YORK, May 2, (PTI-Reuter): Opening Stock Exchange prices: Anaconda Copper Mining unreceived, General Motors unreceived, U.S. Steel Common unreceived, Ditto preference unreceived.

MAIL SERVICES

(Latest hours of posting at G.P.O. Bombay).

For	Without late fee hrs.	With late fee hrs.
Nagpur, Calcutta, Madras (night service)	19-30	20-30
Delhi (night service)	20-30	—
Ahmedabad and Karachi	22-00	—
Delhi	22-00	—
Madras, Trichinopoly and Colombo	22-00	—
Calcutta and Nagpur	22-00	—
Bhavnagar, Rajkot, Jamnagar and Bhuj	22-00	—
Hyderabad and Bangalore	22-00	—

B. B. & C. I. Railway

Arr. (at Bombay Central) hrs.		Depart. (from Bombay Central) hrs.
6-00	Ahmedabad Passenger	21-45
6-30	Meerut Express	21-30
7-55	Janata Express	20-10
8-35	Gujerat Mail	20-50
9-00	Frontier Mail	19-20
10-55	Saurashtra Mail	19-30
15-45	Ahmedabad Passenger	13-50
20-25	Baroda Passenger	8-40
21-00	Saurashtra Express	8-00

G. I. P. Railway Timings

Arr. at Victoria Ter- minus hrs.	Trains.	Depart. from Victoria Ter- minus. hrs.
4-25	Allahabad Express	23-45
6-15	Madras Mail	22-25
6-30	Amritsar Express	23-10
8-25	Cal. Mail (Nag.)	17-10
10-30	Deccan Queen	17-00
11-35	Poona Mail	15-50
13-00	Madras Express	15-5
12-30	Cal Mail (All.)	20-10
14-45	Punjab Mail	15-55
13-55	Nagpur Express	21-35
19-15	Poona Express	8-20
22-25	Poona Passenger	11-5
18-10	Janata Express	7-5

COASTAL FERRY SERVICES

The following are the arrival and departure timings of ferry and cargo-cum-passenger sailings of the Bombay Steam, the Indian Co-operative and the Ratnagar Steam Navigation Companies.

At Ferry Wharf:	Arrivals.
Purangad (Daily)	5-30 a.m.
Dabhol (Daily)	6-00 a.m.
Vengurla (Tue. Wed., Fri., Sun. & Mondays)	7-00 a.m.
Panjim Vengurla Extension—(Thurs. & Saturdays only)	7-00 a.m.
Panjim Special—Panjim to Bombay direct—Tues. only	7-00 a.m.
Rewas Mondays or days following succeeding Holidays	7-45 a.m.
Dharamtar (Daily)	13-15 hrs.
Rewas Afternoon (Daily)	17-30 hrs.
(Daily)	18-00 hrs.
At Prince's Dock:	**Arrivals.**
Bombay Bhavnagar Line—Every Monday.	
Bombay Karachi Line—Every Thursday.	
Bombay Mangalore Line—Every Friday.	
Bom. Saurashtra Line—Every Sunday.	
From Ferry Wharf:	**Departure.**
Dharamtar (Daily)	7-00 a.m.
Purnagad (Daily)	8-00 a.m.
Dabhol (Daily)	8-00 a.m.
Vengurla (Sun., Mon Wed., Fri. & Saturdays)	10-00 a.m.
Panjim (Tues., Thurs., Fri. & Sun. via Vengurla)	10-00 a.m.
Panjim Special Bombay to Panjim direct (Sundays only)	10-00 a.m.
Nahava (Daily)	14-00 hrs
afternoon (Daily)	14-45 hrs.
At Prince's Dock:	**Departure.**
Bombay Saurashtra Line—Every Tuesday.	
Bombay Bhavnagar Line—Every Wednesday.	
Bombay-Karachi Line—Every Saturday.	
Bombay Mangalore Line—Every Sunday.	

Appointments Illegal

SUIT AGAINST DELHI MUNICIPAL BODY

NEW DELHI, May 2 (PTI)—Four citizens of Delhi, members of the Rate Payers Association, have filed a civil suit in a sub-judge's court praying for the grant of a perpetual injunction against 40 members of the Delhi Municipal Committee and its President and two Vice-Presidents, "restraining them from acting as members and office bearers of the Committee, and from performing all the functions and duties attached to their offices and in particular from operating the municipal funds".

They have submitted that the appointment of the 40 Municipal Commissioners had been made under a notification issued by the local self-government dated November 14, 1949 in pursuance of Section 24 of the Punjab Municipal Act 1911.

"But the said notification", they contend, "is void, ineffective, inoperative, ultra vires, and illegal, as there was no notification in existence prior to the one appointing the members, directing that all the members of the Delhi Municipal Committee, instead of election, would be appointed by the local self-government".

The plaintiffs further submitted that a notification creating authority to appoint all the members of the Delhi Municipal Committee had been issued by the Government a day later than the notification making appointments of the members.

The plaintiffs also questioned the method of administering oath to these members. The meeting at which oath was taken by them as illegal, as their appointments had not yet been notified in the gazette they added

BRITISH HARD COURT LAWN TENNIS

BOURNEMOUTH, May 1. (PTI-Reuter): All the seeded players emerged winners from their opening matches in the British Hard Courts lawn tennis champions which began here today.

The Men's title looks a certainty for 'export' with six of the seven seeded players coming from overseas. The eighth seeded player Pedro Masip, of Spain, the holder had to withdraw with an injured leg but, even in his absence it seems unlikely that any of the home players can arrest the progress of such men as Jaroslav Drobny and the Australians, Geoff Brown and Adrian Quist, making his first appearance in England since before the war.

In the Women's singles Miss Joan Curry is defending her title against a strong field including many other Wightman Cup players.

OVERSEAS MAILS: The next despatch of overseas mails for Central and Southern America, Great Britain and Ireland, Europe, Mediterranean countries, Egypt, Arabia and Aden will be made from Bombay on May 4, 1950 by R.M.S. "STRATHEDEN". Mails arriving in Bombay Foreign Post upto 6 p.m. on May 3 will be included in the despatch subject to limit of shipping space. The next despatch of overseas mails for Ceylon, Australia, Fiji Islands and New Zealand will be made from Bombay on May 4, 1950 by R.M.S. "HIMALAYA". Mails arriving in Bombay Foreign Post upto 12 noon on May 4 will be included in the despatch subject to limit of shipping space.

DR. H. L. DEY, Member, Indian Tariff Board, assumed charge as President of Tariff Board in Bombay on Monday.

PORTSMOUTH, LEAGUE HOLDERS WARM FAVOURITES

First Division Championship Still In Doubt

LONDON, May 2 (PTI-Reuter).

THE Football League season ends on Saturday, and already all but two of the championship and relegation problems have been resolved.

The issues still in doubt are the First Division championship and the runners-up position in the Second Division. In addition, the clubs who will have to seek relection to the Third Division are not yet determined.

Portsmouth, the League Championship holders, are warm favourites to retain the title and ensure that the Cup and League titles both go to Southern clubs for the first time in football history.

With two more matches to play, Portsmouth have fifty-one points and their goal average is vastly superior to that of Wolverhampton Wanderers (fifty-one with one match to play) and Sunderland (fifty points with one to play.

Portsmouth may have made virtually certain of honours before Saturday, for tomorrow they travel to London to meet the cup winners, Arsenal, and full points from this match would put them in an unassailable position

They have suffered a blow in the suspension for fourteen days of their right-half, J. Scoular, who with J. Morris of Derby county also suspended was sent off the field in the match between the two clubs on March 8

But even if Portsmouth lose to Arsenal, they should have little difficulty in beating Aston Villa at home in their final match on Saturday.

Wolverhampton play their remaining match on Saturday at home to Birmingham, who are certain to be relegated Wolves should get the two points which would at any rate ensure them getting runnersup position

Sunderland may take both points from Chelsea, who have not been impressive in recent matches.

The struggle for second place behind Tottenham Hotspur in the second division may provide a "photo finish" on Saturday. The candidates are Sheffield United, who have 52 points from their finished programme, Sheffield Wednesday, 51 points with one match to play, and Southampton, 50 points with one to play, and goal average may well decide the issue.

The vital match is Sheffield Wednesday's home game against Tottenham, with the possible intrusion of the Southampton vs. West Ham game.

If Wednesday draw 1/1 with Tottenham they will finish exactly level on points and goal average with United and a play off between the two clubs would become necessary—unless Southampton beat West Ham by sufficient margin to make their goal average superior to both Sheffield clubs

Stoke City supporters are lucky to have a chance of seeing up winners Arsenal in action against their team. Arsenal, in spite of their strenuous recent programme, should force a draw.

Middlesbrough, who have one of the best recent records in the first division, may finish their campaign with an away victory over Fulham.

Plymouth already doomed to relegation from the second division may nevertheless finish season on a high note with a home victory over Bury

UNCLE SAM IS BUILDING FOR "PEACE"

New Submarines And Ships For 335 Million Dollars

WASHINGTON, May 2 (USIS): Guided missiles have reached a stage of development that justifies their installation aboard ships of the U.S. fleet primarily for anti-aircraft use, according to Admiral Forrest P. Sherman, Chief of Naval Operations.

Sherman appeared before the House Armed Services Committee to discuss authorization for a dollar 335 million shipbuilding and reconversion programme which the Navy proposes to begin next year. He was questioned regarding an item of dollar 40 million to convert a cruiser to a guided-missile ship.

Representative Charles Elston asked Sherman whether guide-missile research had reached the stage to justify the expenditure of so large a sum. Sherman replied emphatically: "Very definitely. In my opinion, we are not warranted in delaying any longer in getting this essential element afloat".

He added that although guided missiles could be put to various uses, the ones envisioned in this item were primarily for air defences.

Sherman estimated that the entire dollar 335-million programme would take about three years to complete, and stressed that first priority must go for anti-submarine warfare items. The committee unanimously approved the full authorization

The legislation includes dollar 40 million for an atomic-powered, experimental submarine model. Sherman told the committee the work has already begun on its engines.

112 NEW VESSELS

If both houses of Congress approve and appropriate the funds, 112 new vessels would be built under the programme and 30 ships would be converted to new uses. Other projects in the proposed programme include:

1. A midget submarine, displacing 250 tons and costing $3 million.
2. A 2,200-ton experimental submarine with a power plant requiring no external source of air, to be built at a cost of $37 million.
3. A 1,100-ton target submarine costing $10 million.

In addition to these projects, the Navy is now spending $300 million a year on projects begun previously.

Sherman said the Navy is modernising these aircraft carriers of the Essex class and within two years there will be five modernized carriers of this class in service.

SALVAGE WORK AT PATIALA

29 Bodies So Far Recovered

PATIALA, May 2 (PTI): Twenty-nine bodies were recovered from the debris after night-long salvage operations at the scene of yesterday's explosion at the Quila Mubarik Fort it was reported in the morning today All but two have been identified. Of the twenty-four persons admitted to hospital, two succumbed to their injuries.

The road between the fort gate and Chauk Kaseran has almost been cleared of the wreckage.

All shops in the vicinity are being evacuated with a view to surveying the standing fort wall which appears to have some cracks and fissures, says a press note issued by the Insuector General of Police, PEPSU.

The Government, the press note says is affording every facility to the shopkeepers to remove their goods, and has taken special security measures to prevent pilferage or theft.

It puts the number of killed at thirty-one and says that the injured who are are still in the hospital are being looked after properly and a special medical staff has been detailed to attend to them.

Pak Hockey Team For World Tourney In Spain

LOHORE, May 1. (PTI): The hockey team to represent Pakistan in the world hockey championship at Barcelona, Spain, will be selected out of 33 players who have been chosen by the selection committee here today. They have been advised by the committee to keep themselves in readiness for the final trials to be held on October 7, 8 and 10. These players have been selected out of those who took part recently in the third Pakistan hockey championship.

Out of these 33 players 12 are from West Punjab, eleven from Sind, seven from the North-West Frontier province, two from the Pakistan Army and one from Bahawalpur.

CALL TO STRIVE: The Punjab Governor, Sir Chandulal Trivedi in a broadcast on Tuesday called upon Punjab citizens to strive their utmost for the success of the Nehru-Liaquat Agreement on minorities.

TUMULTUOUS WELCOME TO BEATEN CUP FINALISTS

Liverpool Team Back Home

LIVERPOOL, May 1. (PTI-Reu

THE welcome given to Liverpool football team—Beaten Cup finalists last Saturday—when they returned to the city tonight could hardly have been greater had they brought the Cup with them.

A crowd estimated at about 120,000 thronged the station and the two mile route to the ground at Anfield to welcome the party of players, wives and officials who rode in three coaches from the station.

When the train reached Liverpool 20,000 people surged against barriers and when the leading coach came out of the station with the players standing through the sunshine roof, there was terrific roar and a sea of waiving rosettes and buntings.

In spite of elaborate police precautions crowds broke through unfenced stretches of the route, holding up the coaches.

At Anfield where a junior match was being played another 30,000 people cheered the players who headed by a band, walked around the field after the game.

More people turned out on the route as the players and officials left for a civic welcome at the Liverpool Town Hall.

Another great crowd of widly cheering people "raised the roof" when the Lord Mayor appeared on the balcony with the players.

Half an hour before the party arrived at the Town Hall there was a rush in a nearby street which was only stemmed with difficulty by police and officials

Several children were caught in the rush and some had to receive first aid treatment. The excitement was also too much for some elderly people who fainted and had to be attended to.

SHRI HAREKRISHNA MAHATAB, Chief Minister of Orissa, paid a visit today to the refugee transit camps at Sealdah station. Though his visit was not previously announced, Mr. Mahatab received a great reception from the refugees who welcomed him with loud cheers.

GLASGOW RANGERS: "TEAM OF THE YEAR"

GLASGOW, May 1. (PTI-Reuter): Glasgow Rangers by drawing in one of the two Division 'A' matches tonight, which completed the Scottish League programme this season proved themselves the Scottish "team of the year"

They had already won the Scottish Cup and their draw today with Third Lanark enabled them to press Hibernian in the fight for championship honours.

Details of the Scottish season are: Scottish Cup winners—Glasgow Rangers. Beaten Finalists—East fife. Scottish League Cup winners—East Fife. Beaten Finalists—Dunfermline Athletic. Scottish League Championship winners—Glasgow rangers. Runners up—Hibernian

Relegated from Division 'A': Stirling Albion and Queen of the South.

Promoted from Division 'B' Morton and Airdrieonians.

PICKING BANDS
LEATHERS OF
M/s. COOPER ALLEN & CO.
(NORTH-WEST TANNERY)
SOLE AGENTS for:
Bombay City & Province
EVE FABRICS LTD.
INDU HOUSE
DOUGALL RD.,
BALLARD ESTATE,
BOMBAY

Simplified Controls And Economy Needed

MR. BIRLA REITERATES SEVEN-POINT PLAN

'RATIONALISATION OF BANKING INDUSTRY ESSENTIAL'

MR. G. D. BIRLA, Chairman of the United Commercial Bank Ltd. and one of the top-most industrialists of the country, reiterated his seven-point programme which he had recently put before the Indian Chambers of Commerce and Industry as the proper remedy for economic progress.

These were: closer co-operation between Central and State Governments and between labour and industry, harder work, need for economy and speed, simplification of controls, improvement in our tax system, increased opportunities for savings and rationalisation of industry.

Mr. Birla was addressing the Seventh Ordinary General Meeting of the share-holders of the United Commercial Bank Ltd., which was held on April 25.

There must be no negative attitude; there must be greater emphasis on realism, he said.

Mr. Birla made as usual a comprehensive review of the Bank's business and the many problems that confront the country. He analysed the Bank's Balance Sheet and referred to some of the highlights of the Bank's accounts. The Bank's deposits, Mr. Birla pointed out, exceeded Rs. 31 crores while the total working capital of the Bank was nearly Rs. 42 crores. The profit for the last year amounted to Rs. 32,41,000. The investment position of the Bank was sound and the liquidity of the Bank, as usual, very high.

The most striking feature of the year's working was that the Bank has now achieved topmost position amongst the Indian banks in the field of forcign exchange business.

There were, no doubt, difficulties in the year and Mr. Birla specially mentioned in this connection the restrictions imposed by labour laws and by the decisions of various labour tribunals which interfered with management and involved the banks in high incidence of overheads.

Reviewing the political affairs in the country, Mr. Birla paid a glowing tribute to India's Deputy Prime Minister for his "foresight, determination and untiring energy" which were responsible for the political integration of the country. This was an achievement which required "patience, perseverance, tact and above all speed." Mr. Birla also expressed his gratification at the successful termination of the talks between the Prime Ministers of India and Pakistan and hoped that the other outstanding questions between the two countries would be solved equally satisfactorily.

Mr. G. D. BIRLA.

DEFENCE

In the field of international events, Mr. Birla referred to the vital and strategic position of India on this side of the world and made an earnest plea for assistance to South-East Asia if the relentless tide of forces of disorder was to be arrested in time. India must grow stronger both militarily and economically so that she can resist aggression.

"Economically", Mr. Birla continued, "India lags behind and is, therefore, unable to cope with all demands for progress which are necessary for a country of her size and resources, and what is still more important, for the purpose of defence. But she is too proud to beg for any help, nor is she prepared to barter away her political freedom for a mess of pottage."

Mr. Birla then examined the salient monetary conditions of the country which had maintained stringency all through the year. There was no doubt whatever that there was considerable shrinkage in the money supply of the country. Though this shrinkage has neither affected primary products nor the conditions of living of the industrial worker, it has occurred simultaneously with a shift in incomes. The industrialists and the big businessmen have not got additional capacity to save; the middle classes are actually poorer to the extent of 40 per cent. as compared to their pre-war ratio of the share of national income.

Workers on the farm and in the factory have at present acquired greater purchasing power. But this class of people who have acquired this tremendously greater purchasing power as a result of the shift in incomes are precisely the class who, either through illiteracy or ignorance, are unable to invest their savings in banks.

IDLE MONEY

Mr. Birla estimated that not less than Rs. 350 crores was lying idle and doing no economic work in the country at present. It would not be enough merely to appoint a Rural Banking Enquiry Committee to induce this money to come to the banks. Wrong decisions in the past have done havoc to the country's economy. A set of new laws enacted during recent years have impinged grievously on the sanctity of trust. Labour policy of governments as applied to banks has shaken confidence and created misgivings. It would be necessary to undo the mischief created by this policy before banking can grow. New methods and new instruments of savings like bearer deposits and bearer certificates must be devised to meet the hoarding habits of the people. Above all, the banking industry must be rationalised by weeding out uneconomic units.

Turning to conditions in the capital market, Mr. Birla pointed out that the contraction in money supply and shift in savings have made it impossible to float new issues. Programmes of Government and public borrowings have been thrown out of gear; there has been a phenomenal collapse in the value of stocks and securities, utterly ruining investors and dissuading even the optimistic from entering into new ventures.

Government securities have also fallen. Suggestions have been made that higher interest rates would meet the crisis but that, according to Mr. Birla, was not a correct view. Dear money would merely put up the nation's bill of interest on public debt, further increasing the already bloated national expenditure and lead to further deterioration in security values, but without bringing any fresh money for investment.

Created money can, under certain conditions, meet the deficiency but that would require "constant watchfulness and quick mobility of action; otherwise, we might experience again the inflationary effects of this created money upon the price of consumer goods which, luckily, are held in check at the moment."

FOREIGN CAPITAL

Method To Induce Savings To Come Out

Mr. Birla made a passing reference to the possibility of greater foreign capital investment in India. Conditions of taxation and Government policy alike were now more attractive to foreign investors. Above everything else, new methods of tapping internal sources of savings were now necessary.

"I have suggested," said Mr. Birla, "when dealing with dwindling deposits, that bearer deposits or certificates can induce savings to come out of hoards to the monetary system.

"Likewise, industrial bearer bonds can induce some of the hoards and diffused savings to come forward in the service of the capital requirements. Workers in industries, who know the value of their industries, should appreciate this investment. It gives them benefit of capital participation."

Bearer Life Policies for small amounts can also coax savings out of the new class of savers provided the premia are based on average mortality experience and not on special medical examinations.

DEVALUATION

Examining the economic developments in the country during the year, Mr. Birla referred to the effects of devaluation. Devaluation does not go to the root of the economic malaise. It is merely a subterfuge for decreasing internal costs and would give, at best, temporary respite. We should, as means of economic betterment, aim at self-sufficiency in food and raw materials, increase our cotton and jute acreage, intensify industrial production and chalk out a comprehensive programme to increase the tempo of activity in the country as a whole.

Mr. Birla then referred to the seven-point programme which he had recently put before the Indian Chambers of Commerce and Industry. Closer co-operation between Central and State Governments and between labour and industry, harder work, need for economy and speed, simplification of controls, improvement in our tax system, increased opportunities for savings and rationalization of industry were the main features of this programme.

There must be no negative attitude; there must be greater emphasis on realism. Public expenditure must be pruned relentlessly. Labour legislation must discriminate between various kinds of employers. Cumbrous methods of adjudication of disputes are unsuited to banks and the diversity of Central and Provincial laws and decisions affect banking business very adversely. Complete freedom in administrative matters or in retrenchment of staff or in deciding such matters as promotions, bonus and increments, freedom from annoying legislative restrictions on regulation of clerical employment, adjustments of controls according to the age of the institutions for which such controls are meant and proper and representative machinery for adjudication of disputes must come first before the banking industry in this country can flourish.

Mr. Birla pleaded for greater trust in the banks on the part of Government and public alike and asked for the banks complete freedom in administrative matters and in questions of retrenchment or promotion or increments.

PLANNING

Mr. Birla concluded his observations by a reference to the Economic Planning Commission and put forward some suggestions for their consideration. Realism in solving all our problems, increased production, the necessity for creating new wealth to satisfy our social objectives and avoidance of all experimentation were necessary if the Commission was to succeed in its efforts.

Adapting the words of Dr. Schaat, one of the world's ablest bankers, Mr. Birla gave the country a motto—India demands MORE MONEY, MORE LABOUR AND MORE CAPITAL, and concluded: "I hope and pray that the Planning Commission succeeds in creating these and through them better economic satisfaction of the people."

Quiet Restored In S. Africa

DEATH ROLL, 13

JOHANNESBURG, May 2 (PTI-Reuter): Official figures early today said 13 people died and 25 were wounded in yesterday's clashes in several Witwatersrand towns

Johannesburg Police headquarters reported last night the riot areas quiet, but strong patrols were being maintained, backed up by light tanks and armoured cars which have been standing by for several days

Disturbances broke out as darkness fell, after a May Day which had been almost without incident except for unofficial walkouts of about 100,000 African workers from plants in Johannesburg and along the Witwatersrand for 50 miles on each side of the city.

CALL FOR UNITY

At a meeting in Durban, which the Indian Congress says was attended by more than ten thousand Africans, Indians and coloured people here yesterday, Dr. G. M. Naicker, President of the Natal Indian Congress, called upon non-European people of the Union to form a democratic United Front.

Mr. A. W. F. Champion, of the African National Congress and member of the Native Representative Council, said the time had arrived for Indians, Coloureds and Democratic Europeans to stand together against the increasing attack on the rights of all South African people.

DARKEST HOUR

A resolution condemning the apartheid policy of the Government said the present session of Parliament was the darkest in the history of the country with a totalitarian minded group exerting all its power to set up a Fascist dictatorship.

CARRIAGE CATCHES FIRE

But No Loss Of Life

BOMBAY Tuesday: One GIP coach of the Jhansi Lucknow passenger train caught fire yesterday morning at a place between Chirgaon and Moth stations on the Jhansi-Kanpur section, wires the Divisional Transportation Superintendent GIP Railway at Jhansi to the United Press of India today.

The coach was isolated and brought to Moth station, the telegram says, but before the fire could be extinguished, the body of the coach was completely burnt. No passenger or railway staff was injured The cause of the accident is unknown. The damage is estimated at Rs. 25,000.

Overseas Mails From Bombay

The next despatch of overseas mails from India for British East Africa, Northern and Southern Rhodesia, Madagascar, Portuguese East Africa, Union of South Africa Mauritius, Gold Coast, Nigeria and British West Africa will be made from Bombay on May 7, 1950 by B.I.S.S. "Kampala". Mails arriving in Bombay Forign Post upto 6 p.m. on May 6, 1950 will be included in the despatch subject to limit of shipping space.

Rajasthan's New Officials

JAIPUR, May 2 (PTI): Mr. K. Radheshian, Chief Secretary, Rajasthan, took over yesterday as adviser to Rajasthan Government in place of Mr. R. Pradhan, who has proceeded on two months' leave. Mr. Narayanan, Finance Secretary has taken over as Chief Secretary.

Argentina Free To Sell & Buy

PERON'S BOAST

BUENOS AIRES, May 2, (PTI-Reuter): President Juan Peron told the opening session of the new Argentine Parliament yesterday that the nation was now able to "sell and buy from whom we wish"—free from "any possible blackmail".

He said Argentina, taking a "third position" between the conflicting ideologies of Capitalism and Communism, aimed at securing economic independence, and that state trading and nationalisation of essential services had freed the country from foreign economic pressures.

The President said Argentina had been able through state trading to acquire the world's fourth merchant fleet, and could now deliver her own goods to anyone who wants to buy.

ZAMINDARIS MUST BE SCRAPPED

Way To Meet Red Menace

KURNOOL, April 2 (PTI): Swami Ramananda Thirth, former President of the Hyderabad State Congress reiterated his demand for the disintegration of the State on a linguistic basis for the simple reason that the State which was conglomeration of diverse elements could not be a natural administrative unit.

Addressing a largely-attended public meeting here Swami Ramananda said that the State Congress today had a large number of Muslims on its rolls and felt that India needed at present this secular concept more than anything else.

Swami Ramananda affirmed that unless Jagirdars and Zamindaris were scrapped, it would be impossible to eradicate totally "Communist vandalism" in the State.

This Harrington Miniature Coach—which is a scale model of the new BOAC passenger coach, complete with an engine and big enough to carry three or four children—left London Airport recently aboard a Stratocruiser for the United States. The Air Hostess looks down from the steps of the Stratocruiser when the miniature coach arrived at the Airport, driven by Mr. E. Johnstone who originated the model. With him is his son Anthony, aged seven.

CLIPPED TELEGRAPH WIRES

Two Years' R. I. For Four Reds

MORADABAD, May 2, (PTI): Four Communists were sentenced to two years' rigorous imprisonment and fined Rs. 200 each by a Magistrate on Saturday, on the charge of clipping telegraph and telephone wires and interrupting communications.

After the sentence was pronounced, they were taken over by the Delhi police for standing trial in Delhi courts on certain charges pending against them.

Refugee Rehabilitation In West Bengal

SERIOUS IRREGULARITIES IN EDUCATION DEPARTMENT

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT)

CALCUTTA (By Mail)

WEATHER conditions have been most severely unpleasant owing to a drought. The temperature in the day time has been as high as 107 degrees and we have been without a drop of rain. This made the position rather difficult as there has been an unending stream of refugees from Eastern Bengal and there has been almost an outbreak of cholera epidemic. The Health Department has been busy inoculating people with anti-cholera vaccine: but for a population of nearly sixty lakhs the task is not a little difficult.

The West Bengal Government are doing all that they can in regard to relief and rehabilitation of refugees and the Government have assembled quite recently a conference of District Officers explaining the programme of rehabilitation. But Government red tapism is a great snag and this is more than evidenced by the methods of the Education Department. Things are moving here very slow and people who are in office are not actual educationists but have had academic discussions over schemes and plans and the consequence is that progress of things is very slow. Information regarding the Calcutta University Enquiry Committee Report is available by driblets and there appear to have been very serious irregularities.

Sardar Vallabhbhai Patel had during his last visit asked the Congress people who hail from East Bengal to go back to their native districts and try to create conditions favourable for the return of refugees. This has given rise to a controversy and East Bengal Congress Politicians are unwilling to return ea E. Pakistan as individual Pakistani citizens; but they are quite willing to go as representatives of the Congress. They maintain that after the dissolution of the Congress in East Pakistan in 1948 things have been difficult and conditions have deteriorated. What will actually happen it is very difficult to say especially in regard to the ensuing general elections. But the Congress elections are likely very soon.

DR. SHYAMAPRASAD

Dr. Shyamaprasad Mukerjee has since his return been very busy moving about and looking into the affairs of East Bengal refugees but his companions are mostly members of the Hindu Mahasabha. It was proposed by a large section of these Hindu Mahasabha people to give him a public reception like a Roman Triumph at the Deshabandhu Park. The function was to have come off this afternoon but the organisers have called it off because the Commissioner of Police refused to give the necessary permission for the holding of the meeting as Section 144 is on. This apparently shows how the land lies but a sparrow whispers that Dr. Shymaprasad is in the running for the Finance Ministership of the Government of Bengal as the Finance Minister Mr. Nalini Ranjan Sarkar is likely to retire on account of bad health.

The journalists Association of Calcutta are very optimistic regarding the opening of the Diploma Classes for journalism in the University of Calcutta. It is reported that classes are likely from July 1950 and the Journalists Association are busy exploring the possibilities in regard to practical training in different newspapers of the city. The Journalists Association have already addressed some of the leading newspapers of Calcutta for their cooperation in the matter. A real journalist is always born and never made but training has its value and if the Journalists Association can bring about satisfactory they will have earned the gratitude of all concerned.

BISHOP HUBBUCK

A nice little function came off on Saturday when Bishop Hubuck, the Metropolitan of India was presented with a purse of Rs. 5,000 on the eve of his retirement.

Things are quiet and inspite of so many striking developments the peace of the city has been wonderfully kept for which the Police authorities of Calcutta deserve credit. A fresh feather to their cap has been the recruitment of 300 men of Bhadralogue class as special constables. The Commissioner of Police Mr. S. N. Chatterjee addressed the recruits at a parade on Friday and explained to them the nature of their duties.

AMERICA MAY HAVE TO ABANDON KOREA

Russia Can Overrun It Whenever She Wants

WASHINGTON, May 2.(PTI-Reuter).

THE United States may have to abandon Korea. Senator Tom Connally, Chairman of the Senate Foreign relations committee, said in an interview published here yesterday.

In the independent weekly news magazine U.S. News and World Report, the Senator declared that Russia could overrun Korea whenever she felt like doing so.

Asked if he thought the suggestion that the United States should abandon Korea was going to be taken seriously, he replied: "I am afraid it is going to be seriously considered, because I am afraid it is going to happen, whether we want it to or not".

"We are trying to help her—we are appropriating money now to help her. But South Korea is cut right across by this line—north of it are the Communists with access to the mainland—and Russia is over there on the mainland".

Senator Connally added that Korea was not an essential element in American defence strategy. The chain of United States defence in the Far East lay through Japan, Okinawa and the Philippines.

LABOUR PARTY STILL UNDECIDED

Issue Of Banning Australian Reds

CANBERA, May 2 (PTI-Reuter): The Executive of the Australian Parliamentary Labour Party could not reach agreement today on what to recommend to tomorrow's full meeting of the party on the Governments Anti-Communist Bill.

They adjourned until tonight to try again.

The Bill, introduced into Parliament last week by Prime Minister Robert Menzies, head of the Country Party-Liberal Government, outlaws the Communist Party in Australia.

NEW DELHI, May 1 (PTI)

Shri Jagjivan Ram Labour Minister, Government of India returned to New Delhi this afternoon by air from Patna. He will leave for Dehri-Onsone on May 2 and return to Delhi on May 5.

HAND GRENADE IN NEWSPAPER OFFICE

Incident In Hong Kong

HONGKONG, May 2. (PTI-Reuter).

A GRENADE exploded outside the office of the English newspaper "Hongkong Standard" early today, fatally wounding an eleven-year old Chinese girl.

It was the sixth explosion in the colony in three days.

Three Chinese men and one Chinese woman were injured in today's explosion and another four were hurt when a police van on its way to the scene collided with a car.

TWO DETAINED

Eyewitnesses said the grenade was thrown by "a man in black." It struck the wall of the newspaper building near a window where the editorial staff were at work on the Standard's companion Chinese paper, Ysing-Tao. Two Chinese were detained for questioning.

Both the newspapers are owned by A. W. Boon Haw, millionaire Chinese with interests in papers in Malaya and other parts of South-east Asia.

In a previous explosion in Hongkong during the last three days, five people were injured. Three unexpected grenades have also been found in various parts of the colony.

Police said the grenades were probably Chinese or Japanese in make, but it was too early to determine the motive behind the incidents.

WHAT THE PAPER SAID

The Chinese newspaper Tsing-Tao, whose office here was attacked by a grenade, claimed that Russian engineers, and naval and airforce advisers had been sent to Hainan Island, the Chinese Nationalist stronghold captured by Communists.

Quoting recent arrivals from Peking, the newspaper said the Russians would supervise development of the island and take charge of Sanya airfield and Yulin Harbour "as advance bases in the Pacific."

Tsing-Tao said installations at Sanya built by the Japanese during the war, were the best in South China, and Yulin was capable of berthing ships of 10,000 tons

INDIVIDUAL AIR TARIFFS MAY GO

Combined List Under Preparation

MONTREAL May 2 (PTI-Reuter): Twenty-five airlines have field the first combined list or cargo tariffs and rules in the history of civil air transport, the International Air Transport Association announced here yesterday.

Sir William Hildred, British Director--General of the Association, explained that the combined list would abolish the need for the many individual tariffs and manuals now used by airlines in the various countries. Unit conversion tables in the combined list will make it possible to read air freight rates "at a glance" in the different currencies used by airlines

Hutchinson Commits Suicide

LONDON, May 2. (PTI-Reuter): A verdict of suicide while the balance of his mind was disturbed was returned at an inquest at Winchester yesterday on the sixty-two year old publisher Walter Hutchinson.

Head of one of the largest publishing concerns in Britain, he was also a race-horse owner and a patron of the parts. His art collection was estimated to be worth over half a million sterling.

Death was attributed to an overdose of sleeping drugs.

A Lesson

(From Our Correspondent)

KARACHI (By Mail).

An incident in which a college girl thrashed a youth who made indecent overtures to her on City's main Bunder Road, has come to light with the taking into custody by the police of Abdul Latif, aged 24 years.

It is reported the accused used to follow the girl for some time while going and returning from the College. On Saturday last, he went a step further and cut indecent jokes with her whereupon she caught hold of him and after giving him good thrashing, handed him over to the police

A large crowd had collected on the spot who admired the courage of the College girl.

FOLLOW PRINCIPLES OF BUDDHISM

Dr. Katju's Advice

CALCUTTA, May 2, (PTI): The Governor of West Bengal Dr. K. N. Katju, said here today that for the sake of national interest Buddhist morality should spread in the country.

Dr. Katju, who was speaking at a function on the occasion of the celebration of "Buddha Purnima" by the Bengal Buddhist Association, said that with the passing away of Buddhism from India also went her political freedom.

After about a thousand years they had achieved their independence and they could now stand on their own feet. He expressed the hope that as they developed as free people they would imbibe in their life the principles of compassion and sympathy, the two dominant notes of Buddhism, which they had seemed to have forgotten

Mr. Justice Ramaprasad Mookerjee, who presided, said that they in Bengal felt proud that Buddha was born at a place which at one time was within the ambit of the then Bengal. It was but natural, therefore, that the messages of Buddha should play a great part in the life of the people of the province, he added.

DR. MALAN PUZZLES CANADIANS

Position Of The King

OTTAWA, May 2, (PTI-Reuter): South African Premier Malan's statement that Canada was "particularly dissatisfied" with her present Commonwealth position seemed to have many Canadians puzzled—and guessing—today.

Dr. Malan made the statement when he told the Union Senate yesterday that great changes in the structure of the British Commonwealth left "no doubt that there would be a change in the present title of King George".

There is some "dissatisfaction" with Canada's position in the British Commonwealth.

This varies widely in different regions from the Quebec extremists who want Canada to become a Republic to the few people in British Columbia who would welcome a return to virtually colonial status.

But between these two great extremes, most of the people have shown a desire for complete constitutional independence within the Commonwealth and seem satisfied with steps taken in the last five years.

These include the dropping of the word "Dominion" from the name Canada, establishment of Canadian citizenship as distinct from British citizenship, and referring to King George as "King of Canada"

ALLOW FREE EXPORT OF OIL SEEDS

Plea To Government

BOMBAY, Tuesday.

"If Government wish that the high prices prevailing in the oil seeds market should come down, it should direct its attention towards easing the export restrictions", declared Shri Tulsidas Kilachand, President of the Federation of Indian Chambers of Commerce and Industry, speaking at a reception given in his honour at the Taj this evening by the Grain and Oilseeds Merchants Association and the Oil Merchants' Chamber Ltd

FORWARD TRADING

Another important point touched by him was the question of forward trading which was banned by the Government some time back

He hoped that the talks now going on with the Government of Bombay would bear fruits and the distress caused to the middle class, especially merchants and brokers, who were thrown out of employment as a result of the ban, would be removed.

He assured the members of both the Associations that he would do all in his power to further their interests.

Earlier Devji Ratansey, President of the Grain and Oilseeds Merchants Association and Ratanlal Mulji Gandhi, President of the Oil Merchants' Chamber Ltd. welcomed the guest of honour and eulogised his services to the trade.

Where U. N. Families Stay

Parkway Village In New York Where 51 Nationalities Live Common Community Life

FIVE minutes' bus ride from the Kew Gardens stop of the subway line on New York's Long Island lives a youngster whose name is "Live-In-Peace-With-Your-Neighbours."

She is a six-year-old Ewe tribal girl, with a skin of smooth ebony. Until last year, the only play-grounds she knew were jungle clearings on Africa's Gold Coast. Every morning before she leaves for school, her mother still dresses her bristly black hair in Ewe tradition, with the braids standing up like small black horns instead of falling down her back.

In Ewe, her name is Nyamafo, write Ruth Karpe and George Barrett in the "Colliers".

Pidgin English

Nyamafo lives in Parkway Village, a 40-acre community of tree-seamed streets winding around two-storied red brick houses, newly painted white doors gleaming behind tall colonial columns, and large French windows opening out into back-yard lawns. There are 2,200 people in Parkway Village—51 nationalities, all races, all colours, all religions—all but a few empoyed by the United Nations.

Nayamafo's village looks much like any other small suburb anywhere in the United States, except that the supermarket must stock things like bean curd with rose petals for its Chinese customers and baby suckling pigs for its Filipino trade. At first, Nyamafo had to go to the store with her mother to act as interpreter, but now the clerks have conjured up a combination of gestures and pidgin English. Halfway between hard-boiled Manhattan and the hopeful headquarters of the U.N, at Lake Success, this tiny town is living proof that the give-and-take existence which the U.N. is trying to achieve on a global level can work out on Main Street.

Main Street in Parkway Village has the usual drugstores and tailor shops, laundries and bakeries. But the bread-wagon drivers find that a lot of their customers refuse to buy "bread in waxed envelopes." And John, the shoemaker, complains that many of the shoes he gets for repair are made of such heavy, rich leather they blunt his cobbler knives. When Nyamafo collects all her courage and talks to the cop on the corner, he tells her exotic tales about Indians who live in Nyamafo's block; he swears they keep a goat in one closest and a manservant in the other. Or about the Zulus who ordered a truckload of dirt, he says, to put on the floor of their apartment. Or about the Burmese schoolboy who carries a flute in his pocket and, tucked into his lunch box with sandwiches and a milk vacuum, a two-foot snake.

Nyamafo does not believe much of the policeman's strange tales. One of her own friends is a little Burmese boy; yellow children from China go to school with her every day in the bus; blonds from Sweden play with dark-haired children fom Brazil, brown boys from Saudi Arabia and ebony-faced girls from various parts of Africa. As a matter of fact, she finds that boys and girls are pretty much the same whatever the colour of their skin or the sound of their voices.

When a playmate's daddy says: "You be home for dinner on time," Nyamafo can understand it in any language. And when a Russian child says, "poidiom igrat" to a French kid who says "allons jouer" and a Spanish youngster who rejoins "vamos a jugar" she knows her Greek friend will say "ella na pexoume." In her international gang, it all adds up to the same thing: "Come on, let's play."

Nyamafo is the mascot of Parkway Village. Her father, D.A. Chapman, is an area specialist in the U.N.'s Trusteeship Division, who taught at his country's only college before he came to New York. Conversation in the Chapman duplex is a cocktail mixture of Ewe dissonance and Papa's Oxford English, with an occasional fillip of Nayamafo's Yankee talk. Mrs. Chapman and the maid pitch together around the hearth each evening to do the sewing and the ironing, the cooking and the washing, while the family chief sits in his overstuffed chair before a wall of books and studies international plebiscites and grain agreements.

Dress Parade

Nyamafo, with her stand-up pigtails and quick curiosity, her laughing smoky eyes and easy warmth, finds all doors of the village open to her. In her roamings, she plays in the communal laundry around baskets piled with Burmese lungyis waiting turns at the drier queue with the heavy woollen undies Indian women wear in winter beneath their thin, billowing saris and the white muslin kaffiyehs with the gold agal that marks the Moslem who has been to Mecca. In the same basement Nyamafo stares in amusement when a Korean mother, a Guatemalan housewife and a Pakistani lady with a diamond pierced through her nose pool their scant mechanical know-how to figure out the electric washing machines.

The men of Parkway Village are fascinating also. One of Nyamafo's favourites is the Yugoslav Marjan Stopar-Babsek. In his rough corduroy jacket shirt wide open at the neck, this mustachioed pipe-smoking gentleman looks as though he never left his 'dom' in the Slovenian hills. Relaxing on a couch covered with lepoard skins, under the stark glare of unshaded light bulbs, Stopar-Babsek talks about the hottest issue at Lake Success, the Belgrade-Moscow rift, as matter-of-factly as he discuses the king's pawn openings with fellow members of his multinational chess club.

"We discussed Tito the other day in this room". Stopar-Babsek told us with a smile when we followed Nyamafo into his bare-walled rooms one night. "And 'we' included an Englishman, a Brazilian, an Indian—and a Russian."

Purdah Is There

Over on Charter Road, Nyamafo took us to see a Brazilian named Victor Da Silva. During the conversation Da Silva repeated a proverb of his homeland: "God is a Brazilian." Nyamafo was inclined to disagree with this because one of her little boy friends swears that God's name is Allah and therefore He couldn't be a Brazilian. The mother of this particular lad is called Parven—Pakistani for Precious—and wears a gold lame-threaded sari around the house. Sometimes she sits beside a parchment lamp mounted on a box altar of Buddha to tell stories about Mohammed, the Prophet who lived in the desert.

Parven's husband, Syed Habib Ahmed, came to New York from Karachi to work for the United Nations as an economist. He likes to argue about lighter topics, too, such as the strange American custom of husbands helping with the dishes. Mrs. Ahmed, who has a habit of intently pressing home her arguments with pounding motions of a steel-blue toy pistol that belongs to her son (a Lone Ranger fan), has been trying to tell her husband and his friends from the Pakistani delegation that if she could learn in New York to swap her traditional sari for shorts to vacuum the carpets, it is high time Moslem males learn to scrap some of their feudal habits.

Upstairs in Parven's home, veiled and alone, hides the wife of another Pakistani, who still insists that women must be shielded from the eyes of strangers according to ancient Oriental custom. To that woman, life in New York is a nightmare, and college-bred Parven leans forward angrily to tell off the woman's husband, who stubbornly defends the pactice as venerable.

With fire in her voice, her opal-studded earrings swinging sharply, Parven climaxes her twentieth-century case against the male defenders of feudalism in her household by exclaiming:

"Islam doesn't say that! Islam doesn't say that!"

Islam does say, however, that Moslems can eat only ritually sluaghtered meat. That seemed to frustrate Parven's great yen to taste an American hamburger—until the Zimmlers, a Jewish family next door, came to the rescue. At the height of the Palestine dispute at Lake Success, Parven Ahmed baby-sat with five-year-old Milk Zimmler on the Jewish high holy days to give his parents a chance to go to temple. The Zimmlers reciprocated by solving the hamburger problem for Parvens, tipping her off on a good Kasher butcher.

Parven's feudal countrywoman upstairs cannot, of course, make friends as easily. Were it not for villagers like Mem-sahib Kovoor T. Behanan, of India, she would probably crack under the strain of suddenly bridging the gigantic gap between the medieval world she knew back home and the mechanized, mile-a-minute civilization of New York. Mem-sahib Behanan, a doctor, observes medical techniques at Queens General Hospital while her husband works as a sociologist at Lake Success. Her early childhood was spent in the kind of society from which the Pakistani girl and others like her sprang, and she delights in teaching others how to cross swarming streets, shop at the supermarket, drop dimes into subway turnstiles, and hunt for basement bargains.

"I'm glad to do this for some of the ladies who have come here from Asia and Africa," Mrs. Behanan says. "I do believe that these are good things to know.

"But I'm equally sure that there are some habits which Americans can learn from us. One of them is a respect for privacy. For instance, I'm not amused any more when total strangers walk up to me on the street and ask to have their fortunes told. Or when patients in the hospital want me to give them magic instead of medicine.

"But I guess these things all have a way of working out. Recently a strange young lady approached my husband on the train and asked him to read her palm. He predicted that she would have seven children. When she insisted on a description of her future husband, Mr. Behanan replied that he was sorry but he saw no marriage line in her hand."

Being accosted, or at least stared at, is the price that all Indian women must pay for wearing their graceful saris outside Parkway Village. Nevertheless, they keep on wearing their native dress as a matter of pride; they would as little think of changing to Western clothes as Nyamafo would of wearing her little black pigtails hanging down.

To Parkway Village grownups, the Russians are quite a problem. Most village residents from the Western nations are careful not to cultivate friendship with them, having been told that Soviet nationals are under strict orders not to mix. Actually the Russians participate in community activities like chess clubs and songfests, do mix with some of their neighbours, but don't care to talk to anyone whom they don't know very well. One activity the Russians are very keen on is their own "sings."

With Russian Kids

For little Nyamafo, there is no Soviet problem. She has been perfectly at home among the Rusians ever since that morning in the snow when, with the four-year-old daughter of Mrs. W B. Sutch (the wife of New Zealand's delegate at Lake Success), she ran out of the house and straight into the woolly embrace of what seemed to be a chubby bear cub but turned out to be four-year-old Natasha, a Russian youngster swathed in layers of soft sweaters and Moscow-style parkas. Through Natasha, Nyamafo met Lisa Ignatiev, also from the U.S.S.R. They went together to Lisa's first birthday party.

That party was a somewhat constrained affair. It was a typically lavish Russian event with large tables laden with caviar, fine imported cheeses, delicate 'canapes' fruit and ices and tea for the kids. The high spot was Lisa's own recital of something very few of her guests understood; a song in classical Russian. Generally speaking, a puzzled time was had by all.

By the time Lisa's next birthday rolled around, however, she had made quite clear to her parents what kind of party she wanted to throw. This time there was ice cream and soft drinks and milk. Pin the donkey and musical chairs took the place of the classical recital and everybody had a rip-roaring time which ended with a chorus of Happy Birthday to Lisa—in English.

Louis Bohmrich, chief administrative officer of the United States delegation to the United Nations, often wishes he could do that kind of thing with parents. Bohmrich is chairman of the Parkway Village Community Association, a voluntary group which thrashes out with management such typical Parkway Villege complications as the need for multilingual signs on the washing machines or the highly controversial issue of garbage collection.

Regular New York refuse-gathering procedures are hopelessly inadequate to cover all the customs and superstitions that are conecntrated in this little town.

Chinese and Indians insist on keeping their garbage containers outdoors all day long because they believe that keeping waste in the kitchen is "unclean" and unhealthy. Added to this is the superstition that causes some Indians to oppose insect exterminators as a matter of principle. These people just don't believe in killing not even cockroaches.

In other ways, the association has less difficulty than parents do in some orthodox towns in the United States. The Baby Sitters League, for instance, is a global co-operative undertaking, it functions on a sort of multilateral, no-money, lend-lease basis. Each mother member of the Baby Sitters League has a long list of other volunteer sitters. When she wants to go to the movies some night in Jamaica, or to a diplomatic party at the Waldorf, she just telephones the people on her list and finds out who is available. Someone always is.

The Parkway Village Boy Scout Troop, the only one in the world with an international charter direct from headquarters in London, is also the only one where campers have a choice of producing ham and eggs or egg fooyoung for their merit badges in cooking. It has a unique uniform, too—the United Nations own pale blue instead of khaki. And the scouts take their pledge to the world organization (not to any one country) "and to the spirit of brotherhood for which it stands."

War Memories

There is also a Teen Age Parents Club. Here the puzzled elders of five continents try to explain to one another the intricacies of slick-chick talk and the involved protocol of teen-age dating. Great differences of opinion exist on what the check-in time should be after a dance or a date. American parents are the most liberal, Belgians the strictest. The Chinese take the attitude that it is up to the fathers and mothers to make the family so attractive and such a centre of security that the youngsters 'want' to come home.

Aside from watching over their activities, the Community Association always has a long agenda to consider at its monthly meetings. Bohmrich is fascinated by the process. The people he deals with not only come from completely different countries but also from vastly different environments. "We have dol. 35-a-week typists doubling up in a two-room dol. 65 apartment and sharing the same garbage can with a dol. 12,000-a-year department chief spending dol. 155 a month for his six-room duplex," he points out "And the stories you hear!

"In our United Nations family, Bohmrich says, "we have people whose experiences in the war and in the underground still make your hair stand. There is the young Dutch girl who saw her husband electrocuted on a concentration camp wire and who still carries a Nazi brand on her arm. There is the Frenchman whose ankle scars from German chains will never heal, and there is the twelve-year-old English boy who lives in my block and each morning puts on a ginger-coloured wig to hide the buzz-bomb wounds on his skull."

Bohmrich explains that these people are determined not to let the past haunt them. In fact, they don't want others to know, and it is only when you meet them as closely as Bohmrich does as the elected chief of the global community, that some of these stories come out. "Knowing these people as neighbours, meeting them and finding out about their lives and experiences. Bohmrich says, "make your own troubles seem mighty thin. Every time you talk to them it's like a kick in the pants."

Adjustment to the American way of life helps to smooth over a lot of the more obvious initial differences in the village. But it creates problems too, some of them fairly serious. Of both, the adjustments and the problems, the Wojcicki family is a typical example.

The apartment of the Wojcickis—Antoni, his wife, their fifteen-year-old daughter Jagna and twelve-year-year-old boy Jedrus—is at first look completely continental. The sharp New York sun filters softly through miniature stained window panes, replicas of the famous blue glass of Chartres Cathedral. Massive oversized Old World furniture weights down even the 20-by-14 living room. A fishing net from Gdynia hangs heavily from the ceiling, curtaining off the dinette.

But under the fishing net the family gets involved in discussion about that great teenage industry in America, baby sitting.

In A Nazi Camp

"I'm really super at it now," says Jagna, who tells her classmates at Woodrow Wilson High to call her Jackie. "Back in the Nazi labour camp in Augsburg I did it too. I watched the babies in the prison barracks while Mother and the others pushed the carts in the German engine factory."

Jackie's mother quickly brushes aside the past to bring the topic right up to date.

"Jackie has become very American already," Mrs. Wojcicki explains. "She charges for baby sitting now by the hour."

Jackie protests. "Really, Mother, I must charge or I'd spoil it for the other girls."

She wins, as she did on the great issue of the lipstick. Daddy thought that sixteen was soon enough for face paint, and Mother agreed with him. But when Jackie tearfully protested that "boys don't notice you without lipstick—they think you're a kid." Mrs. Wojcicki switched over to Jackie's side and today Jackie wears lipstick. Postscript: She has a boy friend now, a chemistry student from Brooklyn.

Jedrus—now called Andrew—goes his sister even better in his Yankee conversion. He faithfully follows Superman, wears block-letter sweat shirts and haunts the living room when Jackie is dating her Brooklyn boy friend.

A visit with the Wojcickis (we had the good fortune to make one with Nyamafo) is remarkably like walking into one of the Hardy family movies, global village version. Like Andy Hardy, Andrew Wojcicki has troubles with his teachers, but his are somewhat more unique.

When he entered public school here in Jackson Heights he faced the very ticklish problem of what to do when his classmates pledged allegiance to the American flag each morning.

He asked his father about it and was informed that as a Pole he should not, of course, pledge allegiance to any flag except his own. His father explained, however, that he should stand at attention out of respect to the Stars and Stripes, as an American in Poland would stand at attention for the Polish flag.

When the teacher noticed that Andrew did not salute the flag she singled him out for a stiff lacing before the class. The issue finally had to be solved by higher authority, but Andrew—who is now in PS 117—still finds it difficult to face a teacher who looks daggers at him during the saluting ceremony.

The flag-saluting problem is a real headache for most of the global villagers who want their children to retain their national customs and yet fall in naturally with the ways of their classmates while they are here.

One little Syrian girl solved the problem with budding diplomatic finesse by taking the oath every morning with her classmates, but substituting softly to herself "flag of Syria" instead of "the flag." But the most exotic solution came from China's twelve-year-old White Benevolence Wei, who, during the pledging ceremony at PS 117, unobtrusively makes the motions while whispering to herself a completely meaningless mumbo jumbo that begins: "I pressure the cooker...."

Dr. Jivraj Mehta Opens Water Works In Miraj

MIRAJ, May 2: Dr. Jivraj N. Mehta, Bombay's Public Works Minister, declared open Sir Gangadharrao Water Works here this morning. A large gathering was present at the function.

Speaking on the occasion the Minister recognised the need for constructing underground drainage for the town in the near future.

He hoped that the public would contribute towards the construction of drainage system which, it was estimated, would cost about Rs. 26 lakhs. He said Government resources were very much depleted as they had got many pressing problems like relief and rehabilitation of refugees.

Ceremonial Interment

NEW DELHI, May 2 (PTI): A Special mission by the Indian Ambassador in Iran, Syed Ali Zaheer, will represent India at the ceremonial interment of the mortal remains of Riza Shah Pehlevi, former King of Iran.

Representatives of the armed forces comprising the mission left by a special I.N.A.F. Dakota from Palam air field for Tehran this morning to attend the ceremony which will take place there on May 6.

DDT Factory In Mysore

BOMBAY, Tuesday: Mr. T Siddalingaiya, Mysore's Minister for Educateion and Public Health, said here today that a D D T factory and a technical institute on the lines of the Victoria Technical Institute in Bombay, would shortly be started in Mysore State.

News BRIEFS

MEDICINE FACULTY MEMBERS: Shri Balwantsharma Maganlal Dixit, Shri Narayan Vyankatesh Joshi and Shri Govind Appaji Phadke have been elected as members of the Faculty of Ayurvedic and Unini Tibbi Systems of Medicine, Bombay.

SCARCITY: Ravad Khijadiali and Lolada villages in the Mehsana District, in which existence of scarcity conditions was declared by the Government of Bombay, are situated in Sami Mahal and not in Pani Mahal, as stated sometime back.

REWARD: The Madras Government have sanctioned a reward of Rs. 500 to Muthuswamy Goundan of Salem District for giving information to the railway authorities about an act of sabotage which would have caused a heavy loss to railway property and involves lives of hundreds of passengers.

ALLOCATION: The Government of India have allotted 4,500 tons of ammonium sulphate to Hyderabad State. Practically the whole of it will be distributed for rice production. The extra production on account of the use of the ammonium sulphate is estimated at 9,000 tons.

SENTENCED: A United States military court here has sentenced twelve Japanese to three years hard labour for obstructing an American military jeep during an anti-taxation demonstration in Tokyo in March.

CADETS: A proposal to raise one armoured corps unit, one medical unit and thirteen new troops of the Junior Division of the National Cadet Corps in 1950-51 was adopted by the first meeting of the Punjab State Advisory Committee for National Cadet Corps here recently.

WELCOMED: The Champaran Political Conference held at Bagaha recently adopted a resolution welcoming the Nehru-Liaquat Ali Pact and pleaded for giving it a fair trial. By another resolution the Conference emphasised the need for pushing on the 'Grow More Food Campaign' in the country.

CONFERENCE: The fourth session of the Maharashtra Congress Women's Conference will be held at Nandurbar (West Khandesh) on May 7 and 8. Congress leaders and workers from all parts of Maharashtra, Gujerat, Bombay, Sourashtra, Karnatak, Hyderabad and other neighbouring areas are expected to attend the session.

Mr. Shanker Rao Deo, General Secretary of the Congress, will inaugurate the Conference.

FOOT BOARD TRAVEL: During the month ending April 20, 1950, the number of prosecutions launched by the G.I.P. Railway against foot-board travellers on the Bombay Suburban Section and Main line was 618 and 33 respectively, thus making up a record total of 651. All 651 persons were convicted with fines extending upto Rs. 40 or simple imprisonment and extending upto 10 days in the event of failure to pay the fine.

Coal And Fuel Scarce In Muzaffarpur

MUZAFFARPUR, May 2 (UPI): Coal scarcity is being experienced here for the last three months, during which time not a single wagon of coal or coke arrived at Muzaffarpur station. The local public are experiencing great hardship. The price of fuel has gone up as there is no forest near about. It is said that due to transhipment difficulties at Mohamah Ghat, no booking is possible.

SPEAKER'S CASTING VOTE SAVES LABOUR

Snap Vote In The Commons

LONDON May 2, (PTI-Reuter).

THE two months' old British Labour Government escaped defeat by one vote—the Speaker's casting vote—in an unexpected division in the House of Commons last night.

The vote—a deadheat of 178 until the Speaker (Chairman) cast his—was on a division forced by the Conservatives. They criticised alleged Government discrimination against road transport services which have not been nationalised.

It was not thought that even if the Government had been defeated, it would have regarded the vote as one of confidence, involving its resignation.

This is the narrowest escape the Government had had. It was actually defeated once by 26 votes after a debate on "dirty" coal on March 29.

Cheering, mingled with remarks of surprise, greeted the result of last night's division. Members were obviously astonished.

The motion on which the vote was taken was a formal one to reduce the estimate of supplies for the Minister of Transport by a token sum of £1,000.

U.P. REBELS GO ALL-OUT AGAINST PANT

Resignation Of Ministry Demanded

(From Our Correspondent)

ALLAHABAD, May 2: The name of the new rebel party in U.P. Legislature will be Independent Congress Legislative Party. The rebel members will not resign but on the other hand demand the resignation of Pant Government, as they hold that the Pant Government has failed to implement the Congress manifesto. They have also decided to contest by-elections, and they have set up their candidates in Bulandshahan, Bareilly, Pilibhit, and Benaras. They have no intention to oppose Congress nominees in Burabanki and Meerut constituencies.

The Government is being accused for delaying elections in Fyzabad, though the seat there is lying vacant for more than one year. The rebels say that the government is manipulating elections at various places for party ends.

CHARGE-SHEET

A charge-sheet has been prepared again Pant Ministry and it is learnt, it will be released to the press soon.

The rebel Congressmen have started a mass signature campaign on the charge-sheet against Government, and a resolution is expected to be moved in the Assembly embodying the main charges and demanding public enquiry.

Conversion Of Goering Steel Works

BONN, May 2 (PTI-Reuter).

Sir Brian Robertson, British High Commissioner, announced today he would accept, with some exceptions, the German plan for coverting the Hermann Goering Steel Works at Waeternstedt-Salzgitter to peaceful production.

Dismantling and demolition will be stopped immediately on 15 of the 18 sections for which the Germans had requested a "reprieve".

On the remaining three, General Robertson has insisted on the removal of certain machinery aready allocated as reparations and on the demaolition of most of the steel workshop and of the rolling mill shop.

General Robertson hoped ethe land (provincial) government would without delay prepare "further plans of a definite nature" installing new light industries in Salzgitter.

Deficit Budget For Manipur

IMPHAL, May 1 (UPI)—Manipur's first budget after its integration with India discloses a small deficit of Rs. 1.22 lakhs, its revenue receipts being estimated at Rs. 35,67 lakhs and expenditure at Rs. 36,89 lakhs. The redeeming feature of the new budget is greater provision for expenditure on education, medical and public health, and lump sum provision for tribal areas for bettering their conditions.

BOOKS OF TODAY

(Continued from Page 6)

34 and worked a Assistant Editor of Harijan for six years under Mahadev Desai has been able to enlist the collaboration of a fairly lrge number of Mahatma Gandhi's friends and colleagues in his books — Incidents of Gandhiji's life, Reminiscences of Gandhiji and Famous Interviews with Mahatma Gandhi, Conversations with Gandhiji is the fourth of these books. The private talks of Gandhiji recorded here have been reproduced from notes kept by the author during time he officiated as the Mahatma's secretary, and range over a wide variety of subjects — politics, social reform and religion, as well as private discussions of Congress leaders. Many of them deal with Civil Disobedience, which was then in full swing, still others with Untouchability it being the time of the year when Gandhiji had decided to devoae himself solely to Harijan work. The selection covers a wide number of personages, from Congress workers to mill agents, scavengers to missionaries and journalists.

Gandhiji is here represented in a jocular mood just as often as in a serious mood. We catch just the right touch at times. As he said to the young husband who approved of his wife giving up her jewellery, "At your age I did not act so wisely. Wisdom came to me later."

The discussions recorded have a certain historical value and provide matter for future biographers. They also reveal the working of the Congress mind at an important juncture in the struggle for national freedom.

Path Of Life

The emotionally surcharged style of Umrao Bahadur, not quite out of keeping with the taste of the time no less than the heroic deeds of his characters — just a little too heroic for probability their self sacrifice and patriotism, are familiar to all readers of his books "Hard Times", "Destiny", "Nemesis" and others. Path of Life is no exception. The story strikes a Robin Hood note Young Dado the scion of a noble family born in the lap of luxury, and given to thoughtless pleasures of the field is embittered by an unjust prison sentence for a crime that he has not committed, and by the social and political evils that condition the life around him. He turns to selfless banditry-robbing the rich to help the poor and down-trodden, however, his meeting with Seeta and his love for her is a turning point in his life. How he changes — how he comes to realize the law of good action and positive service to human beings — an almost yogic realisation, is the theme of this story which ends on a note of they "lived happily ever after."

The moral note — help those in trouble — however, is over done, so is the sharp distinction between good and evil. Some of the characters particularly the Rajput are true to local colour.

Behind The Iron Curtain

From Sofia — Bulgaria comes the strange story of the trial of the fifteen Protestant Pastors, alleged spies — which gives us a glimpse of Life in the Iron Curtain countries and the constant wave of intrigue and counter-intrigue that goes on there. This trial which had roused the interest of world Press and which had been put down by several countries of the West as an onslaught against Christianity is detailed here in all its details with special statements made by the accused themselves. These pastors, who were accused of spending half an hour per week on the pulpit, the rest of the time to collecting, sorting and delivering strategical information on military, political, economic and other subjects were according to the Bulgarian authorities in the service of foreign intelligence.

Whatever the case for or against might have been, or whatever the justification behind the verdict against them and the subsequent punishment, one fact remains — one cannot but stop to think on the comment made by the London "Economist" that, is quoted here with stress. "The attempt should now be made, particularly by the State Department, to see that the lines of diplomatic representation, intelligence work and other activities — such as assisting refugees do not cross too obviously. If only five per cent of the allegations made recently against American agents in Bulgaria were true that would be sufficient to cause serious anxiety and doubts about the efficiency and discretion of the persons involved.

There is little scope for the amateur behind the iron curtain. A fact that makes all think.

—P. D

Kashmir Mediator Leaving For India This Week

LAKE SUCCESS, May 2, (PTI).

SIR OWEN DIXON, Australian jurist who is to act as United Nations Mediator in Kashmir, is due to leave for India and Pakistan some time this week, it was learned here yesterday, writes D. P. Wagle, PTI correspondent.

Sir Owen Dixon, who arrived in New York on Friday, called on the United Nations acting Secretary-General Mr. Byron Price, yesterday morning.

He also met Mr. Andrew Gordier, executive assistant to the Secretary General and Admiral Chester Nimitz, Plebiscite Administrator in Kashmir.

During the talks, Sir Owen is believed to have obtained complete briefing of the background on the Kashmir case.

Sir Owen Dixon is, however, known to have surprised those with whom he conferred with his precise knowledge of the Kashmir controversy, indicating that he had already gone into the United Nations records pretty thoroughly.

Later, Sir Owen had lunch with Mr. Byron Price, Mr. Cordier and other high officials of the United Nations.

A round of social engagements has been arranged in which the U. N. special representative will be able to meet diplomats connected with the Kashmir debate on the Security Council.

Sir Owen has set up an office near that of the Secretary-General from where he will work until his departure for the Indian sub-continent.

Kashmir Will Fight For Liberty

SRINAGAR, May 2 (PTI): Workers of Kashmir by a resolution in a May Day rally yesterday here reaffirmed their determination to continue fighting for their liberty under the leadership of Sheikh Abdullah and expressed their solidarity with workers throughout the world.

RULES FOR EVICTION OF OCCUPANTS

Centre's Move

NEW DELHI, May 2 (PTI).

The Central Government have framed rules for the eviction of persons in unauthorised occupation of Government premises under a recent enactment made primarily to get over the delay involved in seeking possession of such premises through the civil courts.

Published in a gazette of India Extraordinary of May 1 released today, the rules provide for the servivce of a 15 day notice on the person in unauthorised occupation to vacate the house failing which he would be liable to be forcibly evicted. Possession of such a premise, however, shall not be taken after sunset or before sunrise.

Reasonable opportunity has been provided for the person concerned to have his say in the matter of assessment of damages of premises under unauthorised occupation. But if the damages assessed by a competent authority are not paid within a period to be specified in each case they would be recovered as arrears of land revenue.

The Defence Minister, Sardar Baldev Singh, who piloted the measure in the last session of Parliament pointed out that most of the Government premises unauthorisedly occupied were in Bombay, and Calcutta.

PATTABHI STEERS CLEAR OF MADRAS MUDDLE

Not To Sit In Judgment Over Prakasam

MADRAS, May 2, (PTI).

DR. Pattabhi Sitaramayya, Congress President will not attend tomorrow's meeting of the Congress Working Committee when it will "dispose of Mr. Prakasam's case".

Dr. Pattabhi, who is now in Madras when asked about his being away from Delhi and not being present at the meeting told PTI: "It is quite right. It is as it should be".

Asked about the Uttar Pradesh Congress affairs the Congress President said that he still hoped wiser counsels would prevail and the cleft that had been noticed recently might be patched up.

Dr. Pattabhi said: "Uttar Pradesh has all along claimed to be a foremost province, not merely in population and in the number of districts, but in cultural renaissance and political advancement, and such a claim can be adequate measure of give and take."

The Congress President said that there was complete co-operation between the Congress and the Central and State Governments in the matter of implementing the recent pact on minorities between India and Pakistan.

NATURAL DIFFIDENCE

'The continued immigration, rather movement, of people in thousands from Pakistan to India, I believe, is borne out of natural diffidence about the firmness in the implementation of the pact", he said.

Dr. Pattabhi said he was sorry to have read in a Delhi newspaper two days ago a report that in certain districts of East Bengal Hindus trying to return to their homes were being turned back. "Such periodical abberations" he said, "only serve to rouse all again the allayed apprehensions in the popular minds.

"I should think the East Bengal trouble I have referred to is only such an aberration. It is also just possible, now that the terms of searching and censoring of gods are easier, people may also be thinking of moving here temporarily to go back in due course when the present satisfactory state becomes permanent."

CONGRESS SESSION

Dr. Pattabhi said that the choice of Bangalore for the next session of the Congress was given up after ascertaining the position and opinions concerned. "If the Congress is not held in July, and postponed till November for the rains to subside in Bangalore", Dr. Pattabhi said, "everything will go wrong."

He added: "Unless Congress elections are completed and well settled we cannot enter upon the elections to the Central and State Legislatures with a clear ground ahead and an easy mind within. That was why the decision to hold the Congrese, rains or no rains, in July was firm and final".

QUALIFICATIONS FOR CENTRAL EMPLOYMENT

NEW DELHI, May 2.

The Government of India, in consultation with the Union Public Service Commission, have decided that for purposes of appointment to services and posts under the Central Government for which Matriculation is the minimum educational quolification a candidate should possess a certificate of having passed the Matriculation or School Leaving Examination of a university established by law in India or a certificate of having passed an examination held at the end of the high school, secondary school or higher secondary school awarded by an authority authorised by the Central or a State Government in India to issue such certificates by resolution, notification or other Government order.

CRIMINAL TRIBES ACT ENQUIRY COMMITTEE

Members To Tour Madras And Bombay Next Month

NEW DELHI, May 2 (PTI): The Criminal Tribes Act Enquiry Committee appointed by the Government of India last year will tour Madras and Bombay states next month. During their tour they will study particularly the working of the Madras Restriction of Habitual Offenders Act and the Bombay Habitual Offenders (Restriction) Act.

The Committee recently completed their tour of the Punjab. Between April 20 and 24 they visited settlements, colonies and institutions in the state, examined official and non-official witnesses and interviewed deputations of criminal tribes.

The Committee consists of Mr. Ananthasayanam Ayyangar, M. P. (Chairman), Mr. A. V. Thakkar, M.P., Mr. Venkatesh Narain Tewari, M.P., Mr. Kuladhar Chaliha, M.P., Sardar Gurbachan Singh, M.L.A. (Punjab) and Mr. J. K. Biswas, formerly Additional Chief Presidency Magistrate, Calcutta.

Korea Still Divided

SEOUL, Korea, May 2 (PTI-Reuter) —Mr. A. B. Jamieson, Australian Acting Chairman of the United Nations Korea Commission deplored in a broadcast that the Korean Republic was still divided.

There had been little improvement he said in the two years since elections were held under United Nations observation in Southern Korea.

REDUCTION OF WHEAT PRICE: In keeping with the Government of India's policy to bring down the prices, the Madhya Pradesh State Government have decided to reduce the procurement prices of wheat from a range of Rs. 14 to Rs. 15 per maund to Rs. 12-12 to Rs. 13-8 per maund.

UNREST WORSENS IN CAMBODIA

King Takes Charge Of Government

PARIS, May 2 (PTI-Reuter).

King Norodom Sihanour of Cambodia, South Western Indo-China, has taken over provisional leadership of his government "owing to the seriousness of the home situation" an announcement quoted by the Agence France Presse said today.

It was believed probable that a new government would be formed very soon.

Reports a month ago said that intense unrest had broken out in the south western parts of Cambodia where leaders of the Nationalist Kmers Issaraks had decided to fight for Cambodia's full independence from France.

France gave Cambodia independence within the French Union four months ago, but disagreement had arisen over interpretation of the treaty.

HONGKONG, May 2 (PTI-Reuter): A grenade exploded outside the office of the English newspaper "Hongkong Standard" early today, fatally wounding an eleven-year old Chinese girl.

It was the sixth explosion in the colony in three days.

IMPORT LICENCES FOR JULY-DEC.

Representations Useless

NEW DELHI, May 2 (UPI).—The Ministry of Commerce, Government of India have decided that no further representations regarding applications for import licences for the July-December 1949 period will be entertained unless it takes the form of a reply to a specific enquiry by the Chief Controller.

Announcing this a press note states that in spite of final decisions having been communicated to the parties concerned regarding applications for import licences for the July-December 1949 period, representations continue to be received in the office of the Chief Controller of Imports against such decisions.

These cannot be expected at this stage to add any new point to points already presented since the application was first made. On the other hand, consideration of such correspondence could only have the effect of diverting the licensing staff's attention from current licensing work with consequent delay in the issue of licences for the current period.

Parties concerned are advised that it is not possible for further correspondence of this nature to be entertained unless it takes the form of a reply to a specific enquiry by the Chief Controller of Imports, or one of his officers, and is received by May 15, 1950 or within 15 days of the issue of the enquiry whichever is later. This decision will also apply to similar correspondence already received since April 15, 1950, which will not be attended to, unless it forms a reply to a specific enquiry made by an officer of the Import Trade controller.

CERTIFIED

SHOLAPUR, May 2, (PTI): One hundred and seventy-five students, including 45 girls, belonging to several high schools in Sholapur who joined the "physical education holiday camp" were awarded certificates of merit when the one-week camp course came to an end yesterday.

BANK BALANCES IN BERLIN

Conversion Now Possible

NEW DELHI, May 2.

Reichsmark balances held in Berlin and the Soviet Zone of Germany before May 9, 1945, have not so far been convertible into the prevailing German currencies. Arrangements are now being made for this to be done in Berlin as well as the Soviet Zone of Germany.

Arrangements for those who desire to convert their accounts into Deutschmarks: In the case of an account held in a branch bank in the Western Sector of Berlin, the application should be made to that branch. If the account is held in a branch of one of the following banks in the Eastern Sector of Berlin, the application should be made to the corresponding branch in the Western Sector.

Name of Bank	Address of branch in Western Sector.
Deutsche Reichsbank	Berlin-Charlottenburg Berlinerstrasse 153.
Deutsche Bank	Berlin W. 50, Viktoria Luise-Platz 9
Dresdner Bank	Berlin-Charlottenburg, Uhlandstrasse, 11.
Cemmerzbank	Berlin-Friedensu. Sarrazinstrasse, 11-15
Hardy Co.	G.M.G H.—Berlin-Wilmersdorf, Fehrbelliner Platz 2.

Application forms and other details are available from the branch of the bank concerned in the Western Sector of Berlin. In cases of doubt, applications for information should be made to the Indian Military Mission, Berlin, BAOR. 2.

Application for conversion must be made by June 30, 1950.

Arrangements for those who desire to convert their accounts into East Marks: Applications with full particulars must be submitted to the Kommission, Berlin, W. 8, Tauben Strasse 26. Application for conversion in this case must be made by December 31, 1950.

RADIO COMMENTATOR COLLAPSES IN SHIP

LONDON, May 2 (PTI-Reuter):—Radio Commentator, Richard Sharp, who was a war correspondent in Burma, Singapore and Java, collapsed and died in the British destroyer 'Nepal' as she raced through fog last night to save his life.

Sharp, who was to cover for the British Broadcasting Corporation, the visit of King Heakon of Norway to the ship at Olso, collapsed yesterday and in the absence of a doctor two petty officers applied artificial respiration as the ship raced to Laurvik, a Norwegian port 75 miles away, to get him to hospital.

He was born in Yorkshire and had also worked on farms in New Zealand.

Red Purge Urged

COLOMBO: A special investigation Committee of the United National (Government) Party has recommended the Ceylon Government to purge Communists from the civil service. Government schools and rural development societies.

The Committee reported that while a purge of Communists from the civil service was desirable, no action was practicable under the present laws and it suggested that Minister of Finance Mr. J. R. Jayawardene should be asked to investigate the position and "take necessary action".

Red China And U. N. Membership

LAKE SUCCESS, May 2 (PTI-Reuter): Communist China's application for membership of the United Nations Economic Commission for Asia and the Far East has been referred to the Commission's meeting at Bangkok on May 16 for a decision.

The cabled application signed by Chou En-lai, Foreign Minister of the People's Republic of China, said Chi Chao Ting had been appointed Communist Representative, and asked United Nations Secretary-General, Mr. Tlygve Lie, to request a visa from the Siamese Goveriment.

(A Hongkong desuatch on Saturday said Mr. Chou also asked for the expulsion of the present Nationalist delegate).

'War With Russia, Coming'

WICHITA, (Kansas), May 2 (PTI-Reuter)—General George C. Kenney, American war-time Head of allied air forces in the Pacific, declared "war with Russia is coming", with Russia as the attacker.

Russian leaders 'probably" had gone so far as to set a year for the attack, he added in an address to the Wichita Rotary Club.

Buddhist Relics Welcomed

SHILLONG, May 2 (PTI): The sacred relics of Sariputta and Moggallanna the two chief disciples of Lord Buddha, were accorded a rousing reception on their arrival here today.

A Procession starting from the Mawlai Gate carried the relics to Government House. People lined the streets to watch the procession.

At Government House, Mr. Sri Prakasa, Governor of Assam, accompanied by his personal staff, received the relics. The Governor's household guards presented arms.

Later, His Excellency carried the gold casket containing the relics to the Darbar Hall and placed it on the throne.

GOVERNMENT'S BOLD GESTURE IN JUTE DEADLOCK

Mr. Walker Sees A New Era Of Prosperity

CALCUTTA, May 2, (UPI).

"A new era has been ushered in as a result of those long protracted and much criticised negotiations between the Indian Jute Mills Association and the Pakistan Jute Board," said Mr. M. R. Walker, Chairman, Indian Jute Mills Association and Jute Controller, Governments of West Bengal, Bihar and Uttar Pradesh, addressing the Calcutta Rotary Club this afternoon.

He said that he was a staunch opponent of Government's entry into or controls over business, but a review of the position between the two nations convinced him that nothing better could be managed as a first step than the jute deal which had been recently ratified by both the governments.

"A bold and determined gesture was needed to resolve a trade deadlock, damaging to the economies of both nations, and accordingly the deal in jute has been specifically detailed in a manner never hitherto attempted in inter-government trade talks", said.

Mr. Walker felt that the main problem before the country now was to get the usual and normal wheels of commerce moving so that more jute might flow to India. It was necessary that more contacts between the people in India and Pakistan would facilitate the implementation of the major agreement reached between the Prime Ministers of the two countries, he added.

DOLLAR EARNER

Tracing the origin and development of the jute industry, Mr. Walker said that partition had many "curious results", but none fraught with more concern,—politically, socially and economically,—than its effects on the jute mill trade. Every single jute mill manufacturing unit was left in India when 75 per cent of the area from which the vital raw commodity was derived was left in Pakistan.

Mr. Walker stressed the need for a reduction in raw jute prices and for its utilisation for different other purposes. He revealed that they had established the Indian Jute Mills Association Research Institute and hoped to furnish it with all necessary equipments and ancillaries.

Mr. Walker said that the Indian Jute Mills Association would lend its fullest support to the Government plan of making India self-sufficient in regard to jute crop. He, however, felt that as jute was a major foreign exchange earner for India, they should keep in mind the question of cheapness of their products to attract more foreign buyers.

TRADE DEPUTATION

LAHORE: A Pakistani Trade Deputation is likely to visit India shortly.

A deputation of the West Punjab Muslim Traders Federation waited on Shaikh Sadiq Hasana Adviser to the Governor of West Punjab. The deputationists disclosed to the Adviser that they were making arrangements for sending a Trade Mission to India for exploring additional possibilities of trade with that country.

Shaikh Sadiq Hasana assured the deputationists of the fullest support of the Government in their enterprise, and said that it was the considered policy of the Government to help in every possible way all efforts which were aimed at increasing the volume of trade and commerce of the country. Government, he said would welcome the sending of such trade missions to Eastern Pakistan and other Muslim countries as well.

HIND MAZDOOR SABHA CONFERENCE

Over 600 Delegates To Attend

HYDERABAD (Deccan), May 2, (PTI): Over six hundred delegates from all parts of India are expected to attend the annual conference of the Hind Mazdoor Sabha which begins in Secunderabad on May 5.

Mr. Jaya Prakash Narayan and other Socialist leaders will attend the Conference.

Mr. Jaya Prakash Narayan is due to address a public meeting at the victory play ground in Hyderabad on the evening of May 4.

FOREIGN VISITORS

SECUNDERABAD: Mr. Sokolove, Labour Attache to the United States Embassy in India and Mr. Keane, of the British High Commissioner's office in India, arrived here from Delhi today to participate in the Hind Mazdoor Sabha conference meeting from tomorrow adds the UPI.

U. N. TAKES OVER ARAB CAMPS

JERUSALEM, May 2 (PTI-Reuter): The United Nations Relief and Works Agency yesterday formally took over from the Red Cross authorities the care of dozens of Arab refugee camps and institutions in Israel and Jordan.

Only Two Derailments On Ludhiana-Hissar Railway

NEW DELHI, May 2 (UPI): There have been only two cases of derailment on the Ludhiana-Hissar section during the last 10 months and not three as reported in a section of the press, says a press note issued by the Public Relations Officer of the E P. Railway.

Though the two derailments occurred near about the same place the circumstances leading to these occurrances were entirely different and had no feature whatsoever. There were no casualties in any of these accidents.

Pak Technicians For Australia

DARWIN, May 2, (PTI-Reuter): Fourteen Royal Pakistan Air Force technicians have arrived here for six months training at a Royal Australian Air Force station in New South Wales.

GRANT OF IMPORT LICENCES

Interviews Suspended

NEW DELHI, May 1, (PTI): Suspension of interviews with officers of the Chief Controller of Imports organisation at New Delhi will continue throughout the month of May, 1950.

Announcing this, a Commerce Ministry press note says: "As the public are already aware, interviews with officers of the Chief Controller of Imports organisation at New Delhi were temporarily suspended during the month of April 1950 to enable speedy disposal of pending applications relating to the O.G.L. concessional scheme and to the licensing period July-December 1949. While substantial progress has been made in the disposal of such cases, it has been decided that the stoppage of interviews should continue throughout the month of May 1950 in ordder to facilitate the disposal of the small balance of such cases still remaining as well as to expedite the issue of licences against applications received for the current period Jaanuary-June 1950."

SOCIALISTS REFUSE TO ENTER POLICE VAN

Satyagraha In Punjab

JULLUNDUR May 2 (PTI): On the eighth day of the refugee-tenants Socialist-sponsored Satyagraha at Hoshiarpur yesterday, a batch of ten Satyagrahis led by Bakshish Singh and Rakha Singh defied the ban on processions. When they reached the Court of the District Magistrate, shouting slogans. They were arrested by the Sub-Inspector of Police on duty. The Satyagrahis refused to enter the police van. Thereupon, they were marched off to the police lock-up.

Jap Trade Offices In The U.S.

WASHINGTON, May 2 (PTI-Reuter): Fourteen Japanese Government officials will arrive in the United States this week to open trade offices in New Work, San Francisco, Los Angeles, and Scattle, said the State Department.

Tiger Visits Calcutta

CALCUTTA, May 2 (P.T.I.).

POLICE successfully hunted a ten-foot-long royal Bengal tiger from new market, Calcutta's fashionable shopping centre, early this morning.

The animal, while changing cage in a nearby managerie escaped, mauled an attendant and took refuge in an adjacent sweepers' colony. Frightened by this unexpected appearance of the tiger, the inmates ran for life. Police help was called in. They rushed with a wireless fitted van and shot four times to send him to rest before he could do any more harm.

The attendant was taken to hospital.

The tiger was brought to the town Sunday last by an animal dealer for sale, but the animal could not stand Calcutta's sweltering heat and suffered from sunstroke. Till last midnight, he could not rise up and had been forced-fed. "Security measures" were, therefore, loosened.

IRAQ WANTS LOAN FROM WORLD BANK

Expert Called For Consultation

BAGHDAD, May 2, (PTI-Reuter): The Iraq Government has recalled for consultation Ali Mumtaz, former Finance Minister now negotiating in London for a World Bank loan to Iraq, it was understood in official circles last night.

He is expected here on Thursday.

A month ago, before talks began, official quarters here said the World Bank was expected to grant 8,400,000 dollars for the Wadi Tharthar Scheme for a big artificial lake to prevent flooding from the Tigris and Euphrates.

They confirmed that negotiations were proceeding satisfactorily.

IRAQI KING'S BIRTHDAY

City Celebration

BOMBAY, Tuesday.

The Iraqi community in Bombay celebrate today (May 2) the 15th Birthday of their Boy-King Faisal II, who is at present in England prosecuting higher studies in preparation of his taking over the reins of the Government.

President Greets Iraq King

NEW DELHI, May 1: The following message has been sent by the President of India to His Majesty King Faisal II of Iraq:

"On behalf of the Government and people of India I have great pleasure in offering Your Majesty felicitations on your birthday."

JUDGMENT RESERVED ON BHARAT BANK APPEAL

Writ Of Mandamus Against Delhi Administrator

NEW DELHI, May 2 (PTI).

The Supreme Court today reserved judgment on the appeal of the Bharat Bank Ltd., Delhi, against the order passed by the Industrial Tribunal (Banks Disputes) Bombay for the reinstatement of 26 employees dismissed by the bank.

Mr. Bakshi Tek Chand, counsel for the appellant, argued that the appeal to the Supreme Court was maintainable because of the judicial character of the tribunal. Even though it had to consider matters not strictly legal, the existence of the word "court or tribunal" in Article 136 of the Constitution showed that the framers of the Constitution wanted to include the tribunal within its scope.

Mr. B. Sen, replying on behalf of the employees, contended that the tribunal was an administrative body of a quasi-judicial nature and no appeal was therefore maintainable.

WRIT OF MANDAMUS

The court also granted leave for a writ of mandamus to Pandit Dharamdatta Sharma and four others against the Delhi Administration and the Provincial Transport Authority for renewal of permanent permits for five stage carriages plying between Delhi and Muttra.

Counsel for the petitioners submitted that although the petitioners had paid all taxes upto March 31, 1950, the renewal of permanent permits under the Motor Vehicles Act of 1939 was refused permits under the Motor Vehicles Act of 1939 was refused. Temporary licences were however granted from time to time.

This refusal, amounted to a denial of the freedom of trade, and commerce and an infringement of the fundamental rights of the petitioners.

The court heard a similar petition by Bhup Singh Sharma and 18 others in respect of 18 stage carriages on the Delhi-Meerut route and granted leave for a writ of mandamas on the Delhi Authorities.

LABOUR RELATIONS BILL

Tripartite Conference To Meet In Delhi

NEW DELHI, May 2 (PTI)—A conference of employers and workers in banking and commercial interests will be held in New Delhi on May 18 and 19 to consider the Labour Relations Bill and Trade Unions Bill respectively.

The conference which will be tripartite in character will comprise representatives of Central Government, employers and workers in banking and commercial interests. In the employers quota, two seats each have been allotted to the Federation of Indian Chambers of Commerce and Industry, New Delhi and the Associated Chambers of Commerce of India, Calcutta, respectively and one seat each to the Indian Banks Association, Bombay, the Imperial Bank of India, Bombay, the Exchange Banks Asociation, Bombay and the South India Joint Stock Banks Association, Madras.

Of the workers seats, four have been allotted to the INTUC and three to the Hind Mazdoor Sabha. In addition, Professor, K. T. Shah, M.P. has been nominated as the representative of Independent Labour.

E. BENGAL REFUGEE RELIEF FUND

Ramakrishna Mission Chief's Appeal

BOMBAY, Tuesday.

Swami Sambuddhananda, President of the Ramakrishna Mission Ashram, Khar today appealed to the generous public, particularly mill-owners, merchants and the different associations, to contribute their quota to the Mission's /ast Bengal Refugee Relief Fund.

Previously acknowledged Rs. 20,000, East Bengal Refugee Relief Committee 15,000. M/s. Chunilal and Co., 1,501, Mr. D. M. Dahanukar 1,001, M/s. Bhailal Jivandas and Co., 650, Mr. Hirji Keshavji 501, M/s. V. A. Save and Co., 501, M/s. Volkart Bros. 501, M/s. Bombay Waste Co., 251, Mr. Dewji Hansraj 251, M/s. Shah Pandya and Co., 251, M/s. Anantrai and Co., 251, M/s. Wadibunder Cotton Press Co., 251, Mr. Daulatram Srinivas 251, Mr. Hirji Lakhmidas 251, Mr. Dayal Monji 251, M/s. Bhaidas Uttamram and Co., .51, M/s. Kailash General Trading Co., 251, M/s. Patuck Gin and Press Factory 251, The Parel Cotton Press Factory Ltd., 251, The Hyder-E-Ally Mfg. and Pressing Factory Ltd., 251, Mr. S. S. Pandit 251, M/s. Bhaichand Jivraj Mithala 201, Mr. K. Subramaniam 200, President, Gandhi Shubh Trust 200, Mr. Vasantrai Popatlal 151, Prabasi Juba Sangha 104-4, Mr. A. Ralappa 101, Mr. Kantilal Vithaldas 101, Mr. Nagardas Mohanlal 101, Mr. Makanji Desai 100, Tardeo Manimalla 100, Mr. Kishanlalji Ramchandraji Mudia 100, Anonymous Parsee Friend 100, Mr. J. M. Cooper 100, Mr. Samalji P. Sanghvi 100, Total Rs. 44,878-4-0.

"The Relief work is going on in full swing through all the Centres of the Ramakrishna Mission on the Indian border and in Pakistan. All donations to the Relief Funds of the Ramakrishna Mission are exempted from income—tax. Any countribution, in cash or kind, sent to Ramakrishna Mission, Khar, will be most thankfully acknowledged".

PRECURSOR OF BETTER UDERSTANDING

Bhim Sen Sachar's Hope

NEW DELHI, May 2. (UPI): Mr. Bhim Sen Sachar, former Premier of Punjab (Ind.) today expressed the hope that the Nehru-Liaquat Agreement on the question of minorities in two Bengals would be a precursor of a similar agreement for Western Pakistan.

Mr. Sachar, who has just returned from U.P. where he led a goodwill mission on behalf of the Rehabilitation Committee, was this evening give to press correspondents his impressions about the conditions in the State.

He informed that an immediate results of the Pact was that confidence had been created in the minds of the minorities and that exodus of Muslims had considerably decreased.

INDIA'S DEBT TO LASKI: PANDIT NEHRU'S MESSAGE

LONDON, May 2 (PTI-Reuter): The Indian Prime Minister, Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru, cabled this message to a special thanksgiving meeting held in London last night in memory of Prof Harold Laski: t is difficult to realise that Harold Laski is no more. Lovers of freedom all over the world have paid tribute to the magnificent work he did. But we in India are particularly grateful for his staunch advocacy of Indian freedom and the part he played in bringing it about.

"At no time did he falter or compromise on the principle he held deal and large numbers of persons drew inspiration from him. Those who knew him personally counted this as a rare privilege, and his passing away has come as a great sorrow and a shock. Someone who was part of their lives has gone and there is a sense of emptiness".

Professor Laski, who was Professor of Political Science at London University and a former Chairman of the Labour Party Executive, died five weeks ago.

Last night's meeting was organised by the India League. The High Commissioner for India, Mr. Krishna Menon, who studied under Laski for ten years, said India owed him a special debt of gratitude because he was actively associated with the struggle for independence for 25 or 30 years. Among his former pupils were people in high places. There was not a university in India which did not include them on its teaching staff.

"Professor Laski" the High Commissioner declared, "taught us how to hold fast to faith, to understand people, to practise tolerance and not to be afraid of difficulties in the way. He came nearest to our oriental conception of a teacher"

SERVED THE UNDERDOG

Lord Pethick-Lawrence, last British Secretary of State for India, said Laski always wanted to serve the underdog and the oppressed. Mr. H. N. Brailsford, journalist and author, said Laski realised that his first duty was to fight imperialism in his own country.

The Chairman, Mr. Reginald Sorensen, leader of the India League group of Members of Parliament; said Laski throughout his life served the cause of India. In his turn he drew a great inspiration from that country.

DHARWAR SCHEME: A grant of Rs. 97,600 has been sanctioned by the Government of Bombay for the Sarvodaya Scheme in the Dharwar District for the year 1950-51.

BRITISH SHIP RELEASED

Detained By Chinese Nationalists

HONGKONG, May 2 (PTI-Reuter): The 3,539-ton British merchantman "Incharaan," detained by a Chinese Nationalist warship yesterday afternoon, was later released under instructions not to proceed to Macao, British naval quarters here stated early today.

The vessel was on her way from Hongkong to the Portuguese territory of Macao, large island west of Hongkong off the Pearl River estuary.

U. K. IMPORT LICENCES

Extension Period

NEW DELHI, May 2.

The import of various commodities into the United Kingdom is regulated by the U.K. token import scheme or bulk quotas. In this connection exporters in India are advised that the U.K. Board of Trade has intimated that in the case of quotas expiring on the first day of a calendar year, it is the normal practice to permit extension of licences up to the following March 31 in order to enable importers to obtain delivery of goods shipped towards the end of the previous year.

In the case of shipments arriving in the U.K. after March 31, however, fresh applications have to be made by U.K. importers against the new quota for the year.

BOMBAY, Tuesday: The Executive Committee of the Bombay Civil Liberties Union has decided to call a Provincial Civil Liberties Conference some time before the end of August. The Committee has issued a circular to the District Civil Liberties Unions and to such persons as are interested in this movement at these places where Unions de not exist, asking for suggestions and requesting them to activise their organisation so as to enable them to secure adequate representation.

SHARES CONTINUE TO BE STEADY

Further Moderate Improvement In Steels

BOMBAY, Tuesday.

The local Stock Exchange continued to be steady today, with smaller gains all-round. Though the price range in pivotal counters was confined within narrow bounds, the general tendency of the market appeared to be upward.

Steel section recorded further moderate improvement, due mainly to speculative support. Tata Steels Deferred opened higher at Rs. 1718-12, and after losing five points under the pressure of initial buying, rallied again to Rs. 1723-12 with fresh support. Later it was steady around Rs. 1720 level.

Tata Ordinary opened at Rs. 333-8 and after oscillating between Rs. 333 and Rs. 335 quietened down at Rs. 334. Indian Iron and Bengal Steel recorded a moderate gain of two annas after starting at Rs. 21-7 and Rs. 30-11 respectively.

Textiles were steady, though with very little support. Bombay Dyeing opened at Rs. 1013-12 and after dwindling down to Rs. 1008-8 rallied to Rs. 1012, to be steady at that level. Other textiles were almost unchanged at their overnight levels.

The Miscellaneous section showed very little activity. Scindia lost three annas after opening at Rs. 12-12-6. Associated Cement was unchanged at Rs. 157, while Bellapur stood at Rs. 232.

Banks were steady, Central being quoted at Rs. 83-12.

Securities were dull, and the 3 per cent Conversion Loan found buyers at Rs. 96-15-6.

During the latter part of the session, Tata Steel Deferred advanced upto Rs. 1730 and finished two points lower.

The closing tone of the market was firm.

FORWARD SECTION

MILL SHARES	
Bombay Dyeing (27-8) XD	1010 0
Kohinoor Mills (21)	317 0
Svadeshi Mills (12-4)	271 0
Central India Mills (6)	234 0
Simplex Mills (6-8)	204 8
New Great Eastern (8)	143 0
Indore (8-3)	113 12
Gokak Mills (12) XD	255 0
Century Spinning (15)	243 2
Indian Bleaching (6)	157 [illegible]
Swan Mills (20)	306 0
Finlay Mills (15)	251 0
Morarji Goculdas (S)	153 0
Edward Sassoon (30)	210 10
Meyer (12)	88 12
Apollo Mills (As. 4)	2 15 6
India United Ord. (0-14-9)	111 14
India United Defd.	1 14
Madhusudan (15)	141 4
Podar (S)	128 12
Khatau Makanji (6)	156 4
STEEL SHARES	
Tata Steel Ord. (14)	336 0
Tata Steel Defd. (64-15)	1727 8
Tata Steel 2nd Pref. (7-12)	143 8
CEMENT INDUSTRIES	
Associated Cement (7) XD	156 8
Burma (12-8) XD	478 2
Belapur Sugar (9)	232 0
Shivrajpur (1-8)	30 12
Scindia Steam (6-8)	12-8-6
Premier Construction	90 8
Tata Chemical	11 9
Tata Oil (2)	49 0
Indian Iron (0-12)	80 13
Bengal Steel (0-12-0)	21 10
British India Corp. (0-2)	8 13 6
Indian Copper	2 4 6
Wimco	230 0
Alcock	328 12
ELECTRIC SHARES	
Tata Hydro (3) XD	153 0
Andhra Valley (30)	1407 8
Tata Power (25)	1520 0

CASH SECTION

COTTON MILLS	
Elphinstone (5)	68 8
Phoenix (9)	140 0
Indian Mfg (40)	2950 0
Kurla XD	110 0
Colaba (12)	105 0
New City (11)	172 4
Minerva (12)	138 12
Bradbury (12)	585 10
Bharucha Defd. (0-4)	4 4
Bharat Mills (2)	28 0
Mysore (4)	160 10
Maharashtra (0-12-0)	14 4
Modern Mills (13-8)	162 8
Lakshmi Cotton (25	626 4
Vishnu Cotton (8)	210 0
Western India (40)	2925 0
Standard (15)	227 4
Sholapur (200)	3150 0
Sassoon Cotton Mills (0-8-0)	[illegible]
Hindustan Mills (40)	2950 0
Tata Mills (2-4)	47 0
Ahmedabad Advance (9)	230 0
Sassoon Silk	34 4
New Union Mills (0-8)	18 4
Madhusudan S. (2-5)	32 0
Shrinivas Mills (S)	173 12
Raja Bahadur (4)	54 0
Berar Mills	261 14
Victoria Mills	225 0
ELECTRIC (CASH)	
Ahmedabad Electric (1-8) XD	125 0
Ahmedabad New XD	99 0
Surat Electric	133 2
Karachi Electric (2)	127 8
Broach (0-5)	6 2
Ajmer Electricity (0-8)	10 1
Amalgamated	11 2
Nagpur Electricity (1-12)	28 8
Poona Electric Supply (8)	136 4
Bombay Suburban (8)	151 4
Bombay Suburban New	145 10
BANK SHARES	
Imperial Bank of India	1816 4
Imperial Bank P (0-12)	446 4
Central Bank	84 8
Central Bank New (1-8)	84 4
Bank of India (4) XD	177 8
Union (0-3)	7 5
Baroda (2-3) XD	120 0
Devkaran Nanjee Bank (1-8)	37 8
United Commercial (1-2)	46 0
Jaipur Bank (18-0)	31 8
Hindustan Commercial	17 0
Mysore Bank (8)	365 0
Eastern Bank (0-14-9)	90 0
INSURANCE SHARES	
Oriental (125)	4750 0
Empire (10)	571 4
New India (1-7)	64 0
Jupiter (0-12)	12 12
Vulcan (0-10)	13 7
Indian Mercantile (0-4)	38 8
Universal	9 0
BIG (1)	17 0
Industrial and Prudential	28 4
Neptune	7 0
All India General	12 12
New Great	15 0
RAILWAY SHARES	
C. P. (1-14) XD	112 12

MISCELLANEOUS SHARES	
Steamer (10)	230 0
Bombay Burma New (5)	162 8
Burma Petrol	1 9 3
Mackenzie (6)	90 0
Port Canning (3)	56 4
Kemp and Co. (20)	298 12
Zandu Pharmacy (7)	100 0
Industrial Invest Trust (5-12)	84 12
Dharamsey Chemical (2)	52 8
Mukund Iron	4 6
Dena Trust (0-12)	14 0
Alembic (15)	46 4
Supreme Industries	72 8
Bombay Uganda	67 8
Bombay Motor Cycle	27 8
Indian Cement (1937)	20 0
Walchand Nagar Industries B.S.)	153 2
United Motor	28 0
Bombay Safe Deposit (27)	775 0
Hydary Construction	19 10
Mahamadi Steam	100 0
Gujarat Motor	26 14
Sardar Carbonic XD	700 0
Harvey Press	310 0
Estrella Batteries	30 0
National Rayon	48 4
PREFERENCE SHARES	
Tata Steel 1st (6)	198 12
Andhra Valley (7)	125 8
Tata Power (7-8)	1312 8
Hydro Electric (7) XD	125 0
Bombay Steamer (6)	231 4
Central India (5)	351 4
Swedish Mills	130 0
Vishnu Mills (7)	672 8
Laxmi	275 0
New Great Mills (5-8)	220 4
Podar Mills (4)	95 0
Shrinivas Mills	98 0
Elphinstone Mills (7)	108 2
Bradbury Mills (7-8)	334 6
Surat Electricity (3-4)	135 0
Pre. Construction First	99 8
Pre Construction 2nd Pref.	98 0
Amalgamated	115 0
India	72 0
Tata Chemical	126 4
Walchandnagar	130 0
Jupiter	12 15
Supreme	100 0
Meyer	102 8
Mackenzie First	92 0
Mackenzie (2)	80 0
Ahmedabad Advance	127 8
Mysore Mill	41 0
Standard	99 0
Madhusudan	12 0
Khatau	100 0
Morarji	94 8
National Rayon	69 8
DEBENTURES	
Andhra 1952	101 4
Gula Kajamsingh	8 9
Rubber Planting	17 0
Bombay Steamer	98 8
Indian Hume Pipe	101 0
Scindia	97 0
Tata Power 1951	101 0
Walchandnagar	106 0
OUTSIDE SHARES	
Burma Corporation	3 2
New Victoria	2 2
New Victoria Pref	4 6
Phalton	90 0
New Kaiser-i-Hind	325 0
Sajjan X R C.D.	101 0
Osmanshahi X.R. C.D.	125 0
Ajam Shahi	125 0
Air Service	4 4
Air India	69 0
Hind Motor	5 9
India Steam	7 2

GOLD AND SILVER

BOMBAY, Tuesday.

The bullion market was fairly active today with a moderate turnover.

Forward silver opened at Rs. 191-8 and gradually advanced to Rs. 191-12 under speculative buying. Reaction then set in, and the price declined to Rs. 191-4, to be later steady around Rs. 191-8. Ready silver was quoted at Rs. 191-12.

Forward gold lost five annas after opening at Rs. 117-10, but regained the lost position under fresh support, and was steady at the opening level.

Ready gold was quoted at Rs. 119, while sovereign was placed at Rs. 76-8.

Following were the quotations when the market closed for the day:

	Rs. as.
Forward Silver	191 8
Ready Silver	191 4
Forward Gold	117 13
Ready Gold	119 0

PRODUCE MARKET

BOMBAY, May 2.

The local Produce market was steady with moderate business. Quotations were as under:—

GROUNDNUTS			
Khandesh Quaity Ready	44	4	0
Khandesh Quality Ready	44	4	0
Bold Ready	43	4	0
Oil Bombay Mills	23	14	0
Oil Upcountry Mills	23	0	0
Oil May	23	2	0
Oil June	23	7	0
LINSEED			
Bold Ready	37	0	0
Small Satna	37	0	0
April-May	36	0	0
Oil June	21	4	0
CASTORSEEDS			
Castorseeds Ready	27	12	0
Madras Ready	28	2	0
May	28	1	0
June	28	8	0

GOVERNMENT LOANS

BOMBAY, May 2.

2 1/2 per cent 1954	94	14	0
2 1/2 per cent 1950	100	0	0
2 1/2 per cent 1955	99	14	0
2 1/2 per cent 1961	97	1	0
2 1/2 per cent 1950	99	9	0
2 3/4 per cent 1962	99	4	0
2 3/4 per cent 1973	95	12	0
2 per cent Con.	96	15	0
3 per cent 1951-54	101	3	0
3 per cent 1952-55	101	10	0
3 per cent 1957	101	9	0
3 per cent 1950-51	101	5	0
3 per cent 1963-65	100	6	0
3 per cent 1966-68	100	2	0
3 per cent 1970-75	100	0	0
2 1/2 per cent 1954-59	104	0	0
3 1/2 per cent 1950-70	110	2	0
4 1/2 per cent 1950-55	100	12	0
4 5/0-5.65 1/2 per cent 1958-60	110	4	0
4 1/2 per cent 1953-56	112	10	0
PROVINCIAL LOANS			
3 per cent Bombay 1962	99	5	0
2 3/4 per cent C. P 1961	97	2	0
2 3/4 per cent Madras 1981	97	2	0
3 per cent Bombay 1955	100	8	0
3 per cent Bombay 1958	100	4	0
3 per cent Punjab 1952	100	0	0
3 per cent Madras 1952-53	100	8	0
3 per cent C. P 1952	100	6	0
3 per cent U. P 1952	100	6	0
3 per cent N.-W.-F 1952	98	2	0
3 per cent U P 1901-68	99	8	0
3 1/4 per cent Municipal 1977	98	9	0
4 per cent B.P.I long dated	110	0	0
4 per cent Bombay Muni	109	12	0
5 per cent Bombay Muni 1959	113	8	0
6 per cent K. P T. 1950	113	0	0

Government Of India Treasury Bills

During the week ended the 28th April 1950, Government of India Treasury Bills for Rs. 4,75,50,000—(Rs. Four crores, seventy five lakhs and fifty thousand only) were sold in favour of the Reserve Bank of India.

ARTIFICIAL SILK YARN

BOMBAY, May 2.

Following were the closing quotations in the Bombay Artificial Silk Yarn Market today:

	Rs. as.
120 Ready Japan	6 13
150 Ready Japan	5 9
120 Ready Italy	6 1
150 Ready Italy	5 5
150 D Box May	1038 0
150 D Box June	988 0

ALEXANDRIA COTTON

ALEXANDRIA, May 1.

KARNAK—	
May	76.75— 70
July	78 40— 45
November	73.55— 95
ASHMOUNI—	
June	109.25—340
August	82.30—170
October	64.60— 60

LONDON BULLION

LONDON, May 1.

London Silver both Spot and Forward 63 pence.

London Gold bars fine per oz. £ 12/8/0.

Record Of Actual Transactions In Shares

BOMBAY, May 2.

Apollo 3 2-15-6
B. Dyeing 1013-12 8-12 12-8 7-8 10
C. India 235 34 35-8 33-8 34
Century 246-4
El. Textiles 211-4 10-10 (Ex div)
Elphinstone Ord. 65 70 68-8
Elphinstone Pref 108-12
Finlay 253 50
Gokak 255-8 57 55
I. U. Defd 1-14
I. U. Ord. 11-14
Indore 113-12 15 13-12
Kohinoor 318-8 16-12 17-8 16-8 17
Laxmi 626-4
New Great 143
New Union 18-5 18-4
Simplex 204 5-8 4-8
Svadeshi 271-8 70-8 71
Swan 306
Tata Mills 47-4 47
Vishnu 210
Scindia 12-12-6 12-9 12-10-6 12-8 12-10 12-8-6
Baroda 120
Central 84 83-12 84-8
Central New 83-12 84-4
Imperial Old 1818-12 20 16-4
Imperial New 446-4
India 178 77-8
Union 7-5
U. Commercial 46
Ahmedabad 126|4, 25
Andhra 1407|8 (1-5-50)
Suburban 151|4 (1-5-50)
Hydro 153|8
Power 1525 20
New India 63|4 64|8 64
Oriental 4730 50
B. Steel 21|7 21|10
I. Iron 30|11 30|15
Tata Defd 1718 12 20 13|12 23|12 15 30 27|8
Tata Ord 333|8 34 33 35 33|12 36|8 36
Tata IInd Pref 143|9 (1-5-50)
Alcock 330 28|12
A.C.C. 157 56|8 57 56|8
Belapur 232 32|8 31|8 32|8 32
B. B. Old 477|8 80 75 77|8 75| 78|2
B.B. New 160 62|8
B.B. Petrol 1|9 1|9|3
B.I.C. 8||13|6
Dharamsey 53
I. Copper 2|4|6
P. Const 91 88|8 89|8
Port Canning 54|8
Shivrajpur 30|12
Tata Chem 11|16 11:5 11|9
Tata Oil 48|12 49
Wimco 230
SPECIAL
Ahmedabad Elec New 99|12 98
Industrial & Prudential 28|8

MONEY MARKET

BOMBAY, May 2.

B. C. Rates I. T. D. D. 1/5 15/16 Ready.
B. C. Rates I. T. D. D. 1/5 29/32 up to 6 Months
London Banks Selling T. T. D. D 1/5 31/32 Ready.
London Banks Selling T. T. D. D. 1/5 15/16 up to 6 Months.
London Banks Buying T. T. 1/6 1/32 to 9th Month
London Banks Buying T. T. 1/6 1/16 10th-12th Month.
London Banks Buying D. D. 1/6 1/16 to 4th Month.
London Banks Buying D. D. 1/6 3/32 5th and 6th Month.
London Banks Buying D. D. 1/6 1/8 7th-9th Month.
London Banks Buying 60 and 90 d/st 1/6 1/8 to 4th Month.
London Banks Buying 60 and 90 d/st 1/6 5/32 5th and 6th Month.
London Banks Buying 60 and 90 d/st 1/6 3/16 7th-9th Month.
London Banks Buying 120 d/st 1/6 5/32 to 4th Month.
London Banks Buying 120 d/st 1/6 3/16 5th and 6th Month.
London Banks Buying 120 d/st 1/6 7/32 7th-9th Month.
New York B. C. Rate T. T. Rs. 478 1/4. Montreal Rs. 435.
Banks Buying T. T. D. D. Rs. 478 1/4 Montreal Rs. 435
Banks Buying T T Rs 475 Montreal Rs. 431 3/4
Banks Buying D. D. Rs 472 1/2 Montreal Rs 429 3/4
Banks Buying D. D. Rs. 473 3/4 L/C. Montreal Rs 430 1/2.
Paris Banks Selling T. T. Fcs. 7250
Paris Banks Buying T. T. Fcs. 7500.
Amsterdam Banks Selling T. T. D. D. Fl 79.
Switzerland Banks Selling T. T. D. D. Fcs. 90 1/4.
Belgium Banks Selling T T. D. D. Fcs. 1033.
Java Banks Selling T. T. D. D. Glds. 79.
Hongkong Banks Selling T. T. D. D. Rs. 83 1/4.
Singapore Banks Selling T. T. D. D. Rs. 156 3/4.
Manila Banks Selling T. T. D. D. Rs. 238 3/4.

New York/London Cross Rate dol. 2.79 7/8 to 2.80 1/8. London/Afghanistan Cross Rate/Afghani Rs. not quoted. London/Alexandria Cross Rate Fls 97 1/4-3/4. London/Amsterdam Cross Rate Fl 10.63-65 London/Bangkok Cross Rate Tcl 35. London/Belgium Cross Rate Fcs. 139.90-140.10 London/Denmark Cross Rate Kr 19.32-36 London/Hong Kong Cross Rate 1/2 27/32-1/2 15/16 London/Iran Cross Rate Rl. 89.40-91.00 London/Java Cross Rate Fl 10-63-65 London/Karachi Cross Rate Rs. 2/1-84-2/1.94 London/Lisbon Cross Rate Esc. 80.35 London/Manila Cross Rate Fcs 5.60-5.65. London/Montreal Cross Rate dol 3/07 3/4-3.08 1/4. London/New York Cross Rate dol 2.79 7/8-2.80 1/8 London Oslo Cross Rate Kr 19.98-20.02 London/Paris Cross Rate Fcs. 979-981. London/Prague Cross Rate K. not quoted London/Singapore Cross Rate 2/4 1/16 2/4 3/16 London/Stockholm Cross Rate Kr. 14.47-50. London/Switzerland Cross Rate Fcs. 12 23-12.26

London Discts 3 Mos. 11/16 p.c.
London Discts 6 Mos 7/8 p.c.
Reserve Bank Rate 3 per cent.
Bank of England Rate 2 per cent.
Money: Call 3/4 per cent. 3 Mos. 1 1/4 per cent 6 Mos 1 1/2 per cent 12 Mos 1 3/4 per cent.
Tone: Steady

MADRAS SHARE BAZAR

MADRAS May 2. (PTI): Following are today's quotations in the Madras Stock Market:—

GOVERNMENT SECURITIES: Government of India Loans three per cent Paper 96/15 small lot, Ditto 1936 96/15, Ditto 1970/75 99/13, Government of Travancore Loan three per cent 1952/54 101/12, Government of Madras Loan three per cent 1960 100/4.

BANKS: Travancore 14/1.

PLANTINGS: Chembra 5/9, Cochin Malabar 5/8, Devashola 109, Midland 5/7/6, Nelliampathy 1/5, Ouchterlony 6/12, Pullangode 1/8/6 Thirumbadi 2/3, T. R. and T. Co. 5/2, Vaikundham 7/10.

TEXTILES: Bangalore Woollen 232/8, Buckingham 138 Ditto pref. 188, Cambodia 11/14, Coimbatore Cm. 137, Ditto Pioneer 119, Ditto Spg. 52/8, Lakshmi 74/8 Madura 36/14, Mettur 330, Radhakrishna 197/8, Rajalakshmi 73, Ranga Vilas 55/8, Trav. Rayons 3/15, Trichinopoly 10. Vasanta 110.

MISCELLANEOUS: Andhra Cement 70, F.A.C.T. 5/3, India Cement 17/14. Indian Steel Rolling 5/8 Mettur Chem. 5/8. Mysore Chem. Fert 7/10/6.

Indore Share Market

(From Our Correspondent)

INDORE, May 2.

Following were final quotations in Rupees on Indore Stck Exchange etoday. Indore-Malwa 107 Hukamchand mill 462, Bhandari mill 592. Vinod mill 316, Kalyanmal mill 70. Kalyanmal mill Preference 81, Rajkumar mill 102, Indore Bank 62.

On Indore Bullion Exchange forward gold commenced at 117/14/6 highest touched 118/8 lowest 117/14 and closed at 118/5/6.

On Indore Bada Saraf a Association forward silver opened at 187/4 highest touched 187/12 lowest 186/12 and closed at 186/9/6.

Ahmedabad Markets

(From Our Correspondent)

AHMEDABAD, May 2.

Market is firm and constructive.

Fluctuations: Calico opened 268/4 highest 269 lowest 267/12, Arvind opened 797 lowest 792 highest 799, Ambica opened 322/8 highest 324, Defffered opened 1717 higest 1732.

Closing Quotations: Calico 268/4, Arvind 797, Ambica 324 Deferred 1730 Ashok 357/8 Ajit 311/4 New Shorok 605, Bhalakia 95, Mahalaxmi 360, Sarangpur Cotton 1465, Atul 34.

Shares in Delivery: Calico 361, Arvind 58, Ambica 90. Deferred 69, Jupiter 12, Marsdon 8, Monogram 7 Sarasput 4.

Local Selling On N.Y. Cotton Exchange

WALL STREET FIRM UNDER SHORT COVERING

NEW YORK, May 1.

Following initial irregularities, prices advanced under the leadership of new crops and additional commission house demand with the market still under the influence of higher mid-April parity price and small crop ideas as a result of weevil threats and reduced acreage. Profittaking temporarily arrested the upturn but minor setbacks continued to attract new buying. Nearbys eased slightly initially on scattered hedges and liquidation but quickly recovered and improved on trade demand and short covering.

New crops reacted sharply in the afternoon on increased profittaking together with local and New Orleans selling partly based on technical considerations and private reports of light rains in Texas and Oklahoma plus tapering off of earlier demands. Old crops were featured by switching May to July by a leading spot house but otherwise there were no fresh developments. The session closed barely steady with sales estimated at 130,000 bales.

NEW YORK COTTON

May	32.70—08
July	32.88—05
October	31.63—14
December	31.46—16
Middling Spot	33.45—08

NEW ORLEANS COTTON

May	32.41—05
July	32.66—06
October	31.61—12
December	31.47—13
Middling Spot	32.40—05

New York Cotton October Highest 31.86 at 11-21 hours, Lowest 31.63 at 15-00 hours.

WALL STREET MARKET

The market extended last week's advance under new short covering and investment buying inspired by the still favourable tenor of business and economic news In good activity, gains of mostly fractions predominated with the main attention on leading motors, steels, chemicals, aircrafts, rails and oils. The averages were industrials 215.06 and rails 56.81.

The rail average was narrowly higher to a new peak while industrial was a shade below the year's peak as the market moved to rather well distributed gains ranging to a dollar or more. Steels were in demand with some fair sized blocks exchanged. The steel output this week is scheduled to hold near the record level and high operations are predicted well into the third quarter. The industrial average latterly attained a new year's peak. The market closed at the day's best. The market closed firm.

N. Y. STOCKS

American Telephone and Teelgraph 157-1/2.
Amerex Holding Co. 35-3/4.
Anaconda Copper Mining 30-1/4.
Chase National Bank 37-3/8.
Firestone Tyre 59-3/8.
General Electric 48-1/2
General Motors 86-1/2.
Ingersoll Rand 67-3/4.
International Nickel 26.
National City Bank 45-3/4.
New York Central Rail Road Co. 14-3/8.
Sinclair Oil Corporation 25-1/4.
Socony Vacuum Corporation 17-1/2.
Texas Corporation 65-3/8.
Union Carbide 47-3/4.
U. S. Smelting and Refining 34-1/8.
U. S. Steel Common 33-1/8.
Western Union 26-3/4.

The total number of shares which changed hands during the day was 2,390,000.

The Highest and Lowest U. S. Steel trading prices were 33-1/4 and 32-5/8 respectively.

CHICAGO GRAINS

CHICAGO GRAINS: Prices worked higher in sympathy with the daily permissible limit and advances in nearby soyabean contracts in Kansas city, maize and Winnipeg rye reflecting active commission houses buying and short covering disclosed limited offerings. Buying of maize was also possibly influenced by the predictions for unsettled weather in the main producing areas.

CHICAGO WHEAT

CHICAGO, May 1.

May 2.32-3/4. July 2.19-7/8. September 2.20-1/4. December unreceived.

N. Y. SILVER SALES

NEW YORK, May 1.

Open market sales were at least 125,000 ounces at the unchanged price of 72 cents per ounce. A leading seller continued to offer sparingly but other regular sellers more than supplied the demand. Buying interest apparently slackened slightly in the open market probably due to the leading sellers cut back in offerings.

NEW YORK PEPPER MARKET

NEW YORK, May 1.

Today's prices are as follows: Black pepper spot 1.45 asked.

OLD CONTRACT: May 1.41 nominal, June 1.41 nominal, July 1.39 nominal, Sept 1.39 nominal.

NEW CONTRACT: May 1.41 nominal, June 1.41 nominal July 1.39 nominal, September 1.39 nominal. White pepper spot 2.45 asked. (Trading review of the New York Pepper Market is not received).

SINGAPORE PEPPER PRICES

SINGAPORE, May 1.

The pepper market was quiet with both black lampong and white muntok unchanged at 580 and 865 dollars per picul respectively.

KARACHI COTTON MARKET

(From Our Correspondent.)

KARACHI, May 2.

Cotton market steadier on good demand and larger exports thus strengthening statistical position.

Yesterday's spot sales 5,000 exports 6,755 bales for Russia and Continental ports.

Cottonseeds quiet.

Cloth and yarn prices continued down trend owing prospects import of cheap Indian goods.

Current Quotations: Cotton Nt. 72/4, Punjab 289-F 74/4. Fourt 71, Cottonseeds ready 6 3, Gold 100/4.

Stock Exchange: State Bank 103, Habib Bank 192/8 Muslim Commercial Bank 38/8, Three per cent 1960 Loan 101/14.

CALCUTTA STOCK EXCHANGE

CALCUTTA, May 2 (PTI).

The market continued its better note round Teas, Jute and Coal shares. The speculative stocks marked up further on strong buying. Government securities kept steady.

Following are today's final transactions upto 3-00 p.m.:

Government Securities: Three percent Govt. paper 97, Three percent loan 1986 97-1, Three percent loan 1959-61 100-5, S.L. Three percent loan 1963-65 100-8 s. lot, Four percent loan 1960-70 109-12.

Banks: Bengal Central 7-10, Imperial fully paid 1797-8, ct. United Commercial 46.

Cottons: Jayshree Textiles 4-5, New Victoria ordy. 2-5, ditto pref. 4-6.

Coals: Amalgamated 30, Bengal 526, Bhalgora 8-9, Burrakur 14-15, Central India 5, Churulia 5-13, Cum div. Dhemo Main 17-4, Ex-div. East Indian 37-3, New Beerbhoom 16-6, New Manbhoom 24-2, Raneegunge 9-12, Talcher 3-3, Searsole 8-4, Western Bengal 5-9.

Jutes: Anglo India 215, Bally 237, s. lot, Belvedere 250, Howrah 30-2, Kamaratty 276, Kelvin 276, Naihati 145 National 24-8, Nuddea 72, Reliance 22-14, Champdany 181, India 161, Kanknarrah 174, Presidency 6-6.

Engineerings: Indian Iron 31, Indian Steel and Wire Products ordy. 47, Kumardhubi Eng. 8-1, Marshalls 27-6, Steel Corp. 21-11.

Miscellaneous: Burma Corp. 3-2, Consolidated tin annas twelve, Indian Copper 2-5, Assam Bengal Cement 7-13, Some Valley Cement 6-4, Calcutta Electric 15-14, Bharat Airways 3-1, Calcutta Trams 17-9, Bic. 8-13, Dunlop Rubber Ordy. 44-8, F. and C. Osler 5-3, Indian National Airways 3-4, Indian Wood Products 34-12, Jardine Henderson 149, Martin Burn 15-12, s. lot, National Insulated Cable 10-8, National Tobacco 21-8, British Burma Petrol 1-8 Orient Paper ordy. 33-4, Shree Gopal Paper 11-6, Titaghur Paper 34-14, Assam Saws 8-8, Ex-div. India Steamship 7-2.

Sugars: Carew and Co. 7-7. New Savan 6-8, odd lot.

Teas: Bateli 15, Birpara 160, Bishnauth 37-8, East India 18-8, Hansqua 20, Huldibari 27-8, Killcott 24-4, Ledo 130, North-Western Cachar 86, ct. Rajgarh 31, Soom 11-8, Teenvali 19, Teloijan 9-8, Tyroon 31.

LONDON STOCKS

LONDON, May 1.

2-1/2 per cent British Consols £ 68-3/4.
3-1/2 per cent Conversion Loan 1961 £ 92-7/8.
4 per cent Funding Loan 1960/90 £ 106.
3-1/2 per cent War Loan on or after December 1st 1952 £ 91-1/8.
Chartered Bank of India £ 9-3/16.
Hong Kong and Shanhgai Bank London Reg. £77.
National Bank of India £ 32-1/8.

Transactions on the London Stock Exchange are officially placed at 7302.

LONDON PEPPER MARKET

LONDON, May 1.

The Pepper Market was quiet with black cheaper. Black Lampong, May|June, was offered at 10sh 6d. and White muntok at 15sh 10d shipping weight with White Sarawak at 1sh. 6d per pound C.I.F. basis. Malabar May|June, was available at 1,135 sh. against bids of 1,130 sh per cwt C.I.F. United Kingdom.

PERSIA NEEDS AID VERY URGENTLY

Appeal To Truman

WASHINGTON, May 2 (PTI-Reuter): Hussein Ala, retiring ambassador and newly appointed Foreign Minister of Persia, told President Truman yesterday that Persia urgently needed financial help.

He told reporters afterwards that he informed the President "we are passing through an economic crisis as a result of two severe winters which destroyed most of our fruit crop and much of our livestock".

The situation was desperate, "unless we can get some kind of emergency aid", he added.

"The Communist Party went underground two years ago when it was outlawed in Persia and since then has profited by our economic situation, our unfavourable trade balance and our Government deficit" he said.

FOURTEEN LIVES LOST

Air Crashes In U. S. On Sunday

NEW YORK, May 2. (PTI-Reuter): Fourteen people were killed in four Sunday air crashes in the United States.

At Learnon, Illinois, six men in an air force (B-25 Mitchell) bomber were killed when their plane struck a tree and showered burning petrol on two houses.

A seven-year old boy and his father and mother were killed when their private plane hit a mountain peak in the Qeary national forest, Arkansas. His three-year old sister was injured.

Two men were killed at Bishop, California in a private plane which crashed and burned after taking off.

In Sharon Springs, Kansas, three men were killed in the collision of two small planes, while the wife of one of them watched in horror.

NEW CABINET FOR SIND

Haroon May Be Sent To Australia

KARACHI, May 2, (PTI): Sind may have at new cabinet next week when the Sind Muslim League Party meets on Monday to elect the new leader in place of Mr. Yusuf Haroon who has enjoyed the longest tenure of office since the establishment of Pakistan.

Mr. Yusuf Haroon, it is reliably learned, is likely to be sent out to head a foreign mission.

Political circles here believe he would be appointed Pakistan's High Commissioner in Australia

RADIO FREQUENCIES

Working Groups In Session In Delhi

NEW DELHI, May 2, (PTI): The two working groups known as MWARA and RADARA of the International civil Aviation organisation frequency assignment planning conference, which have been in session here since April 19 finished yesterday the main tasks assigned to them, and their reports are expected to beready on May 3.

The MWARA group has been charged with the assignment of radio frequencies to all the stations in the major world air route areas, while the RADARA group will see to the assignment of frequencies in the regional and domestic air route areas. In regard to the recommendations of the latter group, the plan drafted by India has been accepted, it is learnt.

BUTTER IN A MINUTE

Revolution On Way

STOCKHOLM, May 2 (UPI): A white powder now being produced at a factory in Venersborg, West Sweden, is likely to revolutionise the storage and transport of butter.

Mix the powder with 5 per cent of water and you have butter, with the full flavour of the fresh product. Mixed with two parts of water it becomes thick cream.

Fat content of the powdered butter is 75 per cent. Its keeping qualities have been tested by submitting it to a temperature of 176 degrees fahrenheit.

Dollars To Pay Sterling Debts: U.S. Paper Poses Questions

NEW YORK, May 2, (PTI-Reuter).

THE New York "Herald Tribune" yesterday rebuked "hasty critics" of Britain's suggestion that the United States should help here solve the problem of the Sterling Balances.

"Over hasty critics" the leading article said "forget the Washington Conference of last September, where the United States officially recognised the connection between the sterling debts and the prospects for European world wide recovery"

The article stated that when the war-created balances were drawn upon, British resources were drained away from the British economy and that more important uses for British production were sacrificed

"It is to our interest that this drain be reduced" the "Herald Tribune' declared.

The "Herald Tribune" believed that more information was needed on the British suggestion and listed specific questions such as, "What efforts had Britain made to convert these debts into long term obligations, thus reducing the current drain?"

Others were: "What arguments had been advanced by India, Pakistan and other sterling holders against British invitations to forego part of the debts as contributions to the common effort in the war?"

"Were those countries holding Sterling Balances the most in need of American aid?"

"What precise steps toward free currencies and multilateral trade Britain would take if the principle of the proposal were accepted?"

TWO BIRDS

"The most fruitful possibility inherent in the Sterlin Balance proposal" the newspaper added "is that it may help to kill two birds with one stone, thus strengthening the western economy and advancing economic strength in Asia at the same time".

PARIS, May 1 (PTI-Reuter): A total of 45,000 inhabitants of 35 Indo-China villages have gone over to the Vietnam Government of Bao Dai as a result of military operations near Hadong, six miles south of Hanoi, according to a French military communique in Hanoi quoted by Agence France Presse.

Digitized with financial assistance from the Government of Maharashtra on 21 April, 2017

The Bombay Chronicle

Regd. No. B. 1665

WILL MACARTHUR REDS IN JAPAN?

Warning To Nation Of 'A Greater Disaster'

TOKYO, May 2. (PTI-Reuter):—GENERAL DOUGLAS MACARTHUR, Allied Supreme Commander in Japan, said today that the nature of the Japanese Communist party "raised the question whether it should any longer be regarded as a constitutionally recognised political movement."

Speaking on the third anniversary of the Japanese Constitution, General MacArthur said the Communist Party had become "the avowed satellite of an international predatory force, and the Japanese arm of an alien power".

Should coming events warrant "definitive action", he had the utmost faith that the Japanese people would proceed with wisdom, he added.

The Allied Commander said the Communists were trying to lead Japan into an even greater disaster than her defeat in the recent war. The militarists had the pretence of service to legitimate national ends, but Communists, under foreign dictations, sought ultimately to subject Japan to the political control of others.

"The problem rapidly confronting Japan as other countries throughout the world, is how locally to deal with this anti-social force in order to prevent, without the impairment of the legitimate exercise of personal liberty such an abuse of freedom as to imperil the national welfare", General MacArthur declared.

The ballot box was a safeguard against abusive use of freedom creating unrest and lawlessness favourable to the emergency of such leadership through intimidation and force.

"If Japan proceeded firmly and wisely on her present course the Japanese Constitution might become a 'Magna Carta' of free Asia guaranteeing individual liberty and personal dignity", General MacArthur added

MAY DAY RIOTS IN JOHANNESBURGH.

JOHANNESBURG, May 2 (PTI-Reuter).

Eighteen Africans including a woman died in May Day riots in the Wietwatersrand area. 16 of them shot by police and two suffocated in a burning cinema, it was announced here today.

Over 30 others—including a woman and three children—were injured, four of them seriously.

"The Freedom Movement" which had organised an unofficial May Day strike in the area, claimed the Government was responsible for the riots.

GOVERNMENT BLAMED

The Communist-led "freedom movement" which organised a May Day strike and demonstrations in Transvaal, today blamed the Government for last night's riots.

The town council of Boksburg, about 20 miles from here, today dismissed 250 labourers who did not go to work yesterday. The council had guaranteed them safe conduct from and to work.

The "defend free speech convention" which had urged Transvaal workers to demonstrate, declared today that the demonstrators "resisted all provocations and observed freedom day in a peaceful, orderly manner".

"The events that followed were not of the seeking of the people or their leaders", it said.

Portuguese Doctor Feted

BOMBAY, Tuesday.

Dr. Batista de Souza, the eminent Portuguese doctor, was the chief guest at a party given in his honour by his admirers and friends at the Monjuni's this evening, prior to his departure for Portugal.

Dr. de Souza who rendered great service to the poor people of Goa was recipient of eulogies & gratitude from the audience gathered this evening. Among those who joined in wishing Dr. de Souza God-speed and success were, Dr. Telo de Mascarenhas, Mr. Antonio de Sequeira, Mr. Vasant Borkar, Mr. Lambert Mascarenhas and Mr. S. B. d'Silva.

21 PROSECUTED: Employers of twenty-one establishments were prosecuted during the last month for breaches of the provisions of the Central Provinces and Berar Shops and Establishments Act 1947 and the rules framed thereunder.

LIAQUAT-TRUMAN MEETING: BEHIND THE SCENE STORY

LONDON, May 2 (UPI).

PAKISTAN'S Premier Mr. Liaquat Ali Khan's visit to America is not viewed here as an unmixed blessing for the remaining British influence in India and Pakistan. The Premier himself has been highly praised for his superb statesmanship with special reference to his part in reaching the minorities agreement with Pandit Nehru, but there has been not even a single hint that any goodwill come out of the Liaquat-Truman meetings.

Political quarters in London suspect that the currensignt of improved relations between India and Pakistan is a development from complex diplomatic forces. The main cause, it is admitted on all hands, is obviously the special inter-dependence of the two countries, politically, militarily, socially and economically, which had obliged the two Premiers to impose peace on themselves. But, it is also believed, Indo-Pakistan peace is equally the resultant cross currents of British and American policies in South-East Asia.

Lately Americans have grown to suspect that Britain is weilding almost a decisive influence in Pakistan's administration, armed forces, industries, and even diplomatic service. Therefore, despite all protestations from Karachi and London, Americans refused to accept the view that Pakistan's intransigence in matters affecting her relation with India, was altogether indigenous.

BRITAIN NOT YIELDING

On the other hand, Indian intransigence even to the extent of rebuffing American advances for closer Indo-American relations arose from convictions of righteous injury. It was realised that unless Pakistan was induced to take a co-operative attitude, Western policy in South-East Asia could make no progress.

It is now felt that Britain has suddenly become very anxious not to yield to America her position of friendly influence with India and Pakistan and sincerely wants that these Commonwealth units should compose their differences as soon as possible.

The open American pressure against British interests in Europe too is agree main burden of recent Washington despatches. All reports agree that Britain is being singled out as the main obstacle for closer co-ordination for Western strategy in cold war and except frank talks at the forthcoming meeting of Foreign Ministers at London next week.

Political observers here are now curious to watch British Press reports on Mr. Liaquat Ali's visit to America.

It is recalled that because of nervousness on different grounds, Pandit Nehru's visit last year was hardly reported in this country.

ONE MORE SOVIET WALKOUT

LAKE SUCCESS, May 2 (PTI-Reuter): Russia today brought her number of walkouts from United Nations bodies to 22 when the Russian representative on a small technical group left in protest against continued recognition of the Chinese Nationalist representative.

Mr. P. Chernshev, Russian representative on the seven-nation Committee on Statistical Classification, made a formal proposal to expel the Chinese Nationalist representative.

No other delegate supported his proposal, France, the United States and China opposed, and the Netherlands abstained. The British member of the Committee was not present.

The Russian representative declared before leaving that the Soviet Union would not recognise any Committee decisions taken while the "representative of the Kuomintang group" remained.

OUTLAW

Liaquat's Visit To U. S. Timely

GUARDIAN'S COMMENT

LONDON, May 2, (PTI-Reuter): The Liberal Manchester Guardian in leading article said that the Prime Minister of Pakistan Mr. Liaquat Ali Khan's visit to the United States "takes place at a time when Mr. Liaquat Ali Khan's prestige is high".

"The Americans, after the visit of Pandit Nehru, Indian Prime Minister, are anxious to complete their study of the Indian sub-continent by learning the view-point of Pakistan", the newspaper said.

The Manchester Guardian declared that though it was in the last month that Mr. Liaquat Ali Khan had come fully into the limelight, for nearly three years he had been building up his present commanding position.

The paper said that, ever since partition, Pakistan had felt a certain resentment against Britain. "Mr. Liaquat Ali Khan's visit may smooth away some of the misunderstandings"

The newspaper next stated that in the United States Mr. Liaquat Ali Khan would have many subjects to discuss. "Pakistan has, in one respect, fewer economic needs than India. But in the modern world every large state desires to expand its industry. There are promising openings for such development in Pakistan, especially of the secondary industries. Capital is needed, whether any will be forthcoming from American resources will, however, depend not only on the soundness of the projects but on the growth of confidence.

"This requires a settlement on Kashmir. To the outside world one of the first thoughts which come into the mind on mention of Pakistan is the Kashmir quarrel.

"Surely in the improved atmosphere after the Bengal pact there is greater hope of agreement", the "Manchester Guardian" said.

For Averting Catastrophe

MADRAS, May 2 (PTI).

THE Madras Government has sanctioned a cash reward of Rs. 500 to Muthuswamy Goundan of Salem who alerted the railway authorities about an act of sabotage thereby preventing a serious catastrophe to the Malabar Express on October 22 last year.

His timely information enabled the authorities to stop the train and avert a serious catastrophe to life and property.

FRENCH MAHE REVOLT CASE

Four Acquitted And 11 Sentenced

CALICUT, May 2 (PTI).

Monsieur Consin, Chief Justice of French India, delivered judgment at Mahe yesterday in what is known as the French Mahe October rebellion case, acquitting four of the accused and sentencing the remaining 11 to various terms of imprisonment and fine.

The case arose out of the disorders in Mahe on Oct. 21 1948, when French authority lost its control on the settlement for nearly a week while municipal elections were held in the other French settlements.

Though 68 persons were chargesheeted only 15 were arrested and remanded to custody, other having escaped from Mahe.

The case was split up into two parts and the trial of the 15 accused began on April 28.

The trial of the remaining accused, who are still wanted, will be proceeded with and disposed of in their absence, it is learnt.

The French Government have asked the Government of India for extradition of 16 of the absconding accused said to have taken refuge in India and extradition proceedings are pending against them in the Joint Magistrate's Court, Tellicherry.

CENSUS ENUMERATION THROUGHOUT MADRAS

14-Point Questionnaire Published

MADRAS, May 2, (PTI).

A DECENNIAL census enumeration will commence throughout the Madras State on February 9, 1951 and will last for 20 days, it is officially learnt here today.

A final check-up of the enumeration, will be held for three days from March, 1, 1951.

The Madras Government propose to draft local officials including teachers for conducting house-to-house enumeration in Madras City and all towns and villages.

The Madras Government today published a fourteen-point census questionnaire to be filled in by the citizens in the presence of official enumerators.

Special clauses, relating to infirmity, icidence of leprosy and whether a person is a refugee, have been incorporated in the questionaire. The question whether a citizen is employed or a dependent has also been included.

Other questions which will have to be answered by the people include name, nationality , religion, classification of community, civil condition (unmarred, married widowed or divorced) age, birth place, mother-tongue, bilingualism and economic status.

INCREASED VOTERS

Considerable increase in the number of voters in the State is expected as a result of the Madras Government's decision to prepar esupplementary rolls in conformity with the provisions of the Peoples Representation Bill passed by Parliament last month.

In the enumeration held last year throughout 25,750,000 persons representing fortyeight per cent of the population were enrolled. The proposed supplementary enumeration is expected to increase this figure considerably.

PAKISTAN PRESS DELEGATION

Talks In Assam

SHILLONG, May 2 (PTI).

Mr. A.S. Baezmi and Mr. Yusuf Afghan, members of the Pakistan Press Delegation who arrived here night, are staying at Government House as guests of the Assam Governor. The delegation will be leaving for Calcutta tomorrow.

Today the delegation met some of the Ministers, the Leader of the opposition, the Chief Secretary and other high officials and the general Secretary of the Assam Provincial Congress Committee.

After, at a etea party given by Mr. Fakruddin Ali Ahmed, Advocate-General of Assam, the delegation met the journalists of the State and held detailed and frank discussion with them on problems facing India and Pakistan.

During the discussion, the members of the delegation and the journalists of Assam expressed their kinnest desire to play their part in the implementation of the Indo-Pakistan Agreement.

FELL AND DIED: Mr. F. D. Russel, forty-three-year old English businessman, died Tuesday evening as a result of a fall from the window of his third floor flat in Moira Street, Calcutta. The details of the accident are not known and the case is now under police investigation.

BRITISH NAVY IS NOT STRONG ENOUGH

U.S. Chief Of Staff Sums Up Strength Of All Countries

WASHINGTON, May 2. (PTI-Reuter).

ADMIRAL FOREST P. SHERMAN, United States Chief of Naval Operations, declared here "I feel that the British Navy isn't strong enough. I wish it were stronger."

The Admiral's comment was made on a television programme called "Meet the Press" and came when he was asked whether there was a need for French, British and Dutch Navies as part of the North Atlantic Defence Forces.

Admiral Sherman said the Soviet Union had a navy with nearly twice as many officers and men as the American Fleet. "They have more cruisers on actual commission than we do", he said "They have an amphibious force composed of many vessels, short range amphibious type suitable for the waters of the Black Sea the Mediterranean and the Baltic

They have a force there that is larger than the corresponding elements of all the other navies of the world combined.

They have a large number of destroyers and destroyer types He added that Russia had no aircraft carriers "that we know of".

The Admiral also said that the United States Navy has "a carrier that could carry an aircraft large enough to carry the Atomic Bomb."

LATTIMORE TURNS THE TABLES

McCarthy Gets It Back In Same Coin

WASHINGTON, May 2 (PTI-Reuter): Professor Owen Lattimore, State Department adviser on the Far East, told Senate Committee under oath today that people who accuse him of being a Communist are liars.

Of Senator Joseph McCarthy, whose charges that the State Department was harbouring Communists are under investigation by the Committee, Prof. Lattimore said: "I have never been accused, as McCarthy has been, of income tax evasion, of the destruction of records that were in my official custody, or of improperly using an official position for the purpose of dvancing my own fortune, political or otherwise."

Mr. Lattimore, a Professor at Johns Hopkins University, called the Senator "clear a bad policy risk", using a phrase out of the McCarthy charges against himself.

Of the witnesses called against him including Louis Budenz, converted to Catholicism in 1945 from his job as Managing Editor of the Communist New York Daily Worker, Prof. Lattimore said: "I do not, of course, enjoy being vilified by anybody, not even by a motley crew of crackpots, professional informers, mysteries aad ex-Communists."

RENDER VERDICT

Senator McCarthy had said he was willing to let all his charges against the State Department stand or fall on the outcome of the Lattimore case.

"I ask only that this Committee render its verdict in clear-cut terms, so that the Senator then can be advised that he has been caught out in his fraud and deceit; that he has lost his test; and that he should henceforth confine himself to other—and less important—activities than those of a destructive critic of the State Department and a despoiler of characer of good American citizens," Prof. Lattimore said.

GOVERNMENT HOUSE NEWS

BOMBAY, Tuesday.

The Governor of Bombay received Shri and Shrimati M.P. Chitale, Shri Jag Bir Sawhney and Shri Upendra Varma.

The Hon'ble Mr. Thakin Nu and Mrs. Thakin Nu have arrived and left for London after lunch.

GANESHKHIND, May 2: Rani Maharaj Singh has left for "The Terraces" Mahabaleshwar.

MR. MORARJI DESAI

Mr. Morarji Desai, Minister for Home and Revenue, will leave Bombay for Akola on Thursday, May 4, 1950 and will return to Bombay on Friday, May 5, 1950.

DELHI AGREEMENT. A GOOD AUGURY

Mr. Banerjee's Plea For Full Support

CALCUTTA, May 2. (UPI): "To lovers of peace all over the world the Indo-Pakistan Agreement of April 8 for affording protection to minorities in both countries came as cheering news, as cheering as the resolution on the Berlin deadlock over a year ago, or the issue of the cease-fire order by the Governments of India and Pakistan in the State of Jammu and Kashmir on new years day, 1949," declared Mr. B. N. Banerjee, Secretary, of the Calcutta Association for the United Nations, broadcasting from the Calcutta station of AIR on Sunday last.

Mr. Bannerjee continued: "It is barely three weeks that the Agreement has been signed. Considering that statesmanship and patriotism, even in the face of heart-rending and provocating situation, could bring away India and Pakistan from almost the doorsteps of War," it cannnot but be a good augury.

NEW APPROACH

"A new spirit of understanding and a new approach—accommodating, considerate and realistic—appears to be dawning in Pakistan as well as in India. To the followers of the apostle of peace, Mahatma Gandhi, the Agreement has come as a challenge and a test. The Agreement and the trade negotiations following in its footsteps coupled with the Karachi talks have all created a new scene in a troubled world".

Cholera Decreasing In Calcutta

CALCUTTA, May 2 (PTI).

Cholera which had been raging unabated since it was declared an epidemic in Calcutta about the end of January last, showed signs of slight decrease in its incidence last week, recording 398 deaths as against 480 in the week before.

Small-pox, which is aloo an epidemic in the city for the past few months, claimed 267 deaths during the week as against 365 in the preceding week.

The inoculation and vaccination drive jointly underetaken by the Government of West Bengal and the Municipal Corporation is being continued as before.

IN A CHINA SHOP

By Taurus

WHY do we enjoy buying at a Chinese shoe-shop more than at any other place? It is, I think, because of the Chinese anxiety to send you away in good humour, his ingenuity in giving you a reason—you never think of it as an excuse—which exonerates you from the vice of bad temper, bad manners and bad nerves, and saves him from appearing lazy and unpunctual. He was invariable in placing the blame squarely on sommunal troubles and the consequent irregularity of his workmen in 1945-46, though you knew as well as he that the work was done all in the little back-room which you could peep into through the never more than half-closed door.

The other day I had called on my Chinese shoemaker. He eyed my old pair lovingly and commended his own fine workmanship. Then, fearing that I might unintelligently reproach him for having given me a pair that needed resoling every three months, he explained patiently what went into the making of a good shoe. It was, he said, the uppers; the soles were nothing. You walk, it walks, he said with a cheery and confidential twinkle in his eye: it rubs, sole stops footsole from rubbing on roadground; and so rubs off. As he came to this climax he demonstrated by rubbing the right hand along the palm of the left. Yes, it was clear he had devoted some thought to it.

I told him that I wished to buy a pair. He was all alacrity. And he fitted me without much trouble. Then I noticed someone moving about in the showroom, his shoes giving forth a loud squeak. I thought I had best make sure. I am far too self-conscious to patronise squeaking shoes, I asked him. He did not get my meaning at first. Then I asked him if they made noise. Still he looked puzzled. Then I told him to listen to the other gentleman. He did, a broad smile spreading over his face That, he said, yes, yes, my shoes make better and louder noise than that; yes, yes, they squeak all right Needless to say, I left the place unshod. But I was surprised to learn that he was not the only one. The other day I had a visitor who had a beautiful pair of shoes—Navy blue suede and all that. I saw the hitch when he moved about and I told him. He beamed on me. 'You like it?' And he explained how he always enjoyed the squeak. I suppose it is the respectable equivalent of the schoolboy's splashing himself in puddles.

Crimes On Decrease In Satara

In all 60,169 bags of foodgrains were purchased by the Government till April 22, 1950 and twenty-nine levy days were observed, stated the Collector of the North Satara district during his press conference held on Saturday last.

The Collector said that crimes in the district were decreasing and the police were adopting all possible measures to check crime and haul up criminals. He added that there was no opposition to levy procurement in the district.

FOOD DECONTROL TO BRING COUNTRY TO NORMAL

DR. PATTABHI'S OPINION

MADRAS, May 2, (PTI).

DR. Pattabhi Sitaramayya, Congress President, today advocated the removal of controls on foodgrains which, he said, would quicken the return of the country to normal times.

The Congress President arrived here today by plane from Delhi

Dr. Pattabhi said in an interview that on the question of compiete removal of controls on coal, iron, sugar and salt there was fair unanimity of opinion. The Foodgrains Committee had recommended the gradual relaxation of control over food materials.

"In my own humble opinion, the sooner the controls of foodgrains are removed, the quicker will be the return of the country to normal times", he said.

BOGUS CARDS

"In Delhi aline' Dr. Pattabhi said, "I have told the Conference of the Chief Ministers and members of the Central Cabinet some three months back that there were five lakhs bogus ration cards. A careful search for them had now brought out two lakhs—two lakhs out of 14 lakhs, exactly one-seventh of 14 per cent—while the shortage of foodgrains was only seven per cent. The bogus cards have thus created twice the supposed food shortage. They must, therefore, be combed out and the problem of control all round would solve itself", he added.

Referring to the work of the Economic Sub-Committee of the Congress, the Congress President said: "The economic section of the Congress rendered moral and material aid to the National Planning Committee just as the Congress Committee and the Provincial Congress Committees do in general politics. What exactly may be in the minds of the Central Planning Committee, I do not know. This committee has a volume of materials before it."

Sale Of Treasury Bills

BOMBAY, Tuesday.

During the week ended the 28th last Government of India treasury bills for Rs. 4,75,50,000/- were sold in favour of the Reserve Bank of India, states a 'communique' issued today.

A NEW TYPE OF GRADUATES

Pandit Pant's Plea

GORAKHPUR, May 2 (PTI): Pandit Govind Ballabh Pant, Chief Minister, Uttar Pradesh, said here today that University education should have organic relations with local problems so that graduates could be helpful in solving questions like shortage of foodgrains and removal of social evils.

Pandit Pant, laying the foundation stone of the Gorakhpur University, said, "The students would acquire "vidya' (education) and "gyan" (wisdom) if we can create in Gorakhpur a real university. The city will make a great contribution in shaping "a new India".

The Chief Minister said that Universities should think of education which would create not merely men hankering after service, but produce graduates who would be able to serve society and thereby their motherland.

The country required in the present set-up men imbibed with a missionary sprit to settle in rural areas and serve the rural masses, he said.

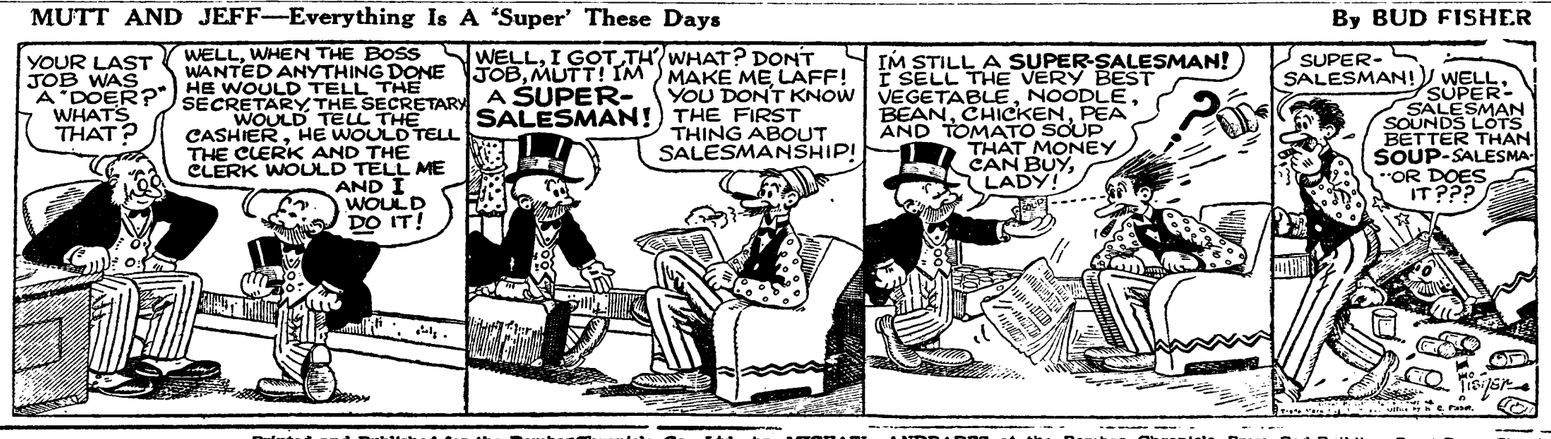
JOINT ENQUIRY INTO BORDER RAID

DACCA, May 2 (PTI-Reuter): A joint enquiry has been ordered by the Governments of East Bengal and West Bengal into a reported raid of Satkhira sub-division of Khulna District (East Bengal) by 26 men from Twenty-four Parganas (West Bengal) on April 26, a 'communique' stated here today

The men attacked the Chanduria outpost with bombs and rifles and revolvers and returned to Indian territory, the 'communique' said A constable was killed by a bomb.

The enquiry will be held by the district magistrates of Khulna and 24 Parganas.

MUTT AND JEFF—Everything Is A 'Super' These Days — By BUD FISHER


YOUR LAST JOB WAS A "DOER?" WHAT'S THAT?
WELL, WHEN THE BOSS WANTED ANYTHING DONE HE WOULD TELL THE SECRETARY, THE SECRETARY WOULD TELL THE CASHIER, HE WOULD TELL THE CLERK AND THE CLERK WOULD TELL ME AND I WOULD DO IT!
WELL, I GOT TH' JOB, MUTT! I'M A SUPER-SALESMAN!
WHAT? DON'T MAKE ME LAFF! YOU DON'T KNOW THE FIRST THING ABOUT SALESMANSHIP!
I'M STILL A SUPER-SALESMAN! I SELL THE VERY BEST VEGETABLE, NOODLE, BEAN, CHICKEN, PEA AND TOMATO SOUP THAT MONEY CAN BUY, LADY!
SUPER-SALESMAN!
WELL, SUPER-SALESMAN SOUNDS LOTS BETTER THAN SOUP-SALESMA- ..OR DOES IT???

Printed and Published for the BombayChronicle Co., Ltd., by MICHAEL ANDRADES at the Bombay Chronicle Press, Red Building, Parsi Bazar Street, Fort, Bombay Edited by S. NATARAJAN.